

# Simulation to estimate in-flight events ratio

GEANT 4.9.1

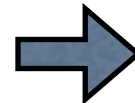
- At rest process

KaonMinusAbsorption

PionMinusAbsorptionAtRest

KaonMinusAbsorptionAtRest

PiMinusAbsorptionAtRest



? ?  
segmentation fault

excitation energy < 0 for some  
fragments ..... ? ?

- Cut length : 0.1 mm

# Setup E570

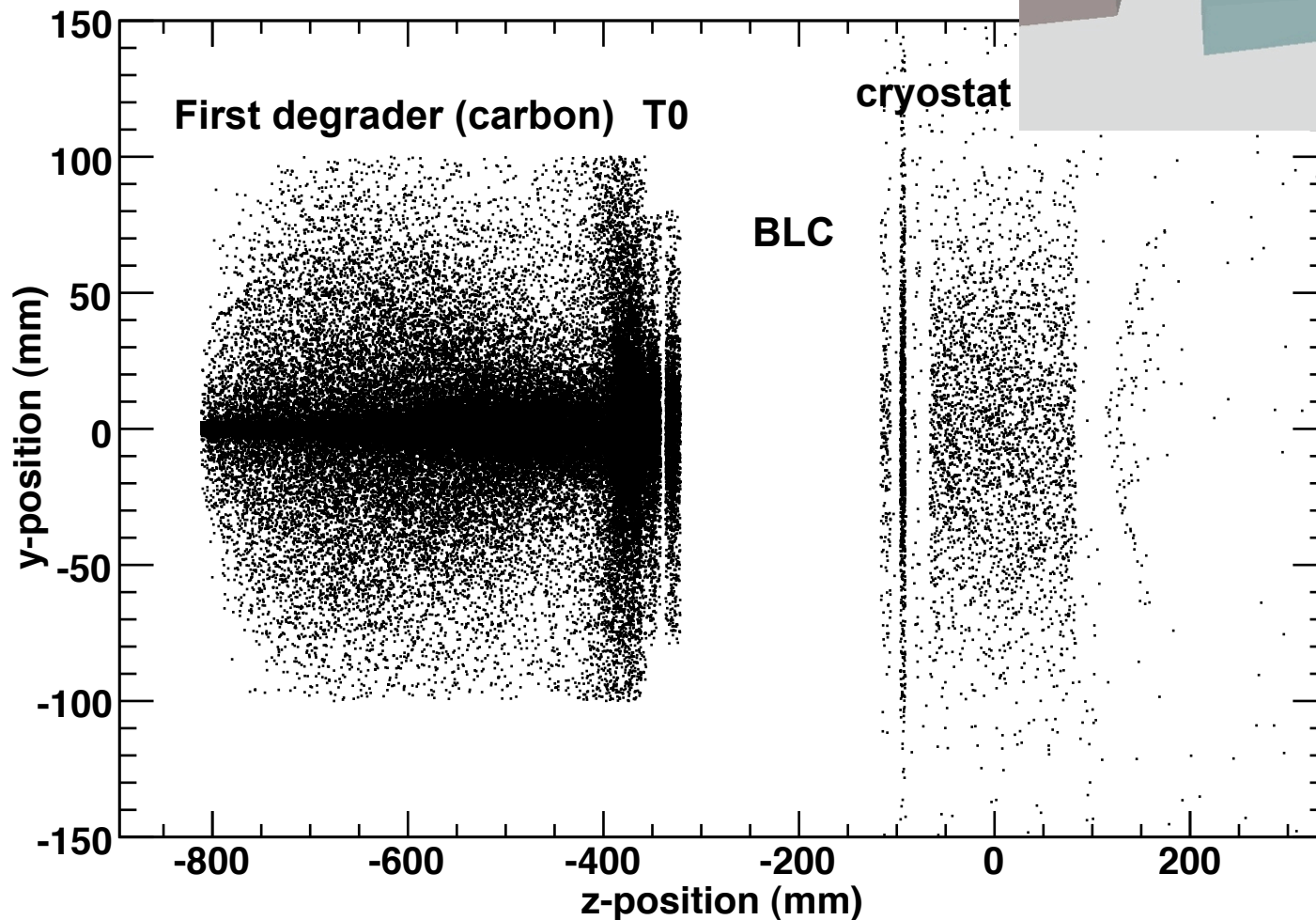
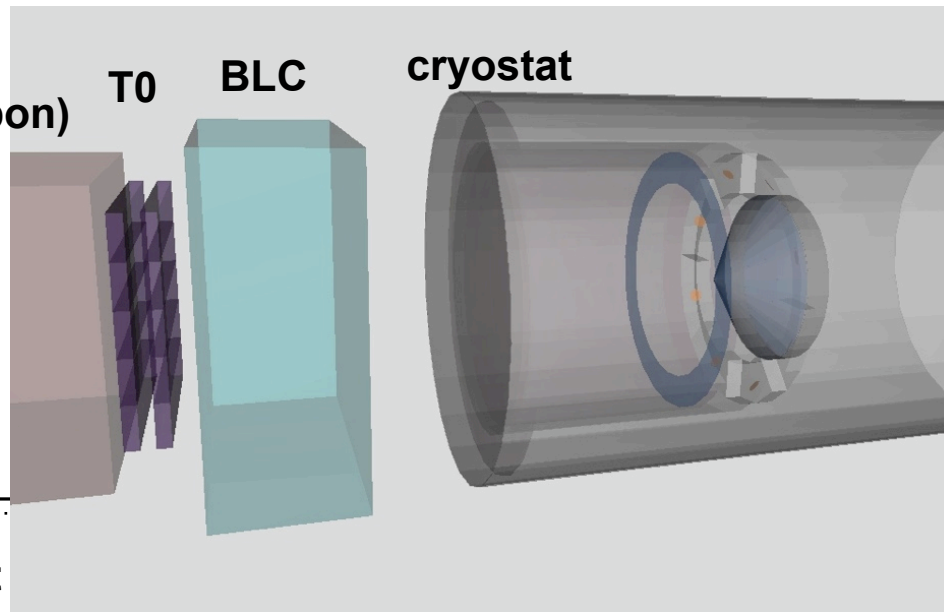
Stopped position of K- beam

First degrader (carbon)

T0

BLC

cryostat

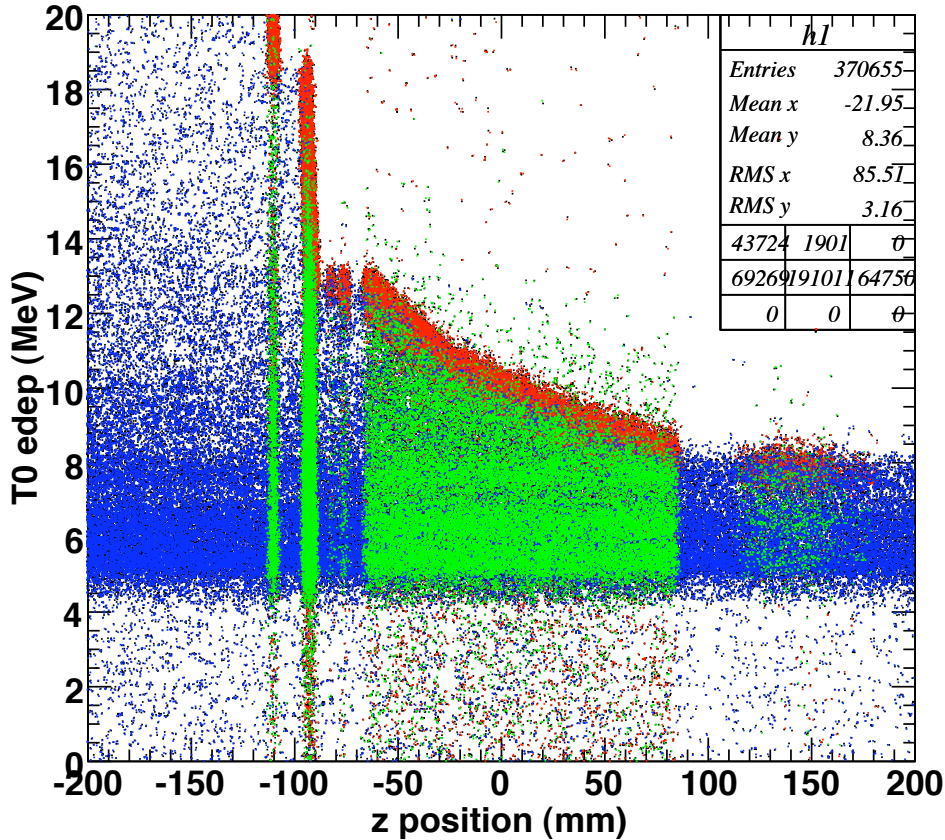


## Note:

- First degrader thickness was optimized by monochromatic K<sup>+</sup> beam with momentum 650 MeV/c
  - 45.0 cm-thick-Carbon (1.99 g/cm<sup>3</sup>)
- Now BeamLine Chamber (BLC) is empty (vacuum)
- Inelastic scattering cross section in low energy region is not realistic.
  - Number of stopped-K<sup>-</sup> is ~2 times smaller  
(→ will influence on the in-flight event ratio)
- Momentum bit is +/-4% flat distribution for 650 MeV/c K<sup>-</sup>
- Pencil beam was generated at z=-1.5 m position

# Energy deposits on T0 vs z-vertex position

t0edep vs lastpos

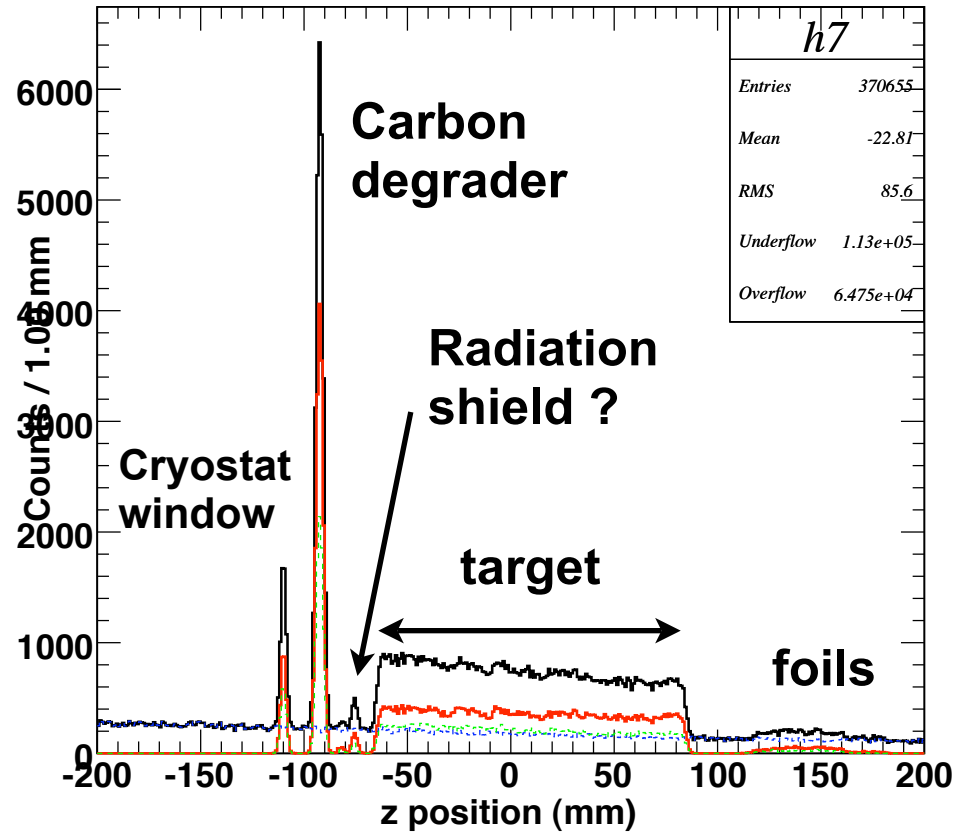


red: stop

blue: in-flight decay

green: in-flight inelastic scattering

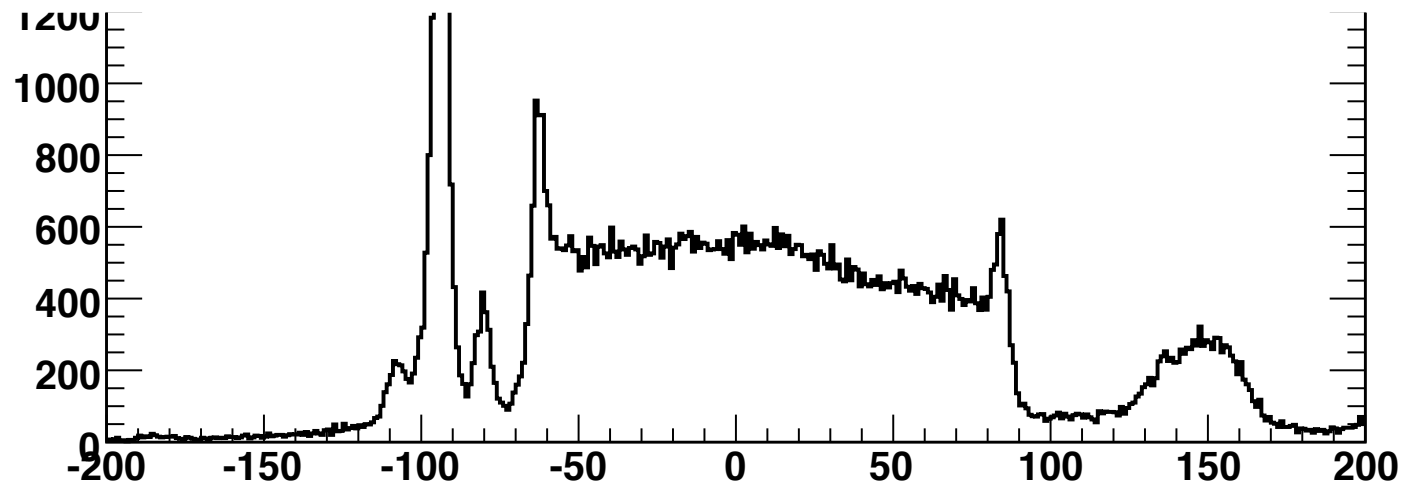
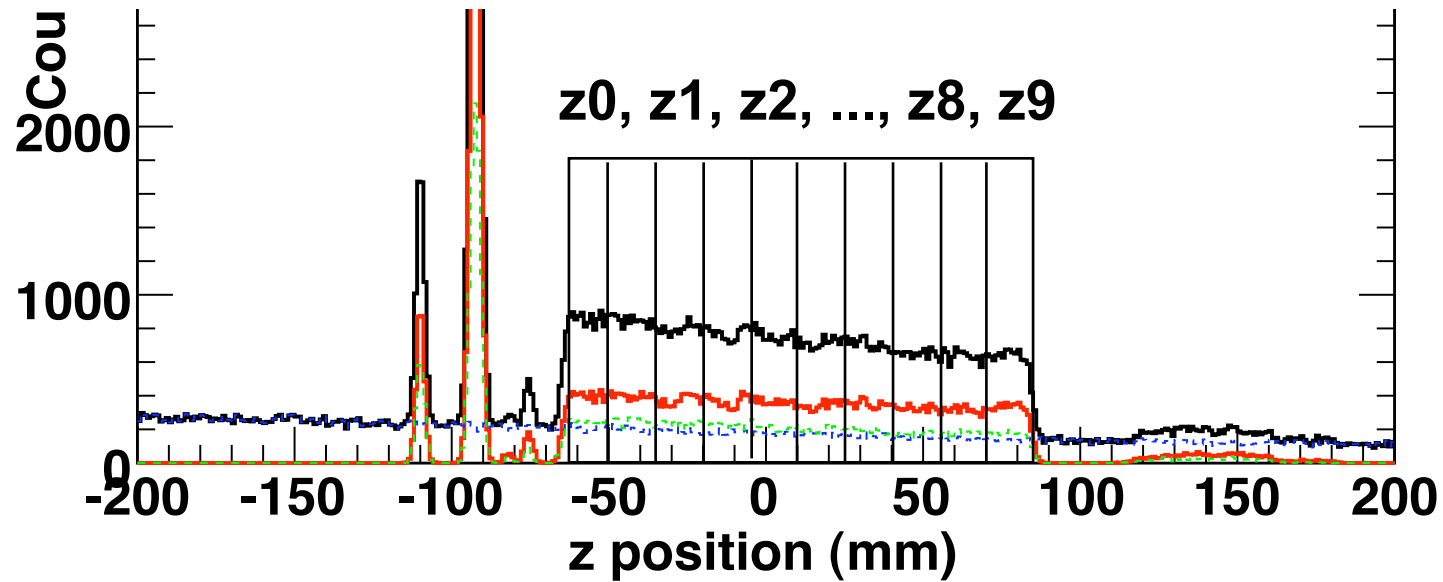
lastpos



*z-vertex resolution 3.0 mm (FWHM)*

\* Geometry has a bug : the position of the radiation shield is not realistic ! (to be modified)

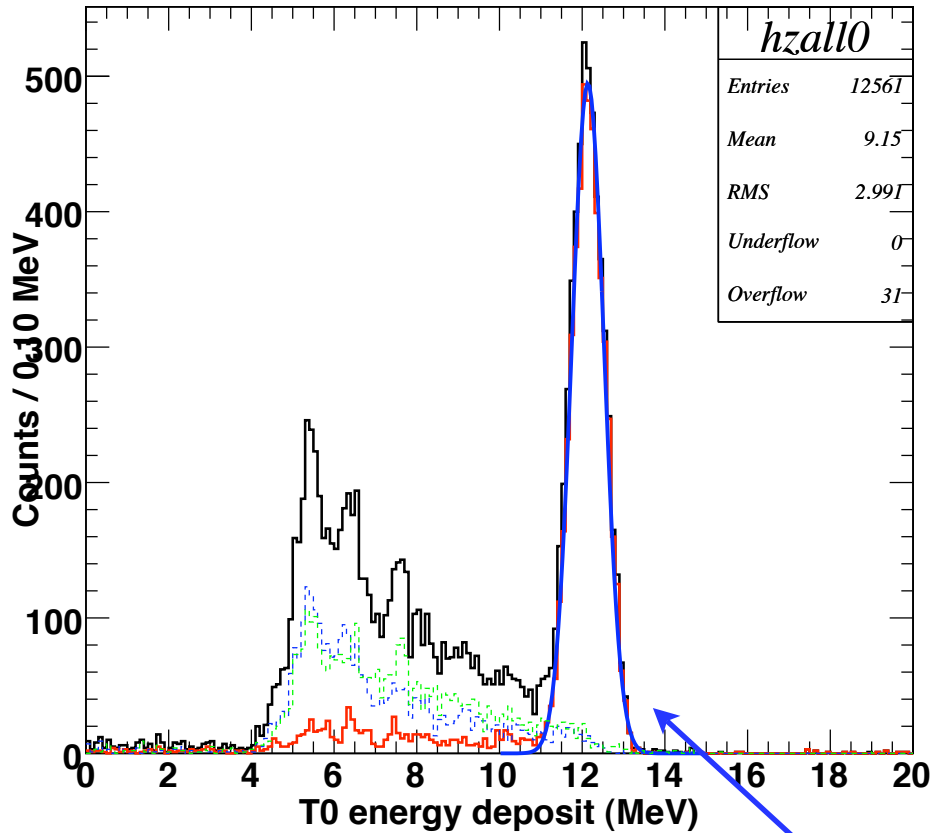
# Slice the target region into 10 parts



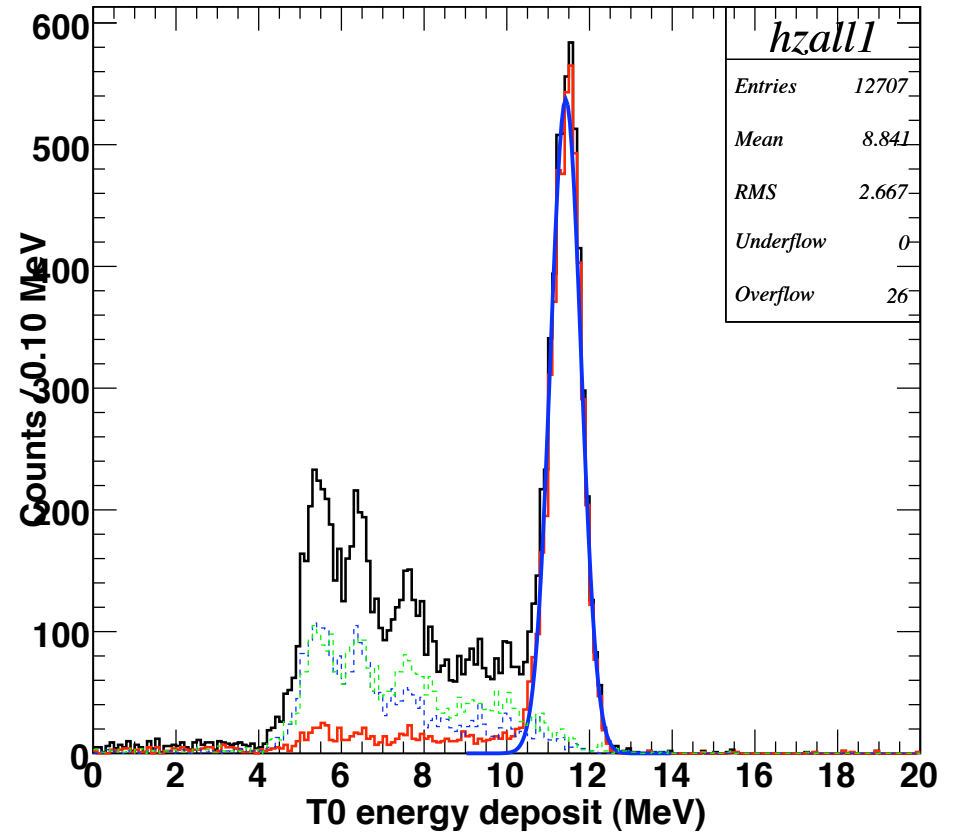
*DATA: run 225 and 226 ( $r \leq 100$ , kstop)*

# $\Delta E_{T0}$ in sliced z-regions

t0edep z0



t0edep z1



red: stop

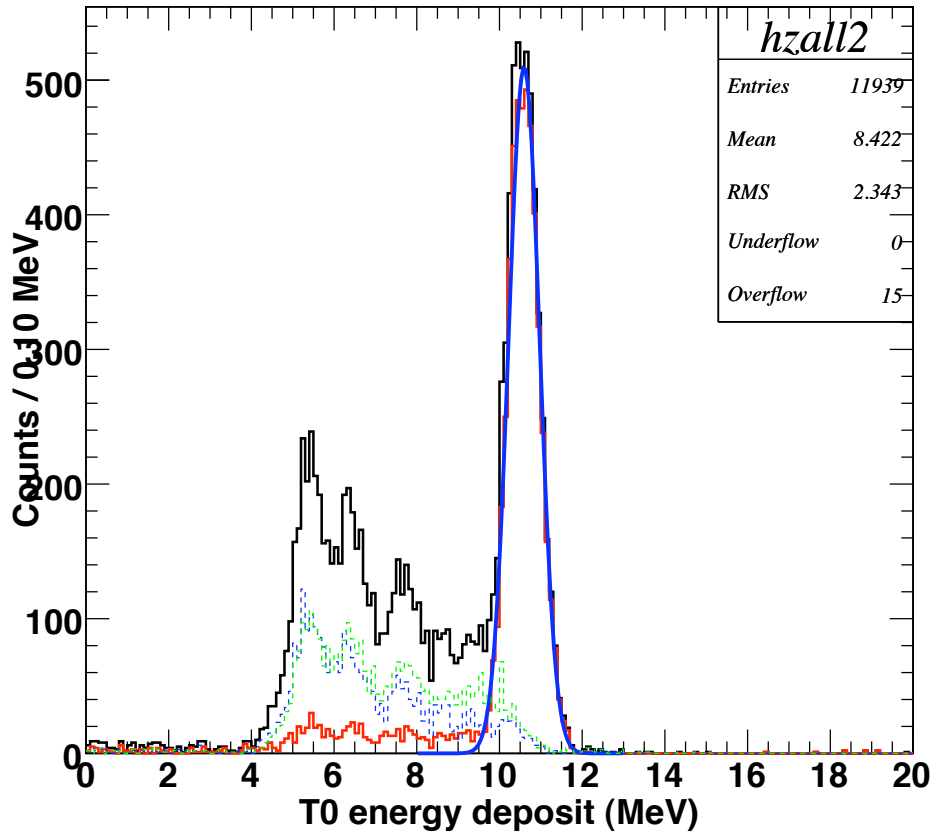
blue: in-flight decay

green: in-flight inelastic scattering

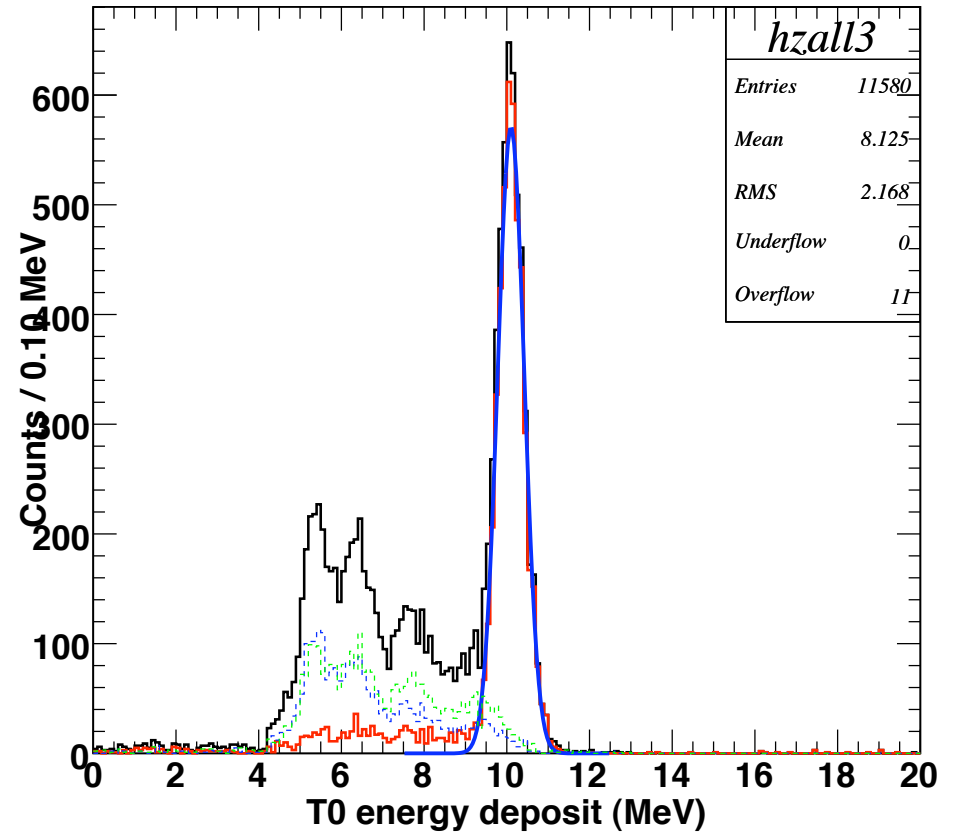
Gaussian fitting -> Get the energy-range relation

# $\Delta E_{T0}$ in sliced z-regions

t0edep z2



t0edep z3



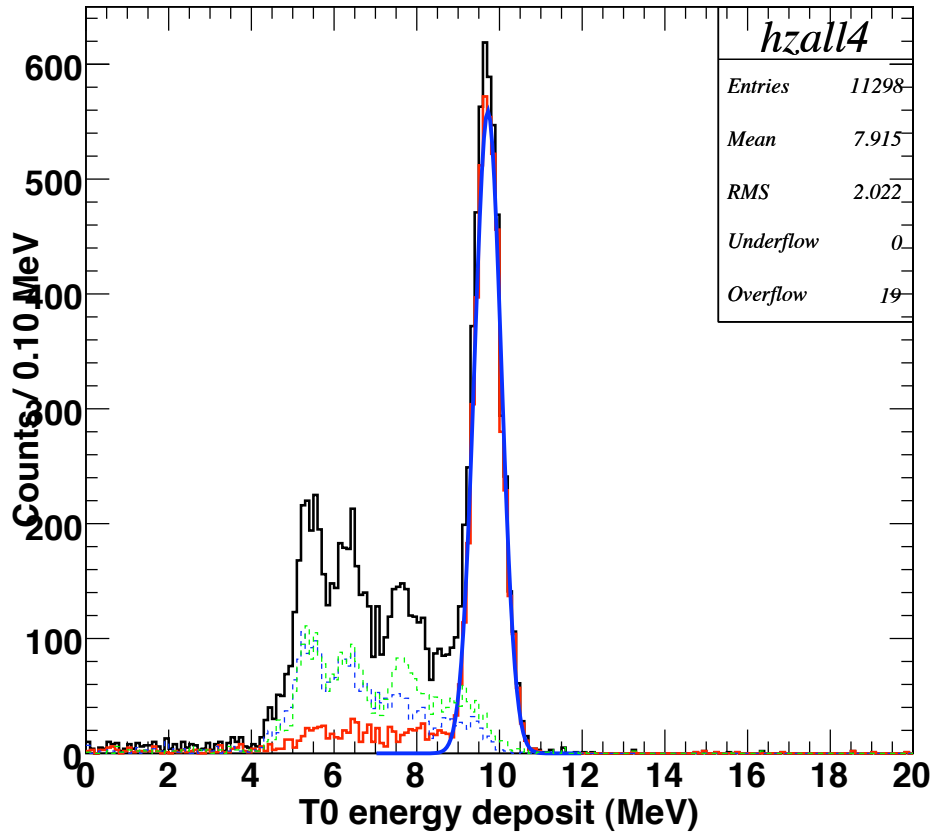
red: stop

blue: in-flight decay

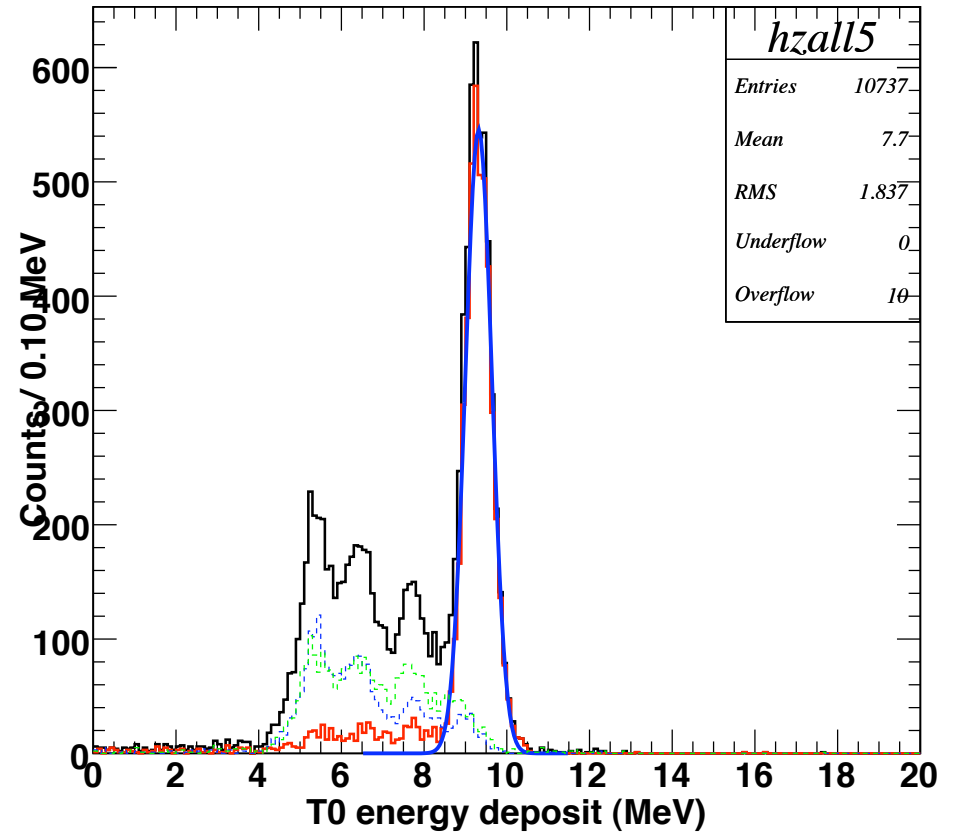
green: in-flight inelastic scattering

# $\Delta E_{T0}$ in sliced z-regions

t0edep z4



t0edep z5



red: stop

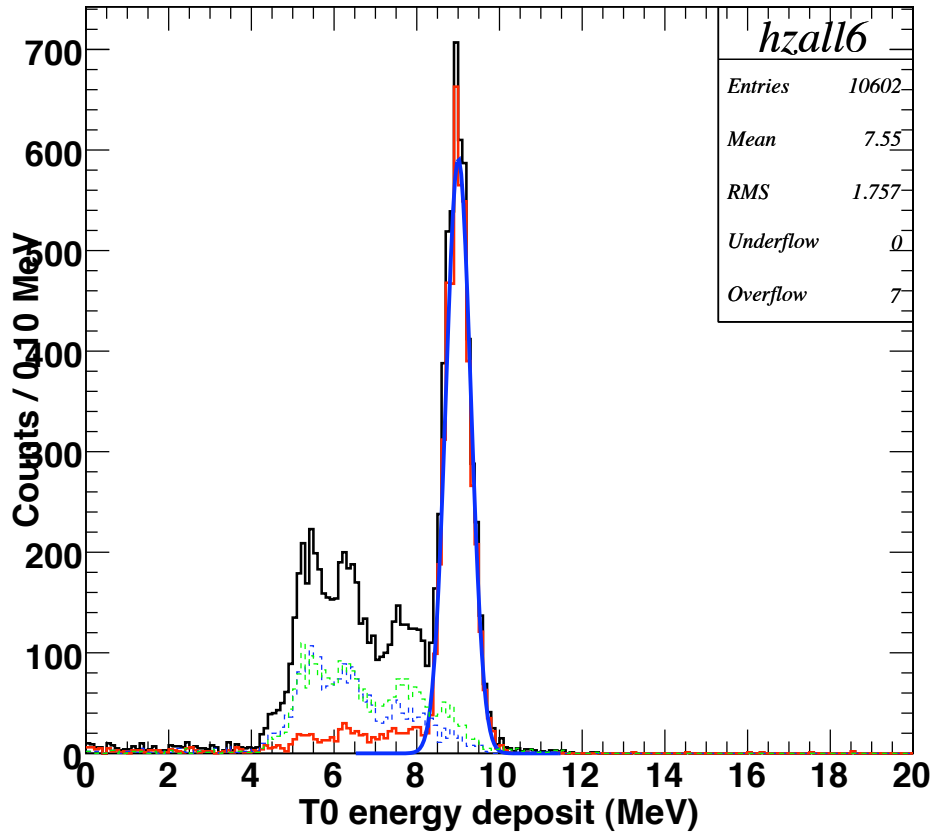
blue: in-flight decay

green: in-flight inelastic scattering

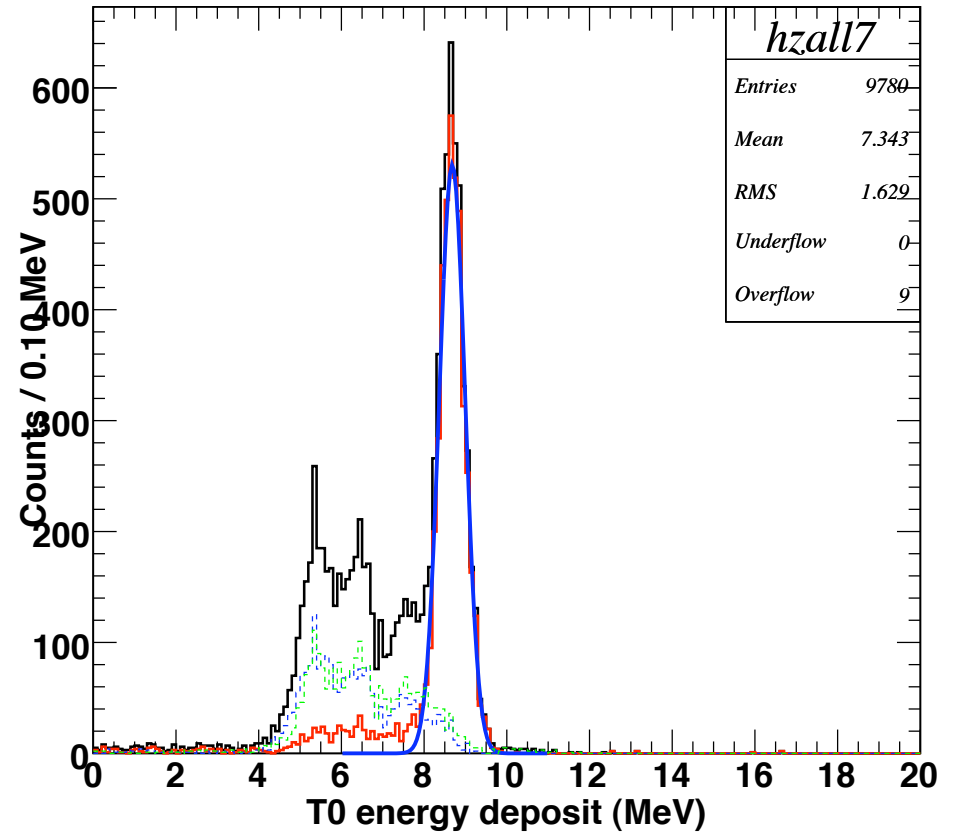


# $\Delta E_{T0}$ in sliced z-regions

t0edep z6



t0edep z7



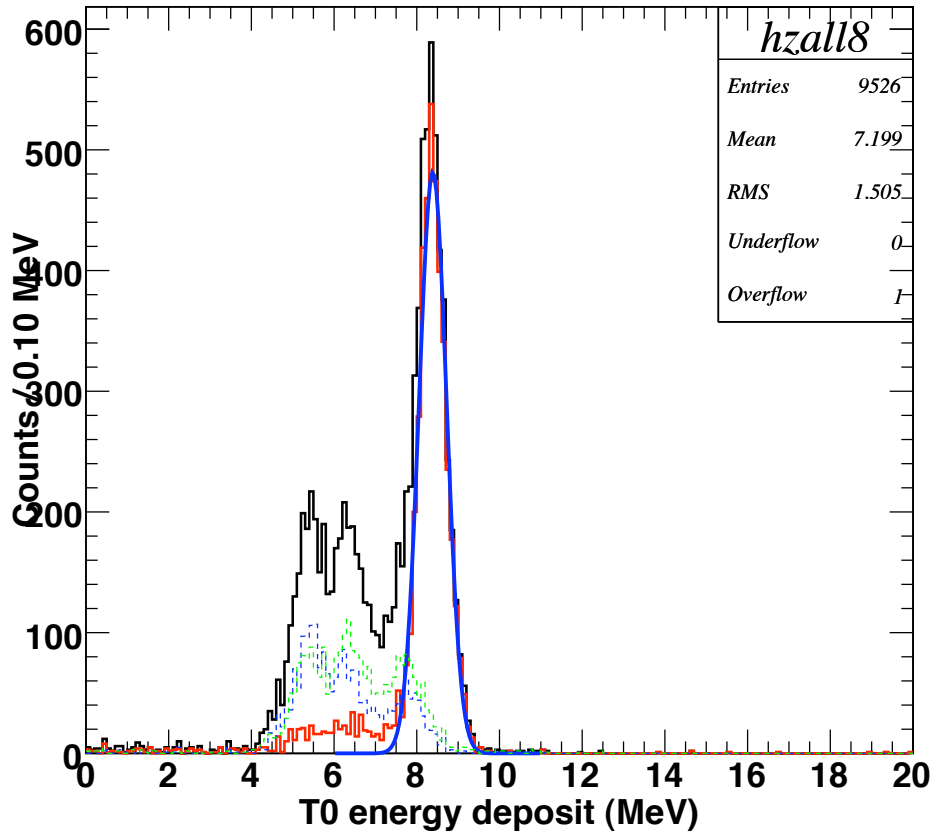
red: stop

blue: in-flight decay

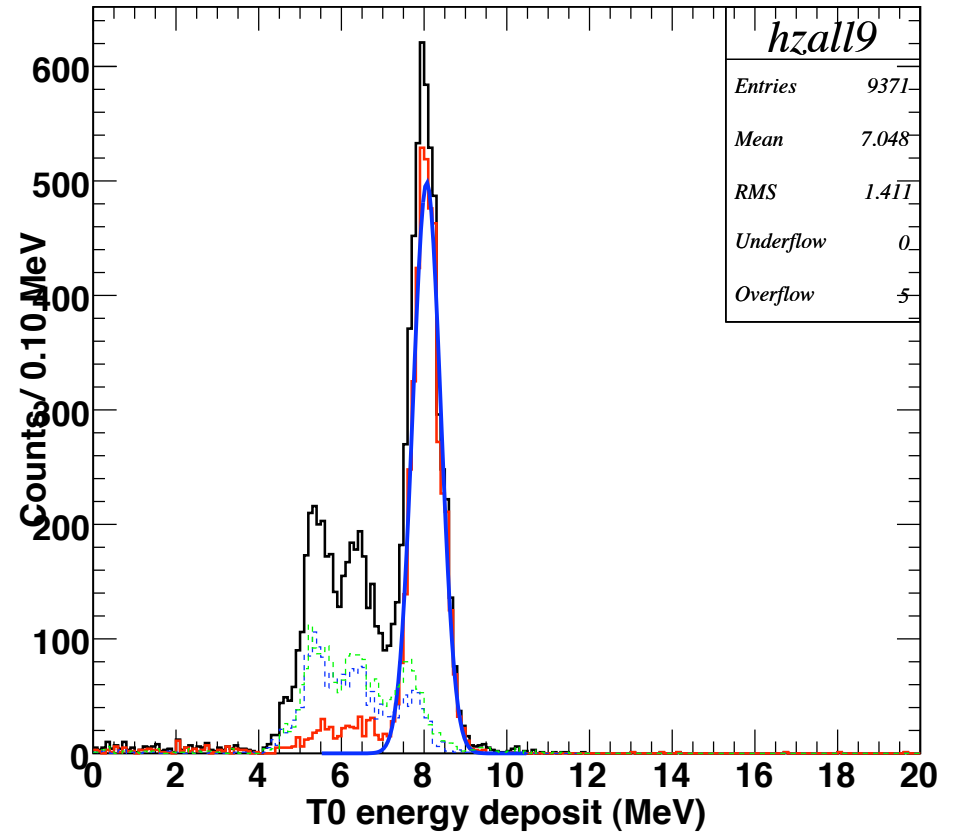
green: in-flight inelastic scattering

# $\Delta E_{T0}$ in sliced z-regions

t0edep z8



t0edep z9



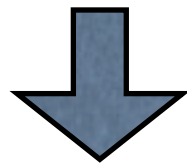
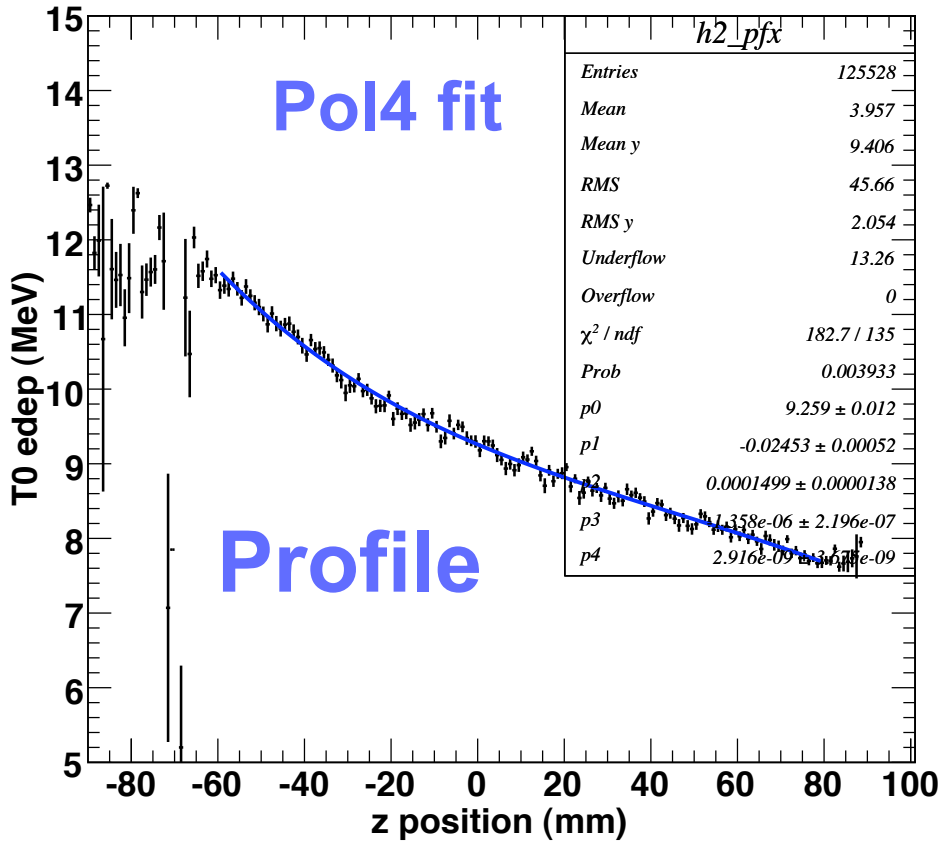
red: stop

blue: in-flight decay

green: in-flight inelastic scattering

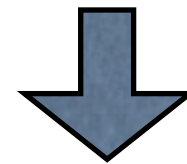
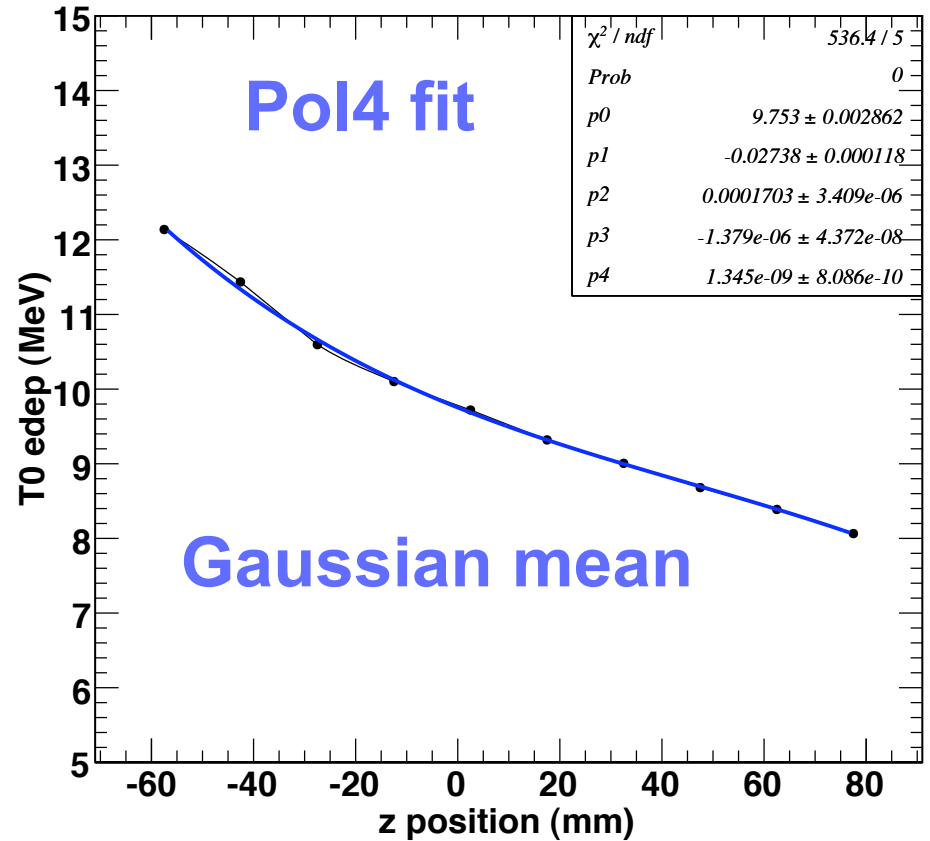
# Slewing between $\Delta E_{T0}$ vs z-vertex

## t0edep vs lastpos



*not correct, pulled by low  $\Delta E$  events*

## slewing T0edep vs z-vertex

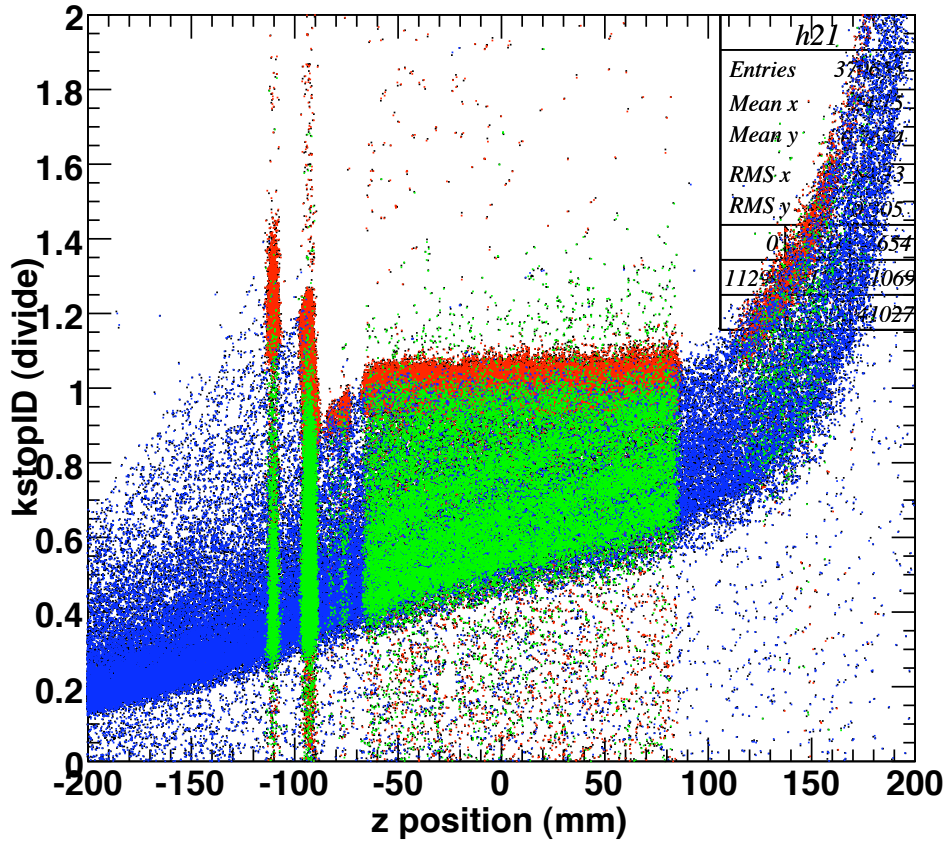


*Good slewing correction !*

# Slewing correction

## Divide type

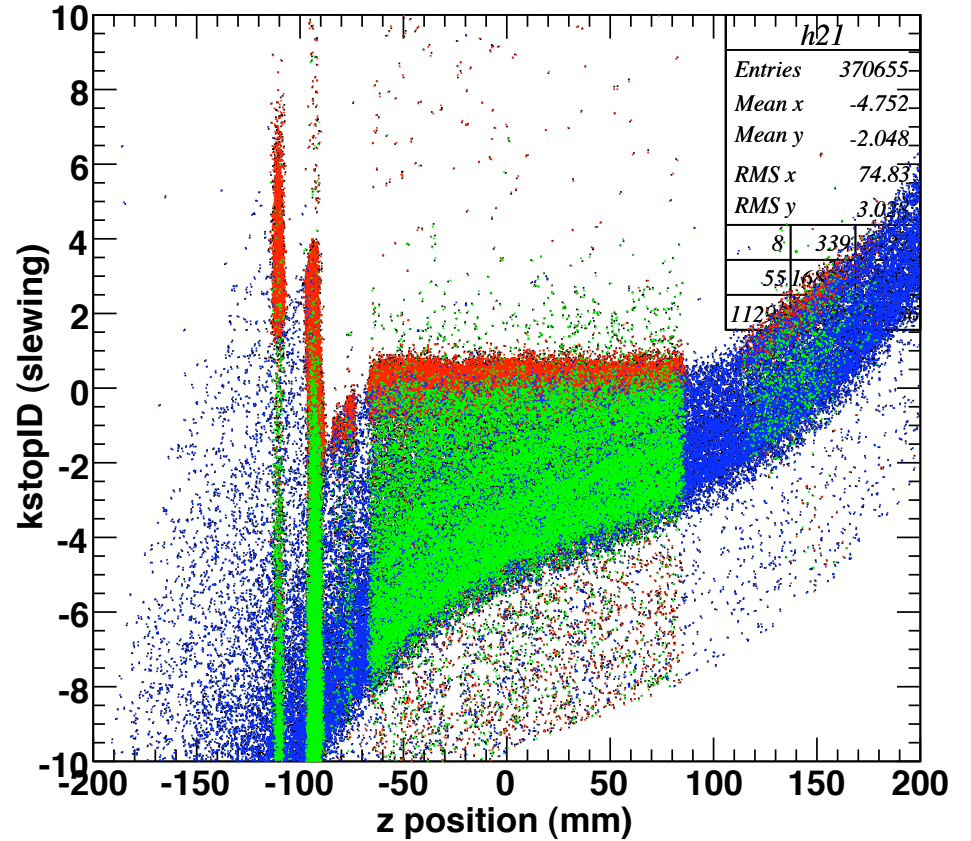
kstopid2 vs lastpos



$\Delta E_{\text{data}}/\Delta E_{\text{range}}$

## Subtract type

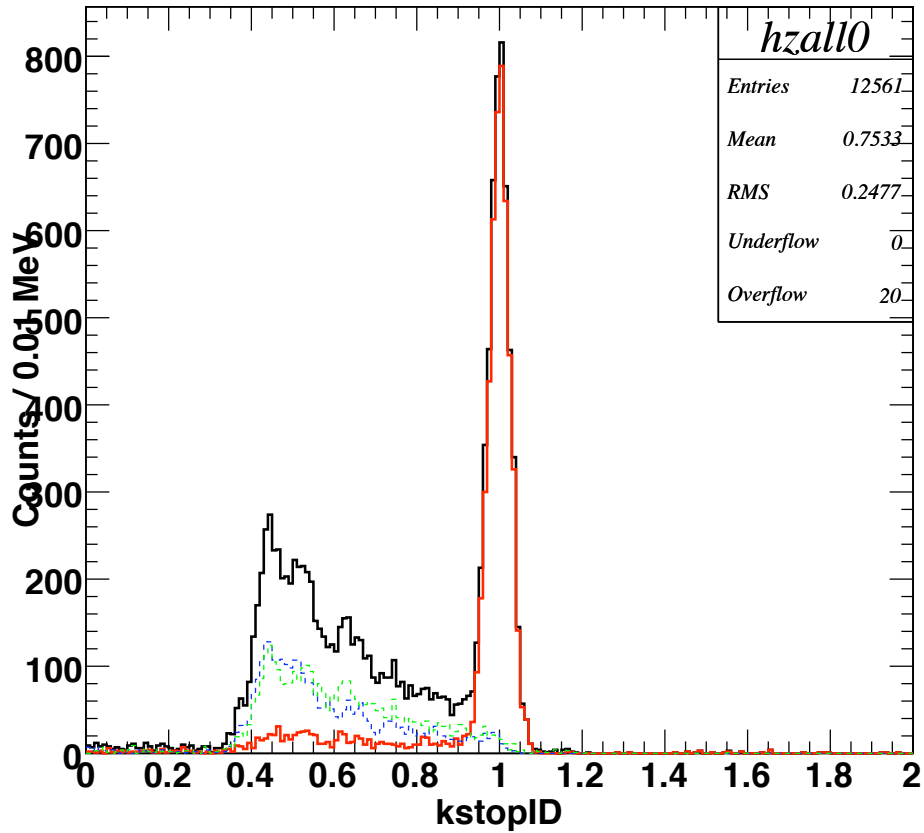
kstopid2 vs lastpos



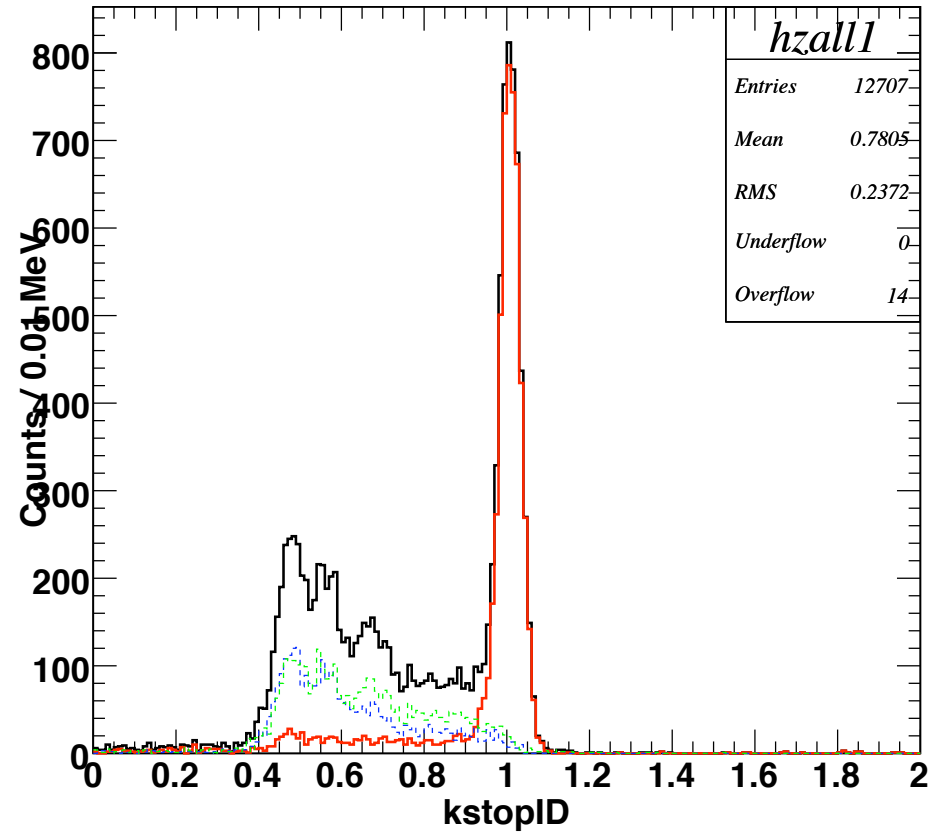
$\Delta E_{\text{data}} - \Delta E_{\text{range}}$

# Divide type

## kstopid z0



## kstopid z1



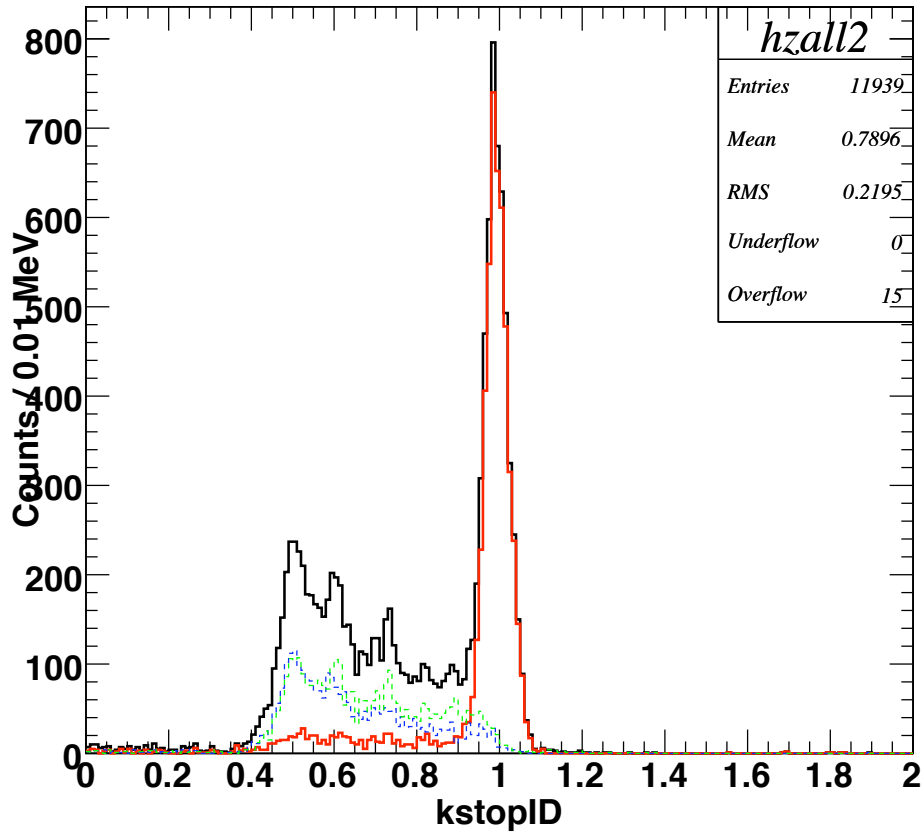
red: stop

blue: in-flight decay

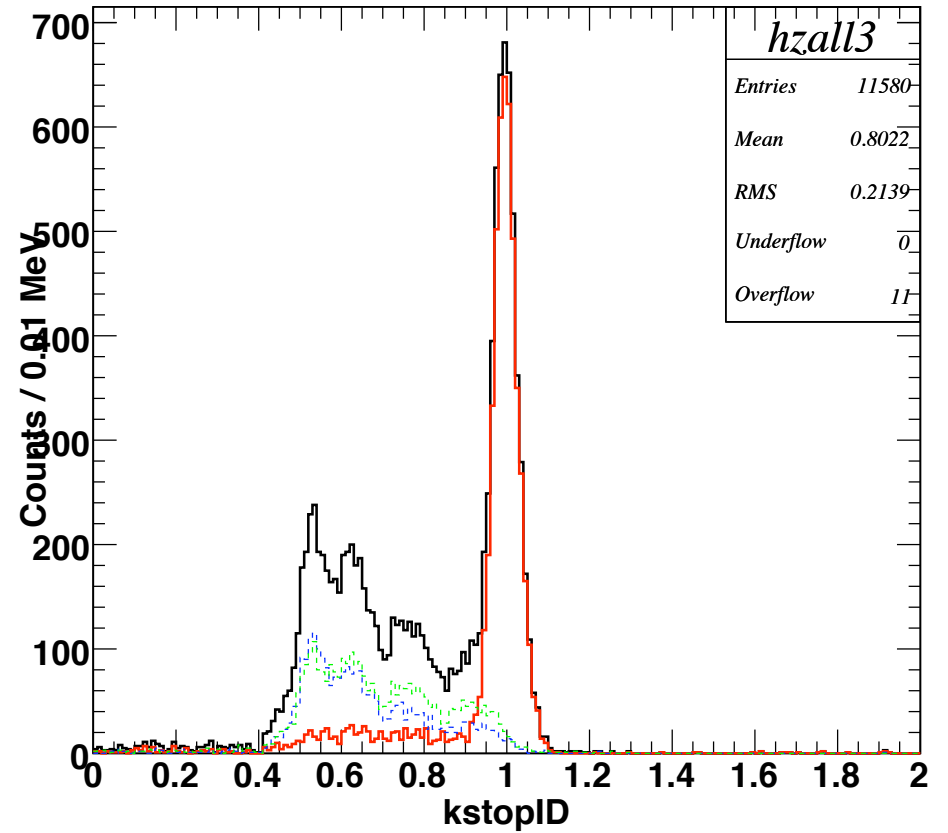
green: in-flight inelastic scattering

# Divide type

## kstopid z2



## kstopid z3



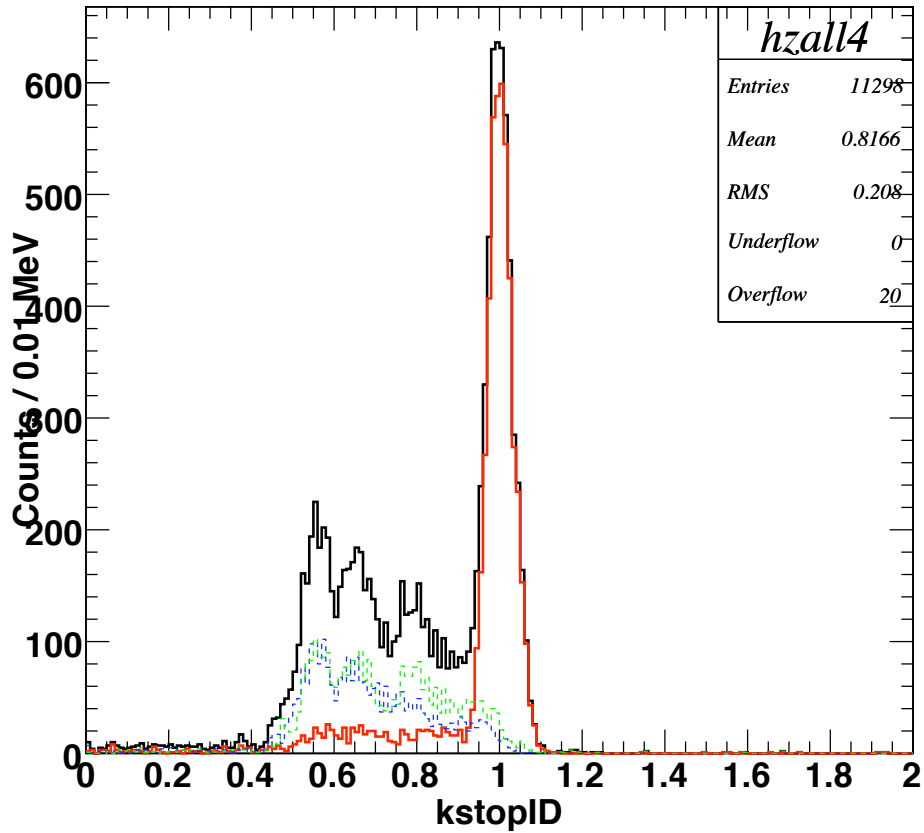
red: stop

blue: in-flight decay

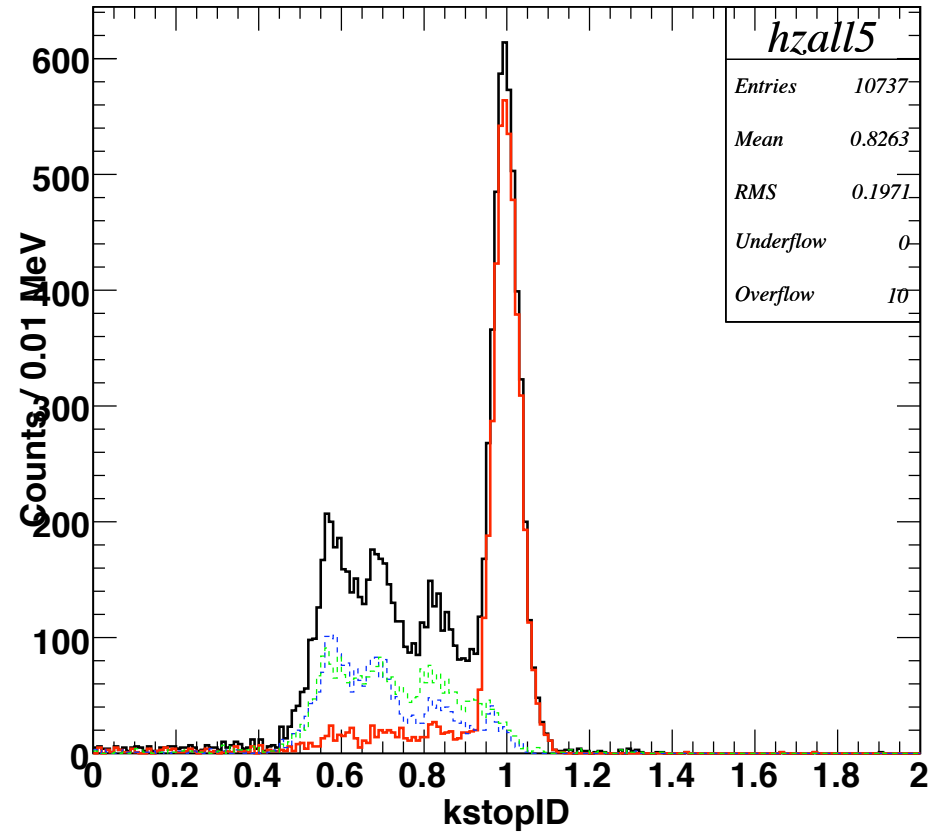
green: in-flight inelastic scattering

# Divide type

## kstopid z4



## kstopid z5



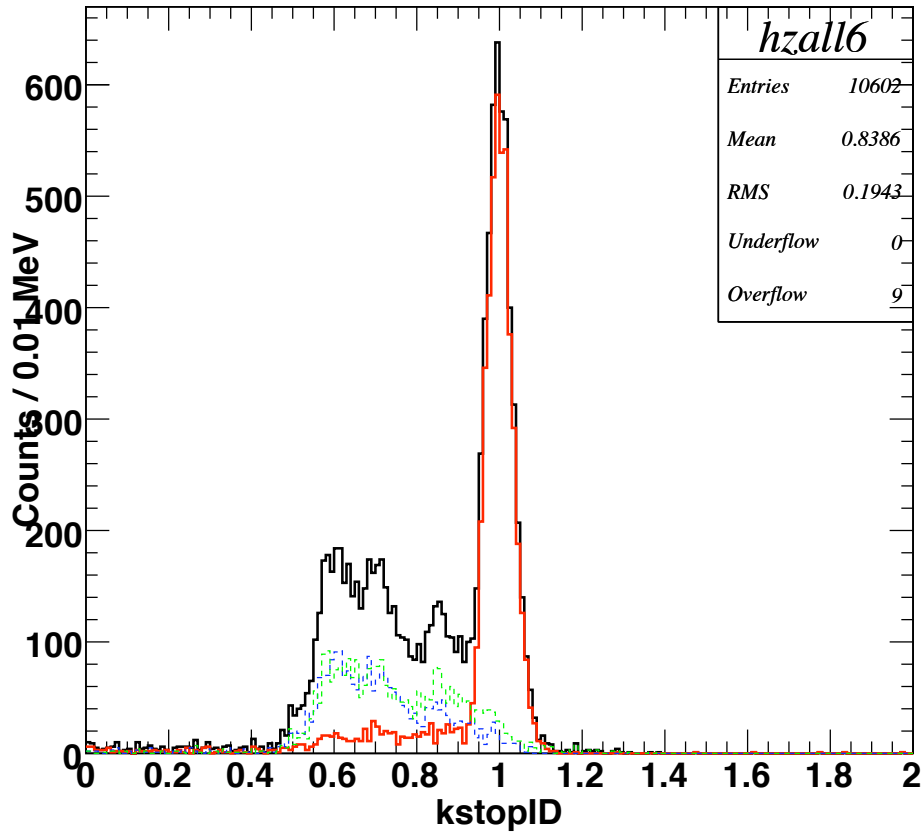
red: stop

blue: in-flight decay

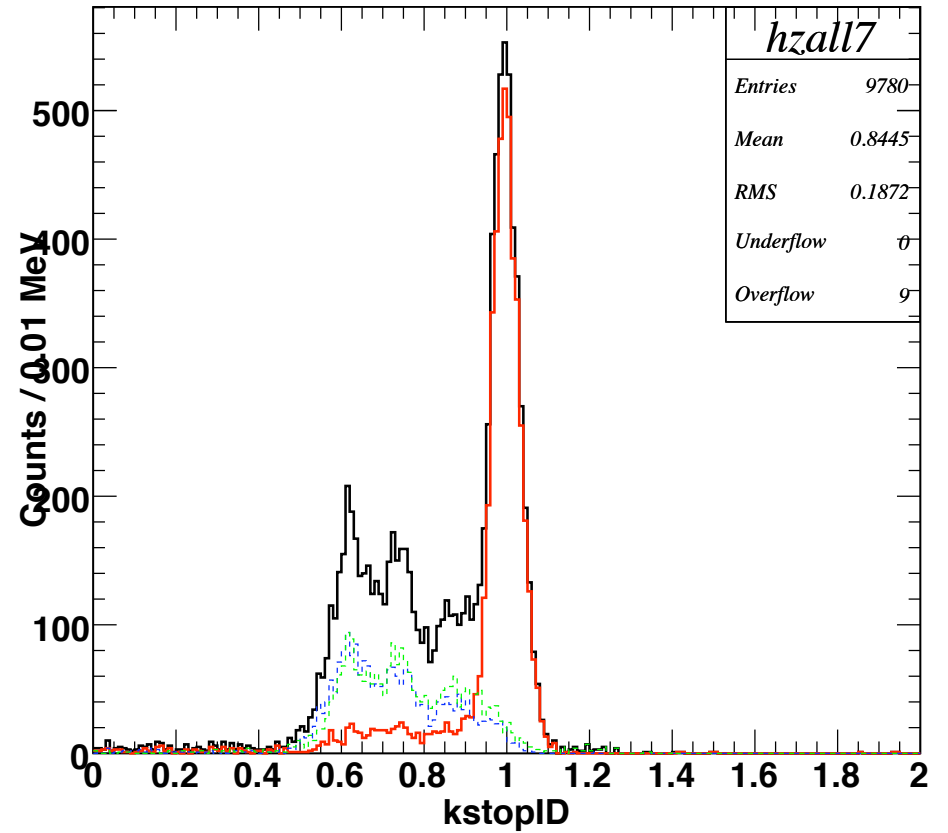
green: in-flight inelastic scattering

# Divide type

## kstopid z6



## kstopid z7



red: stop

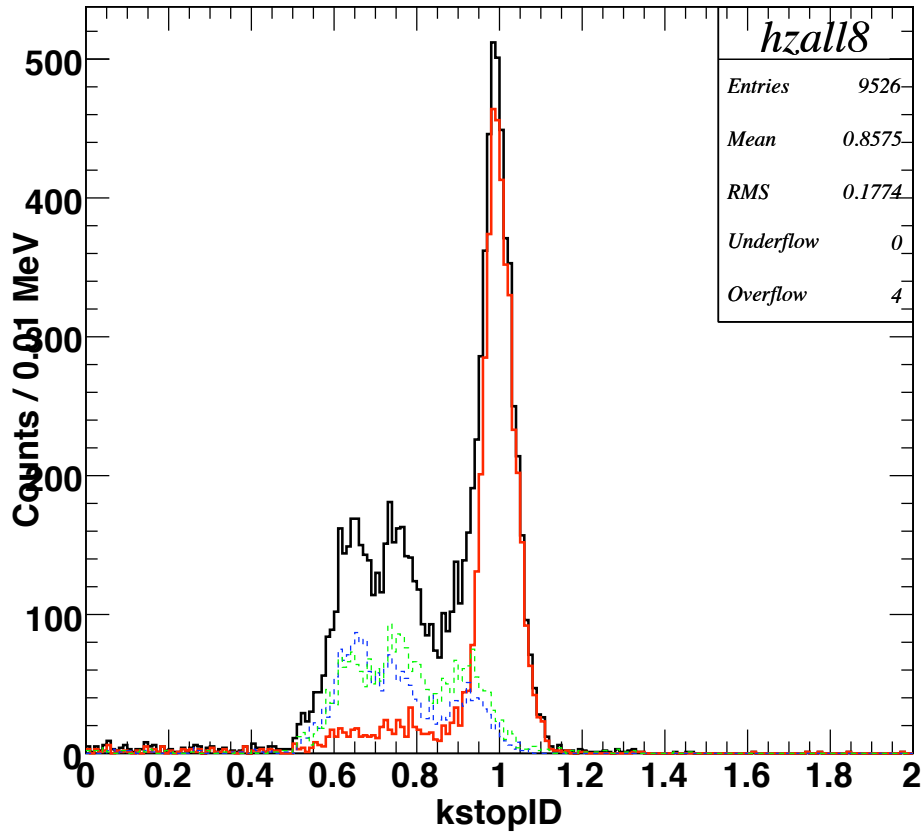
blue: in-flight decay

green: in-flight inelastic scattering

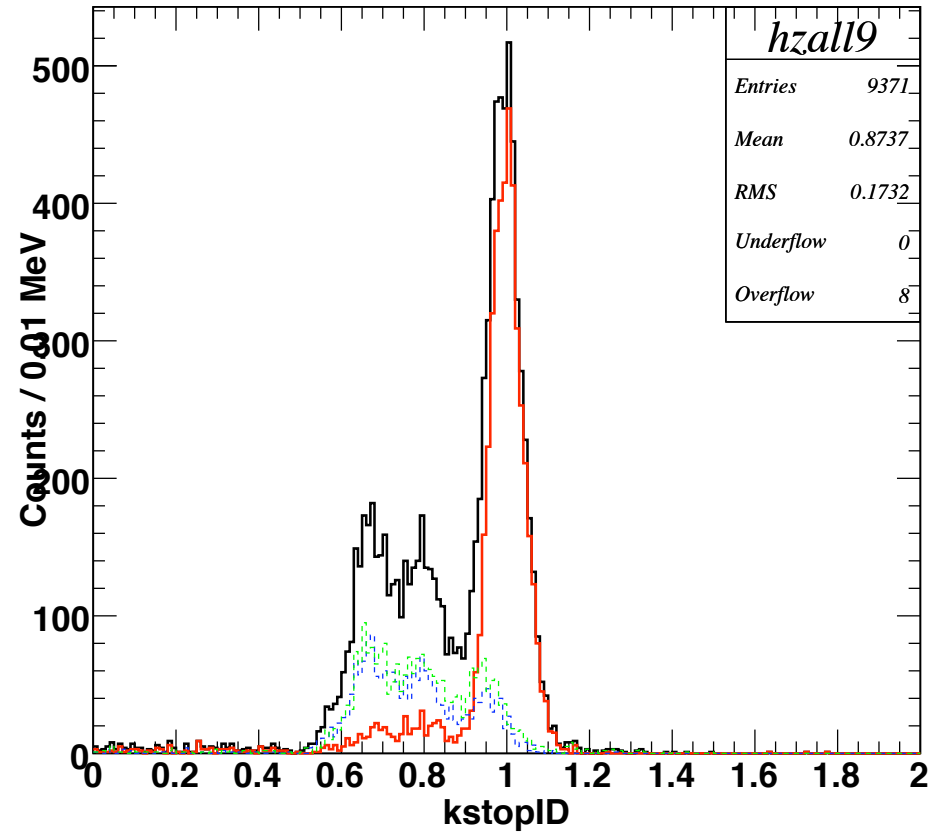


# Divide type

## kstopid z8



## kstopid z9



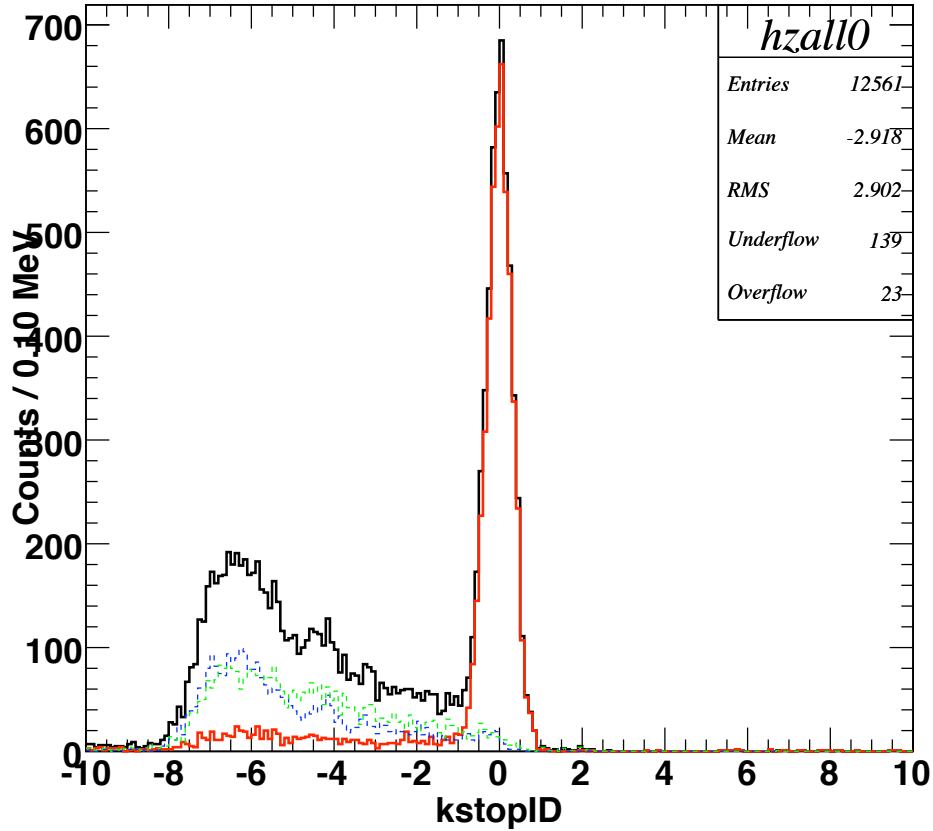
red: stop

blue: in-flight decay

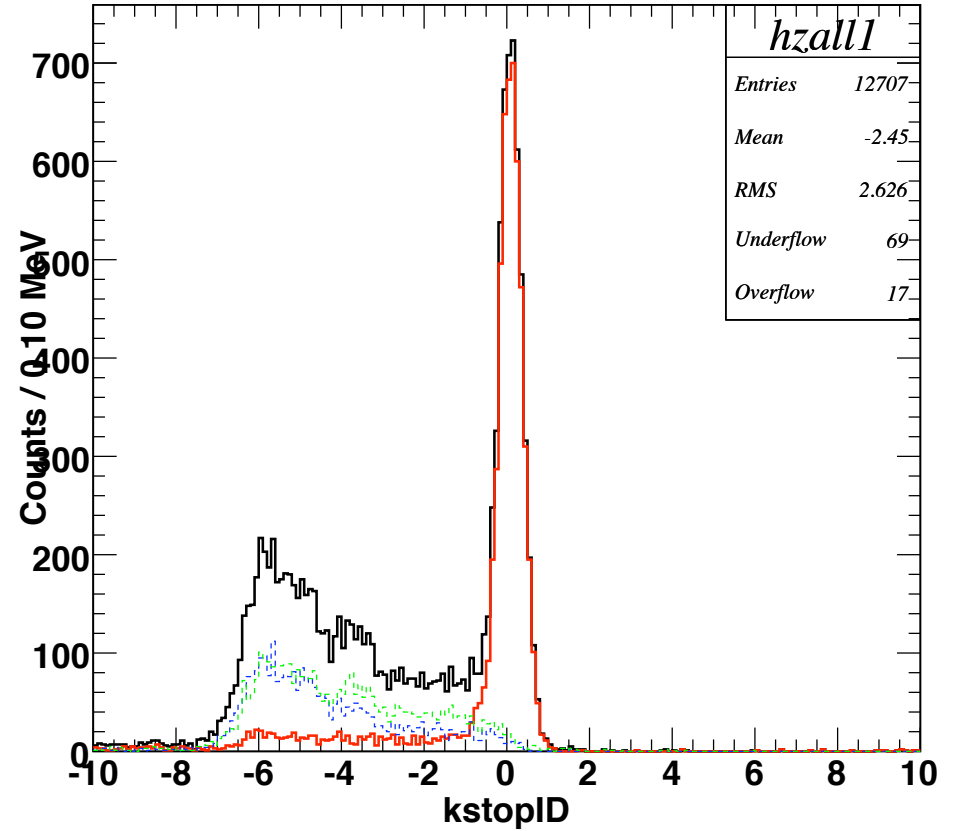
green: in-flight inelastic scattering

# Subtract type

## kstopid z0



## kstopid z1



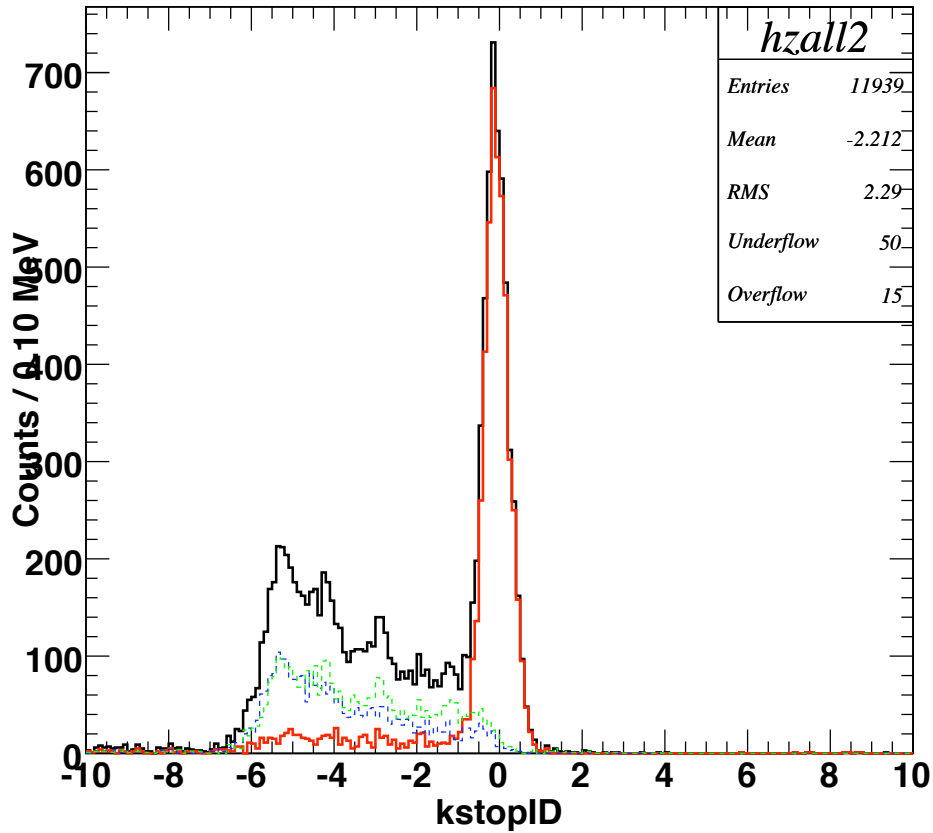
red: stop

blue: in-flight decay

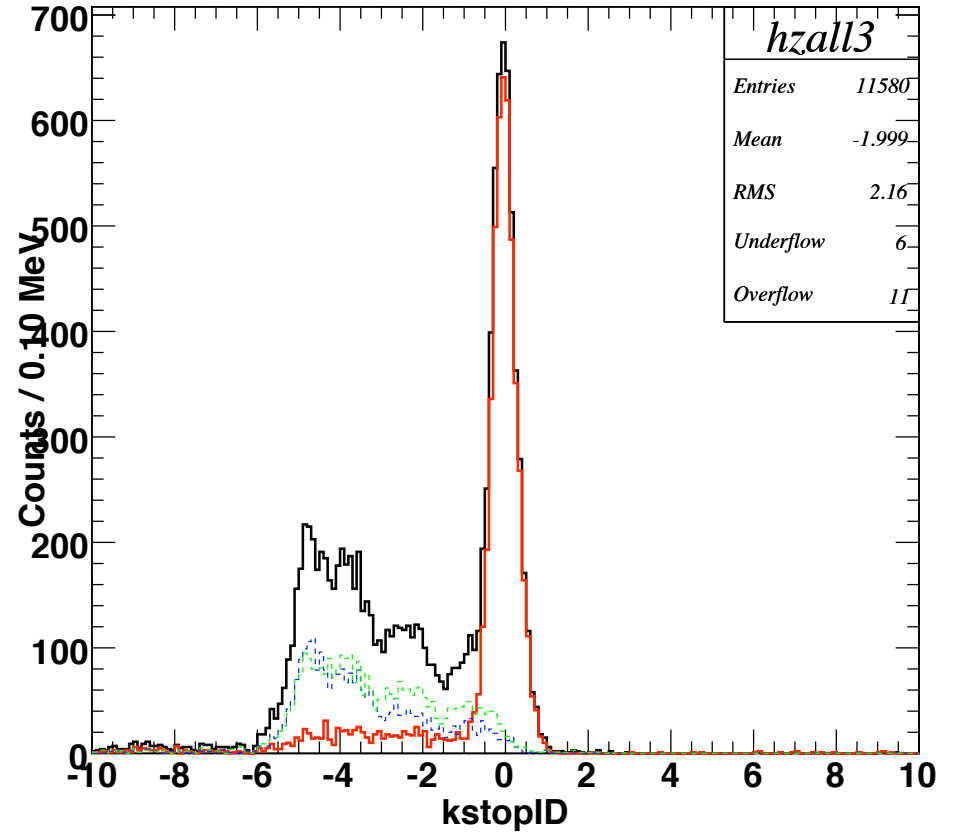
green: in-flight inelastic scattering

# Subtract type

## kstopid z2



## kstopid z3



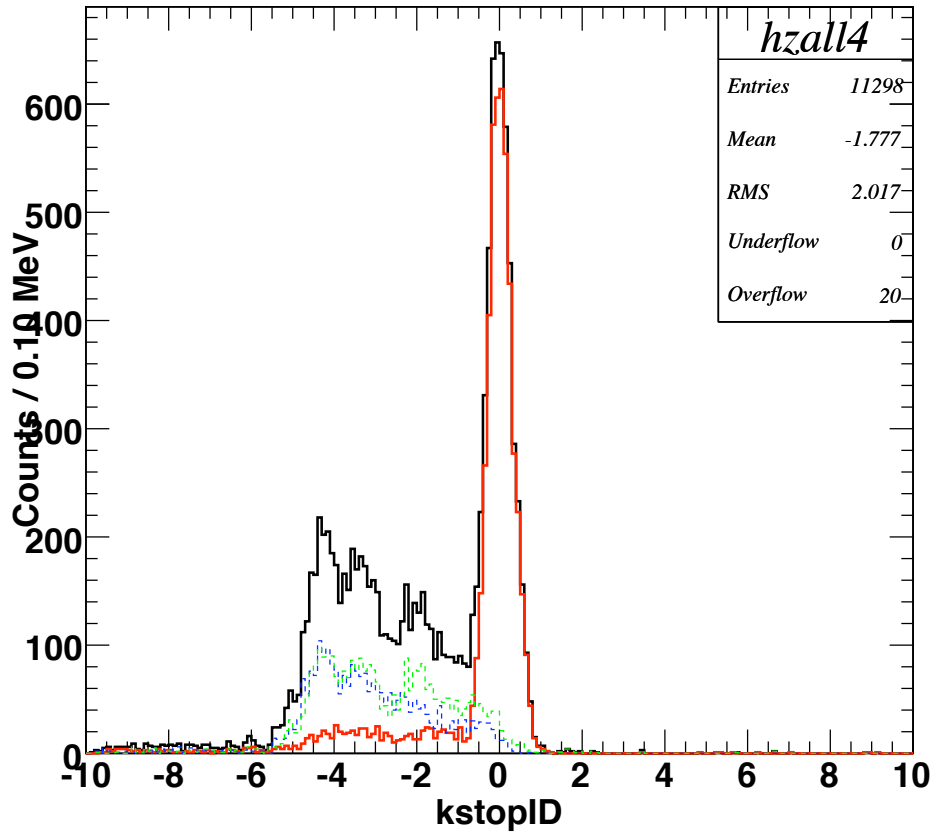
red: stop

blue: in-flight decay

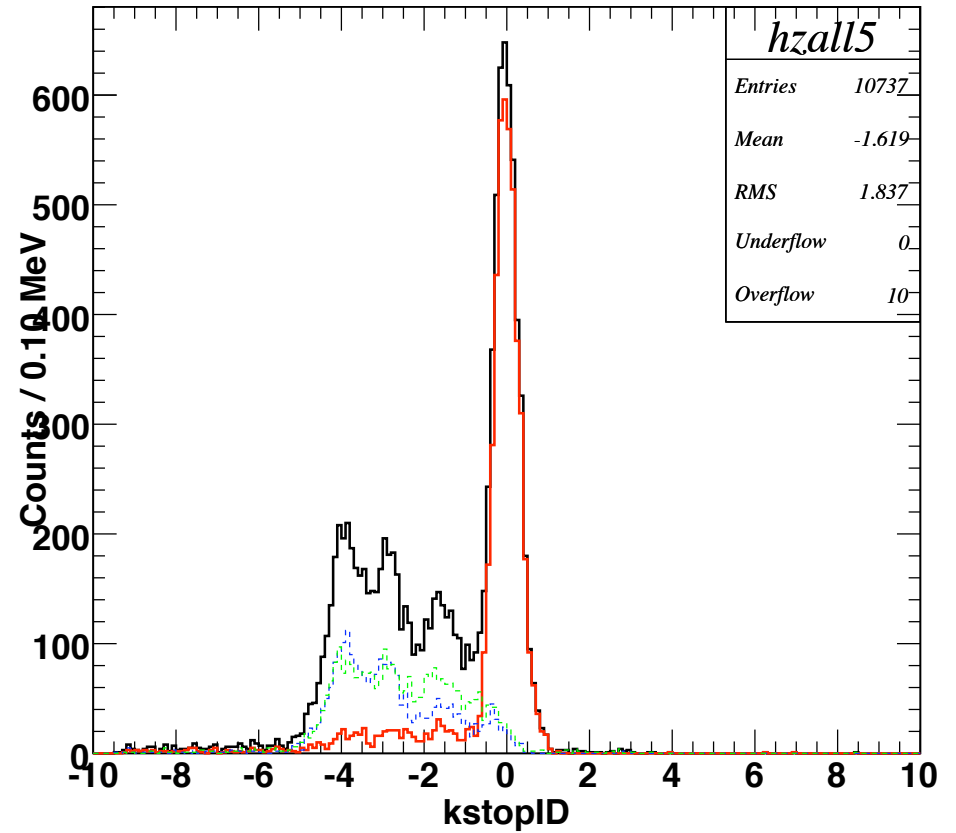
green: in-flight inelastic scattering

# Subtract type

## kstopid z4



## kstopid z5



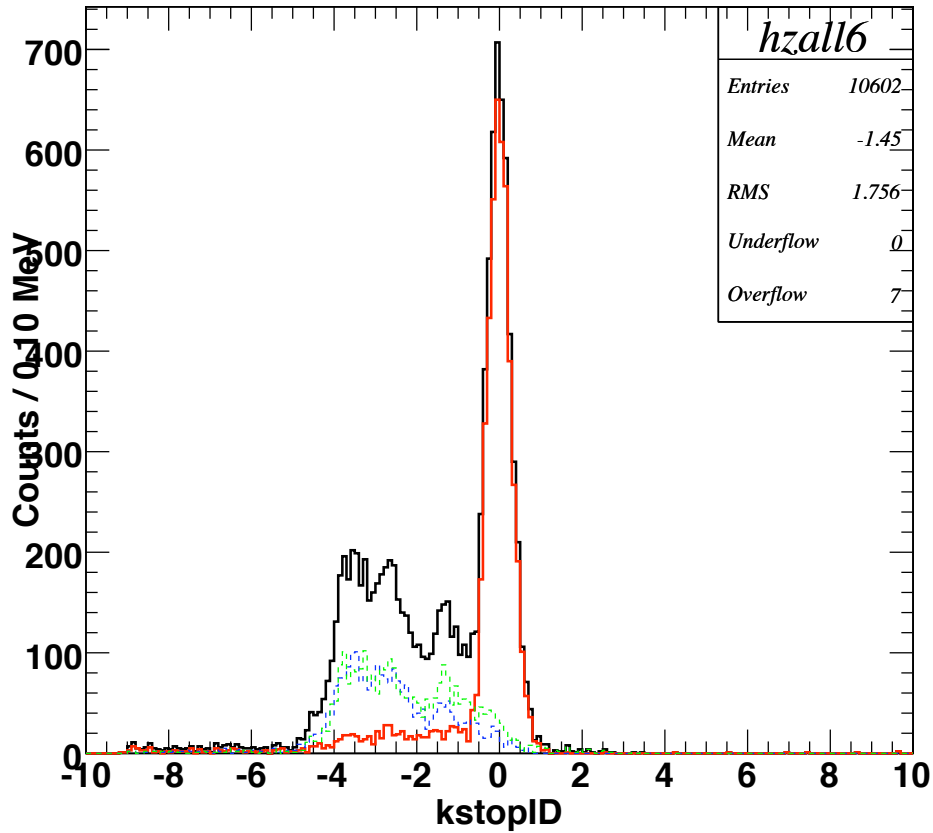
red: stop

blue: in-flight decay

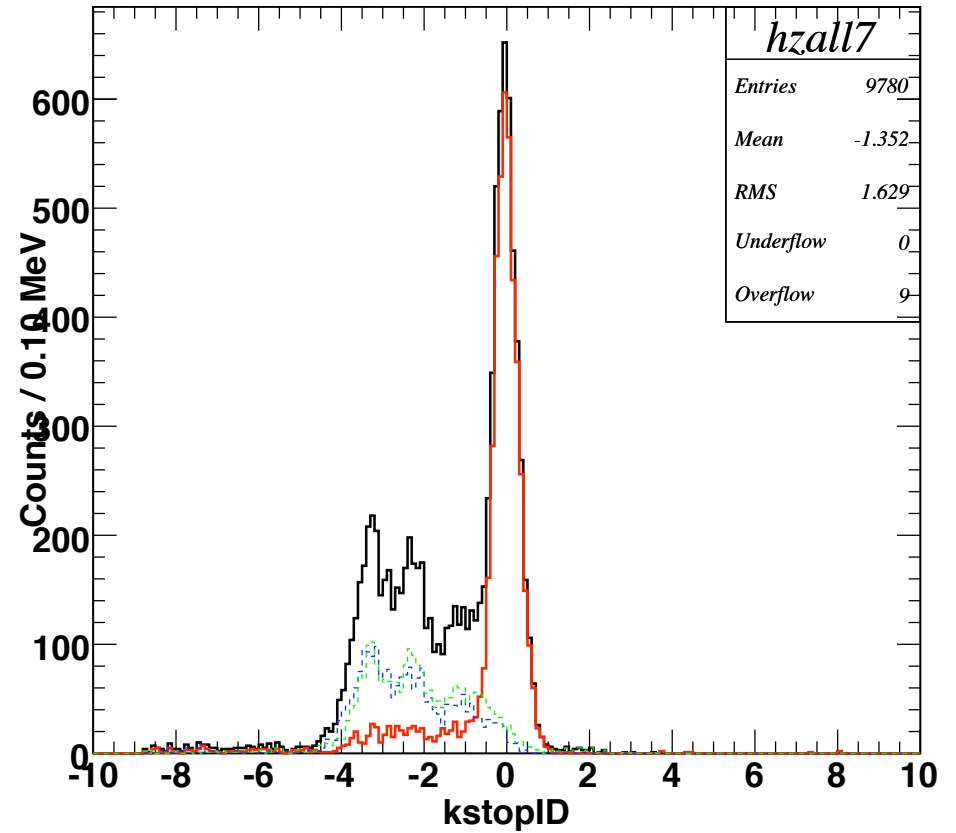
green: in-flight inelastic scattering

# Subtract type

## kstopid z6



## kstopid z7



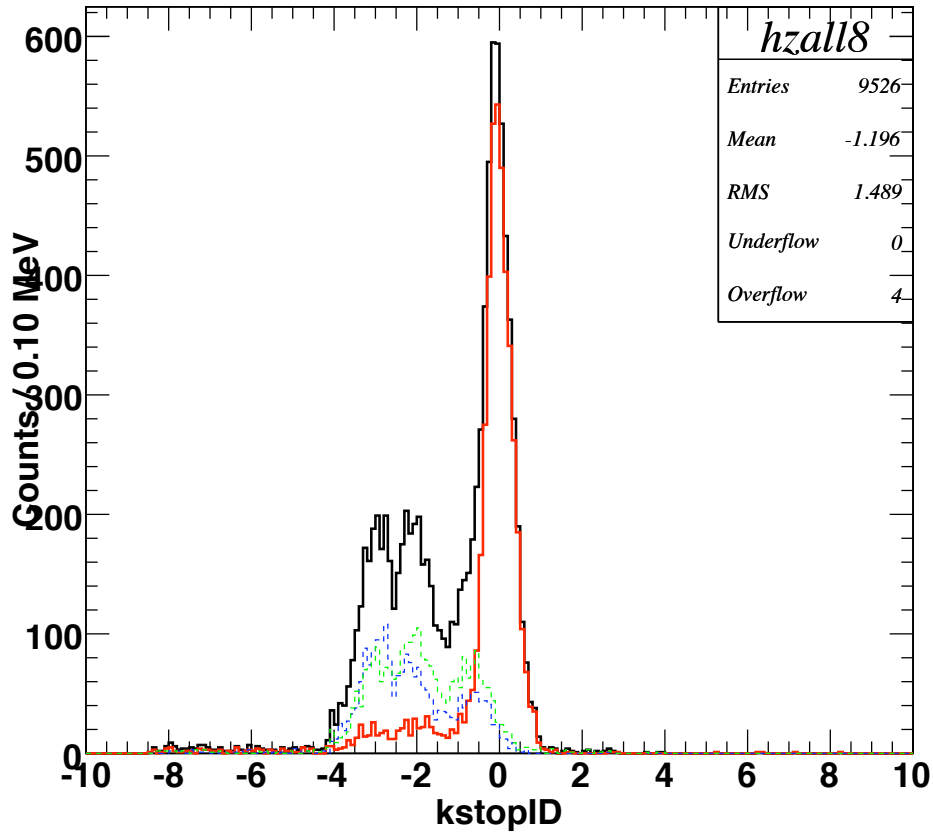
red: stop

blue: in-flight decay

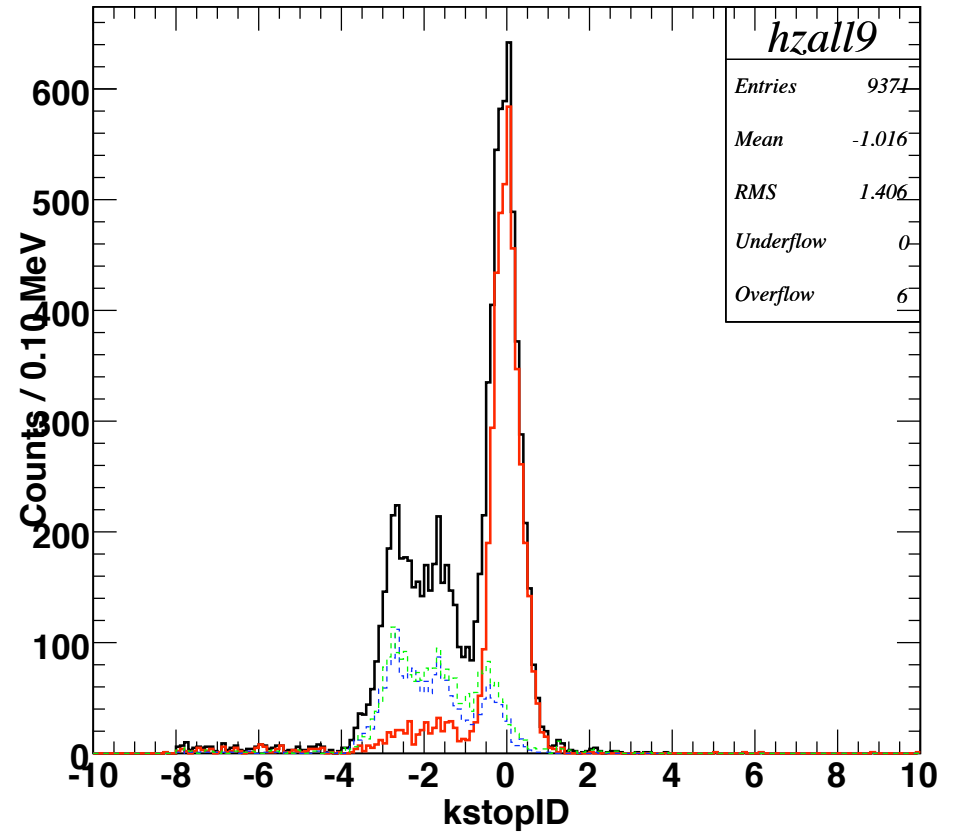
green: in-flight inelastic scattering

# Subtract type

## kstopid z8



## kstopid z9



red: stop

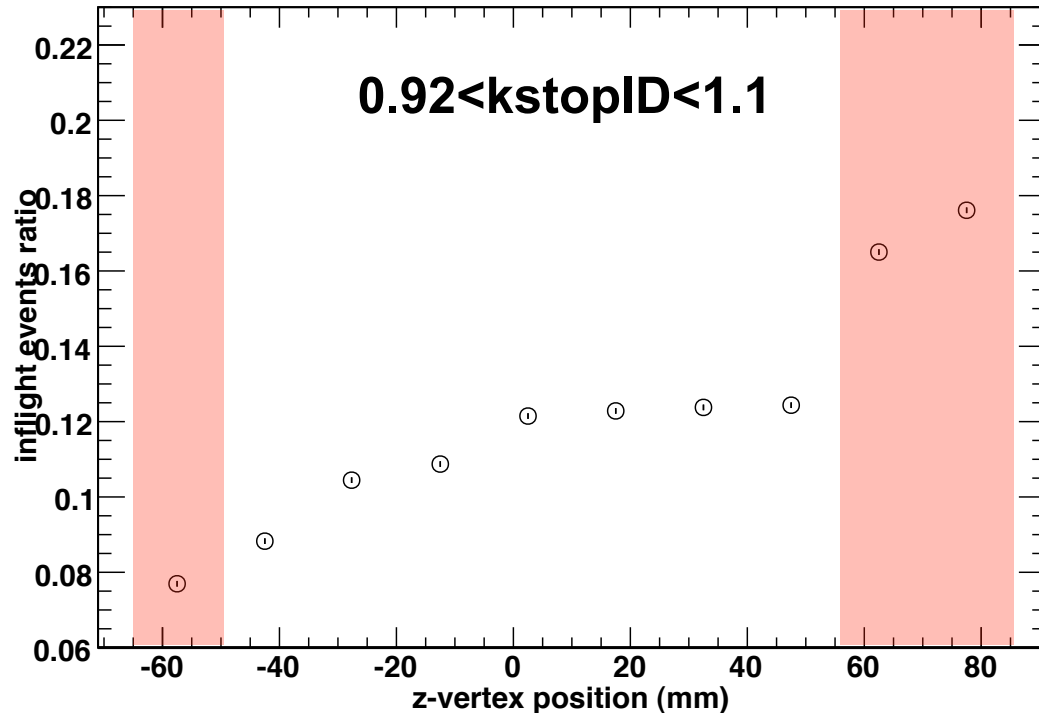
blue: in-flight decay

green: in-flight inelastic scattering

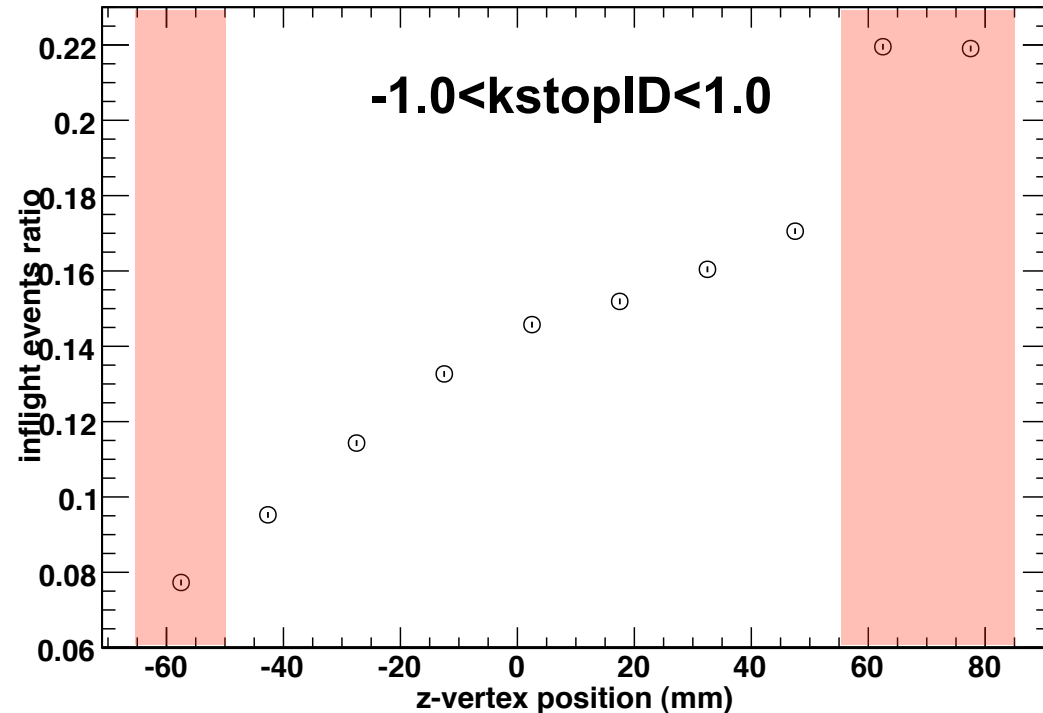
# In-flight events ratio

$$\text{in-flight ratio} = (\text{decay} + \text{inelastic}) / (\text{all})$$

Divide type



subtract type



Geometrical bugs remain in these red regions , to be fixed...

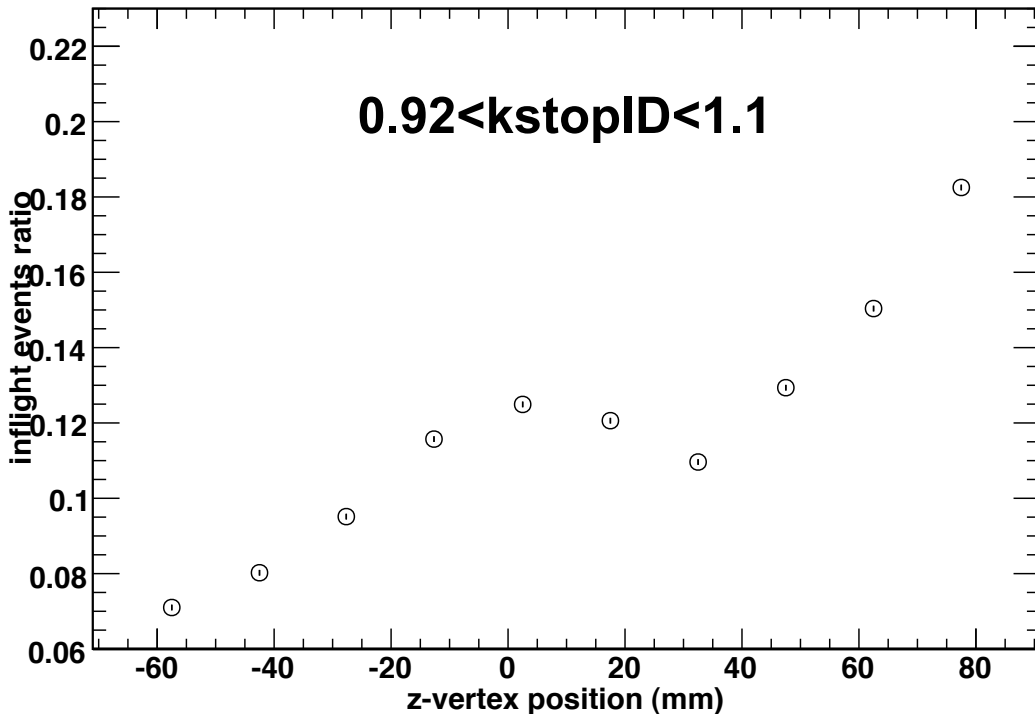
Note: energy resolution and acceptance was not included !

: inelastic scattering rate is higher, must be corrected ....

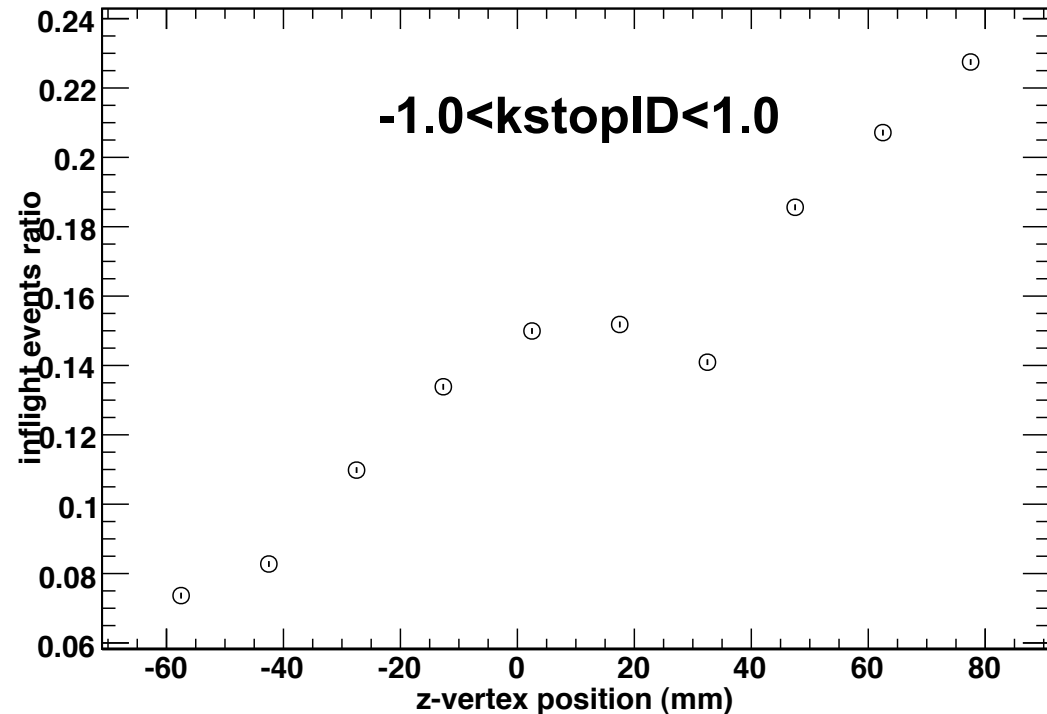
# In-flight events ratio (modified)

$$\text{in-flight ratio} = (\text{decay} + \text{inelastic}) / (\text{all})$$

Divide type (modified)



Subtract type (modified)



Modified geometrical bugs ....

Note: energy resolution and acceptance was not included !

: inelastic scattering rate is higher, must be corrected ....

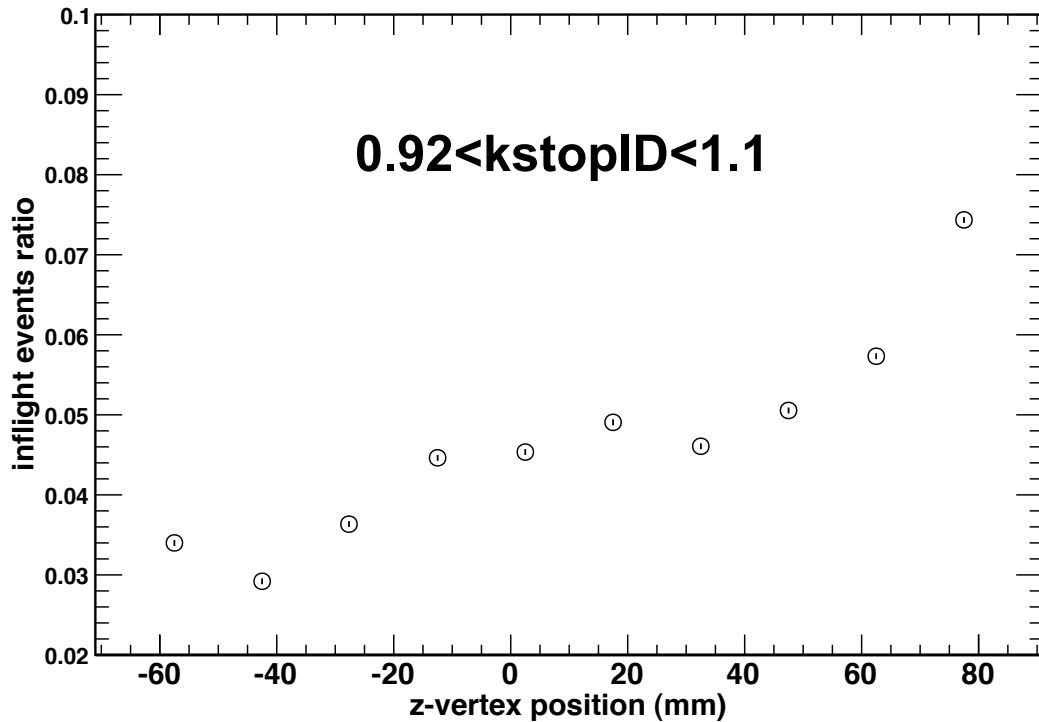


# In-flight events ratio (modified)

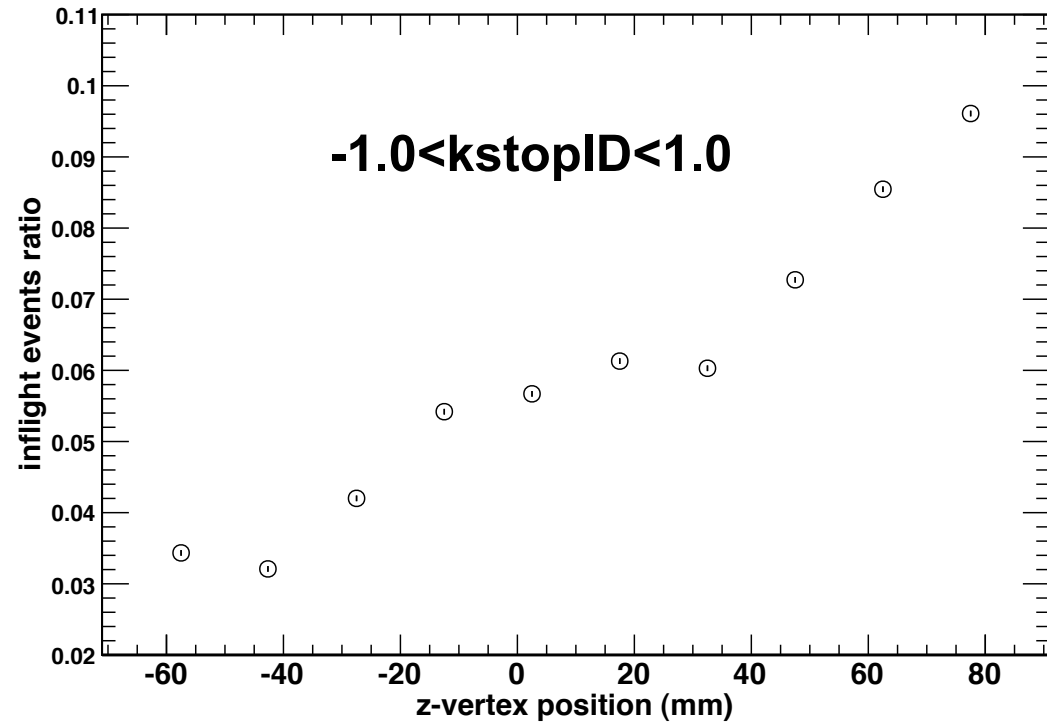
$$\text{in-flight ratio} = (\text{decay} + \text{inelastic}) / (\text{all})$$

## K+ beam

Divide type (K+ beam)



Subtract type (K+ beam)



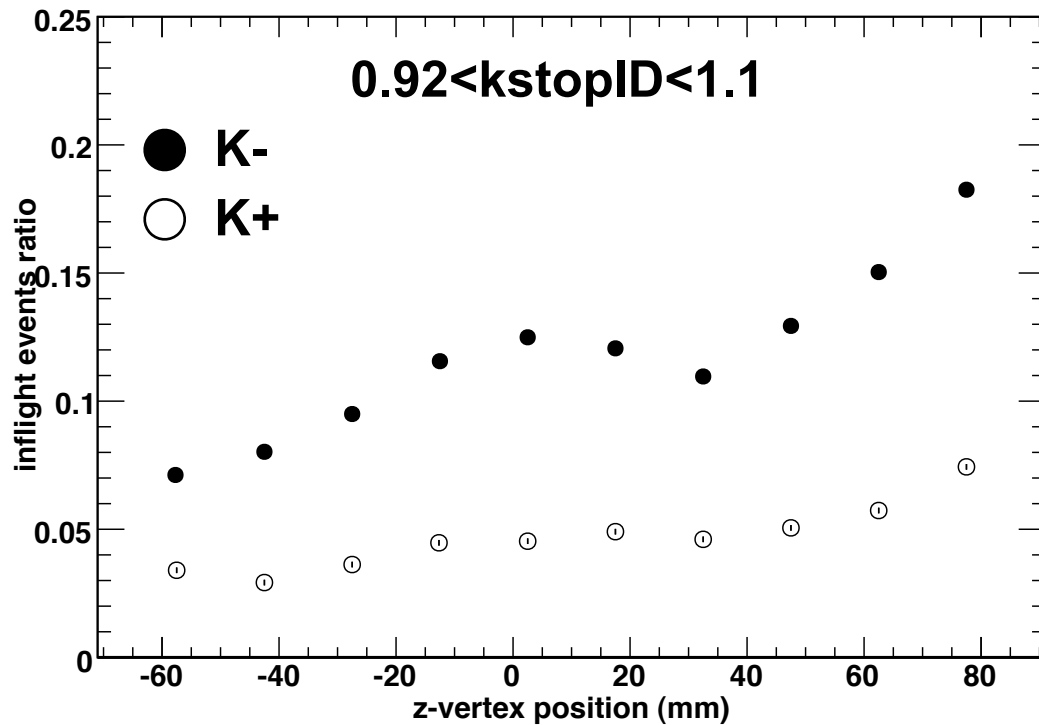
Note: energy resolution and acceptance was not included !

: inelastic scattering rate is zero in the target

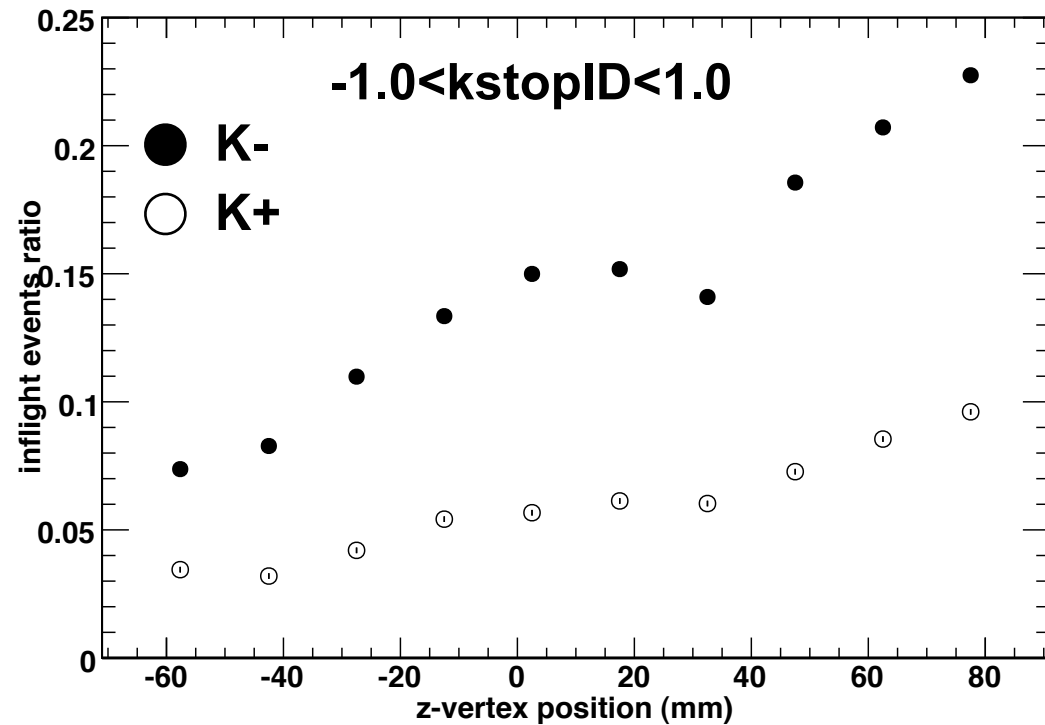
# In-flight events ratio (modified)

$$\text{in-flight ratio} = (\text{decay} + \text{inelastic}) / (\text{all})$$

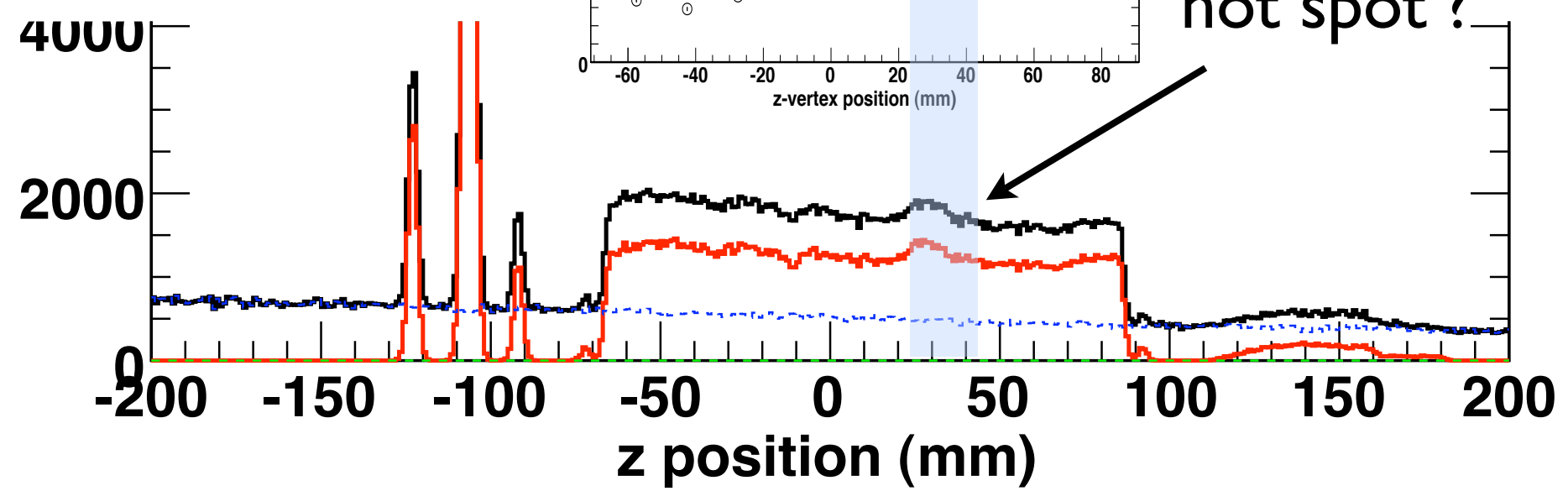
Divide type (K- and K+)



Subtract type (K- and K+)



K+ beam



target itself in this area ...

Why ?