



# Japan Proton Accelerator Research Complex

## Future Prospects of the J-PARC Hadron Experimental Facility



F.Sakuma, RIKEN  
on behalf of HEF-ex TF  
[sakuma@ribf.riken.jp](mailto:sakuma@ribf.riken.jp)



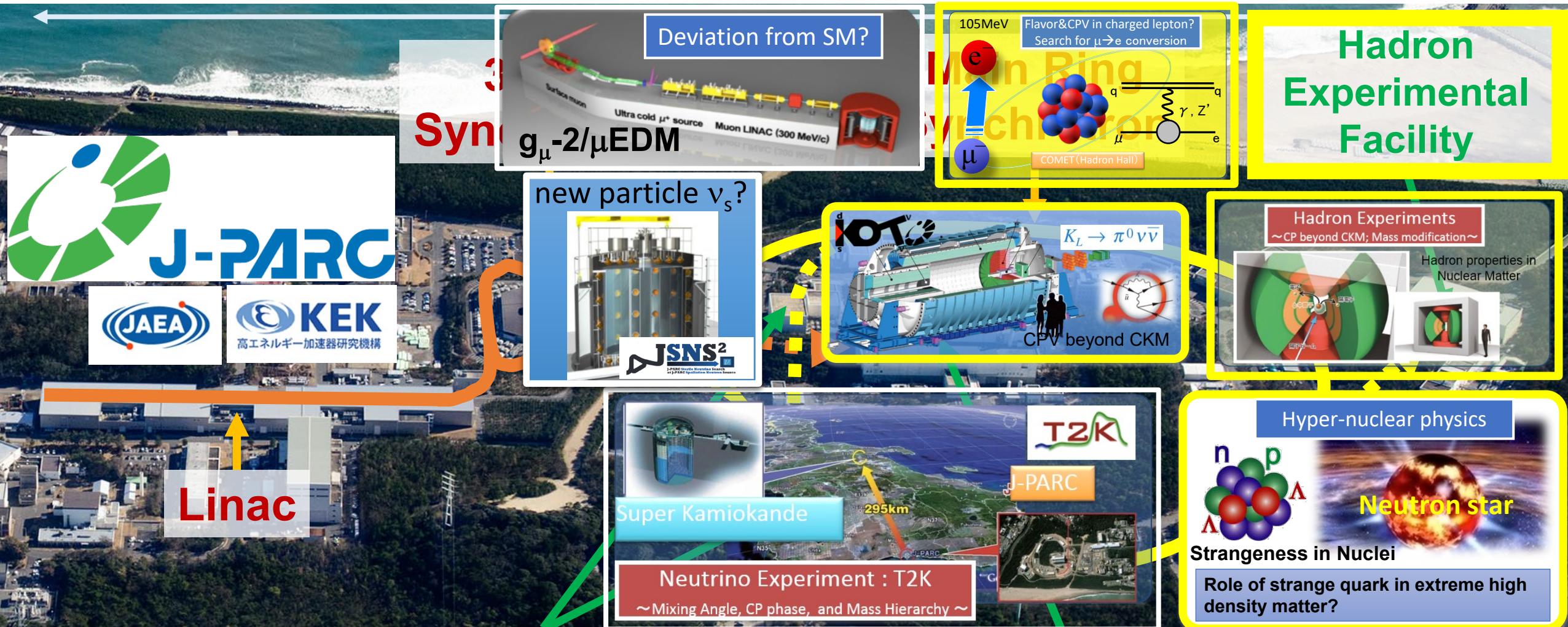
INPC2025, 25–30 May, 2025, Daejeon, Korea



**Neutrino Experimental  
Facility**

**Material and Life Science  
Experimental Facility**

# Particle and Nuclear Physics @ J-PARC



**Neutrino Experimental Facility**

**Material and Life Science Experimental Facility**

# Origin & Evolution of Matter

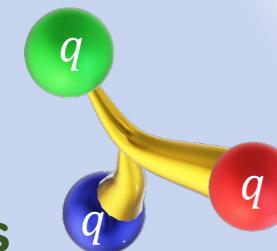
## Matter-Antimatter Symmetry

matter dominated universe



## Origin of Matter Creation

formation of hadrons from quarks



## Matter in Extreme Conditions

dense matter in neutron stars



## Flavor Physics

CP violation  
weak interaction  
→ new physics

Kaon rare decays  
 $\mu \rightarrow e$  conversion

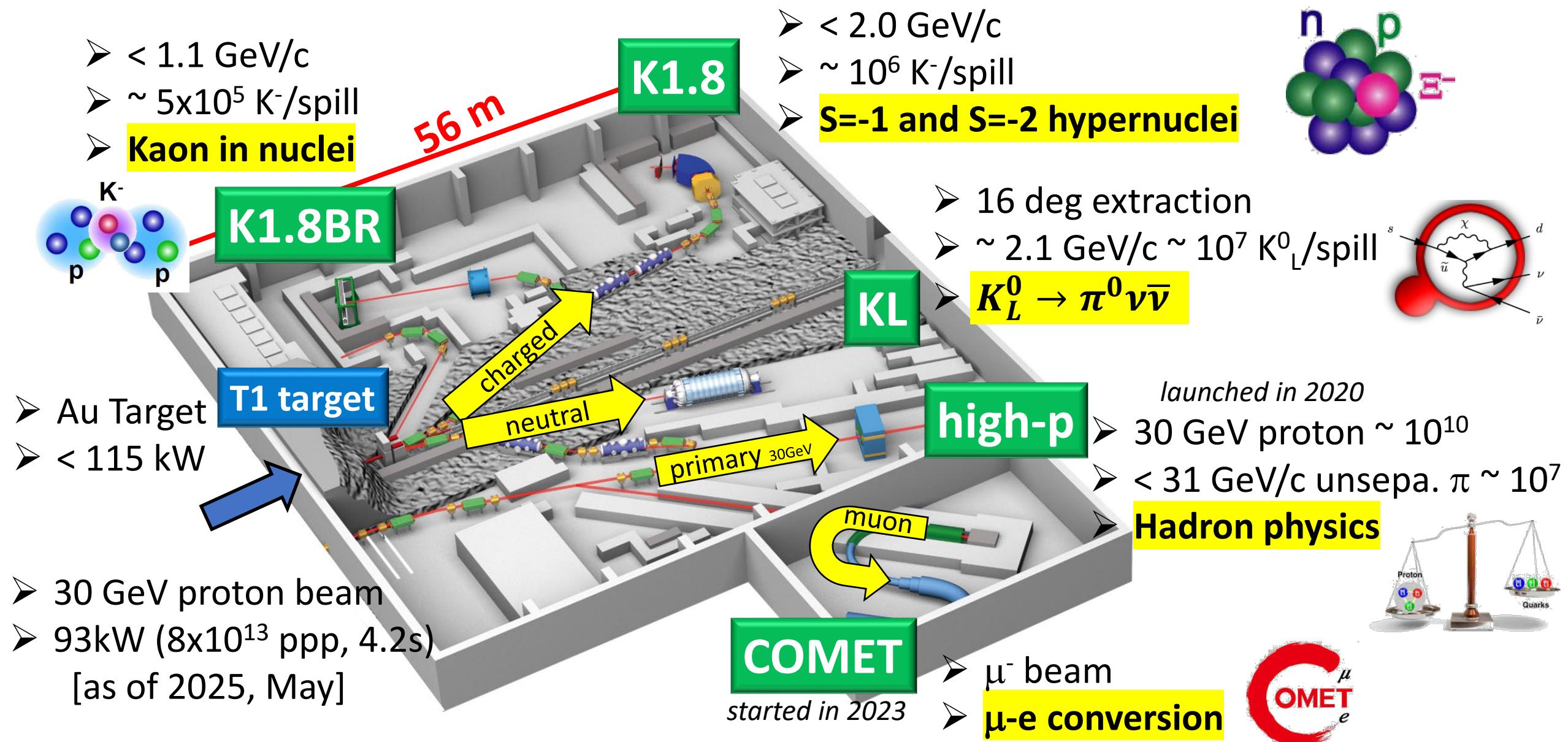
## Hadron Physics

quark interactions  
hadron mass-generation mechanism  
**Hadron spectroscopy**  
**Meson in nuclei**

## Strangeness Nuclear Physics

hadron interactions  
hadronic many-body systems  
**Hyperon-Nucleon scattering**  
**Hypernuclear spectroscopy**

# Present Hadron Experimental Facility (HEF)

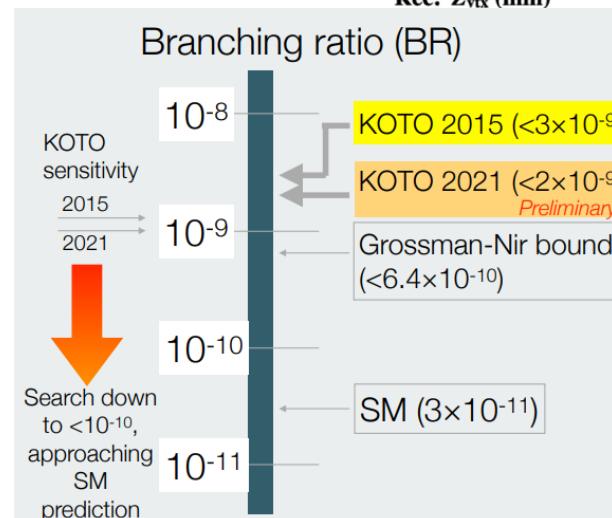
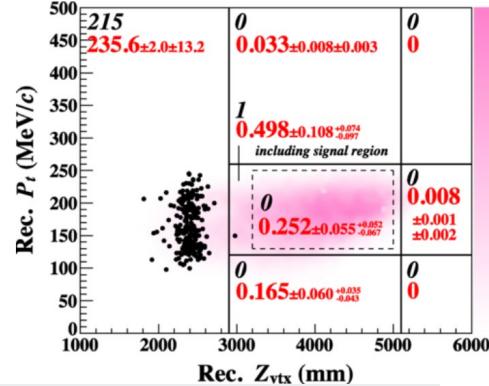


# Achievements in research at the Hadron Experimental Facility

# Flavor Physics

## $K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^0 \nu \bar{\nu}$ search @ KOTO

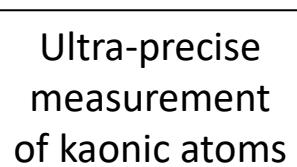
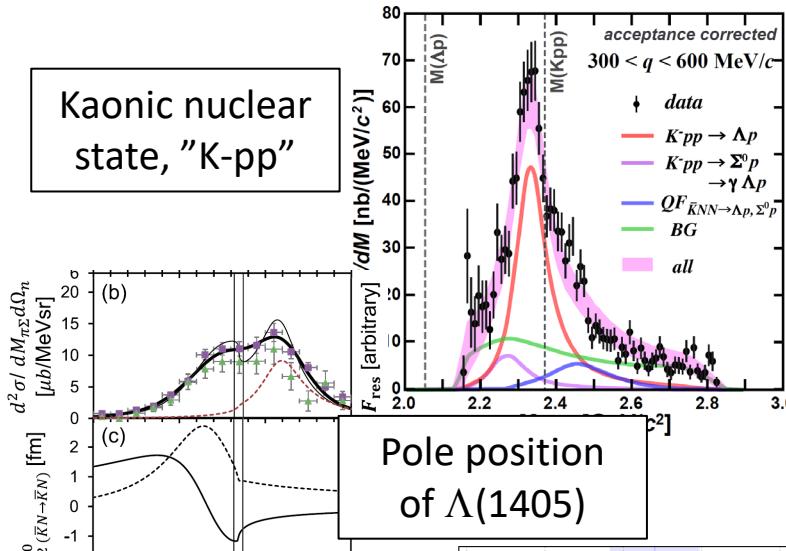
## → Approaching the SM sensitivity for CP violation



# Hadron Physics

# Observation of an exotic hadron bound system including $K^-$ meson

→ Established a new direction to understand meson-baryon int.

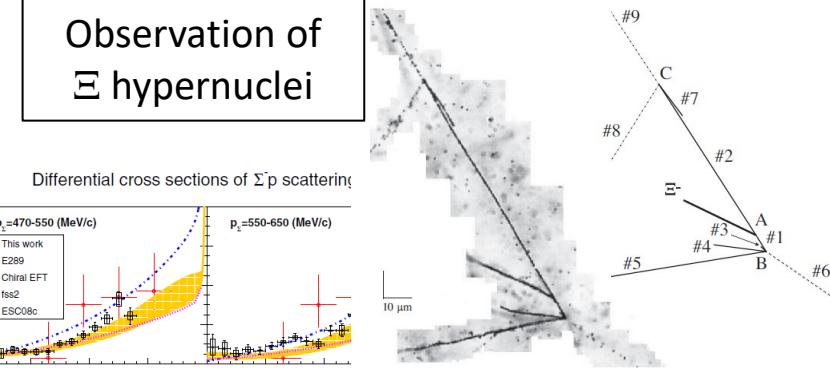


# Strangeness Nuclear Physics

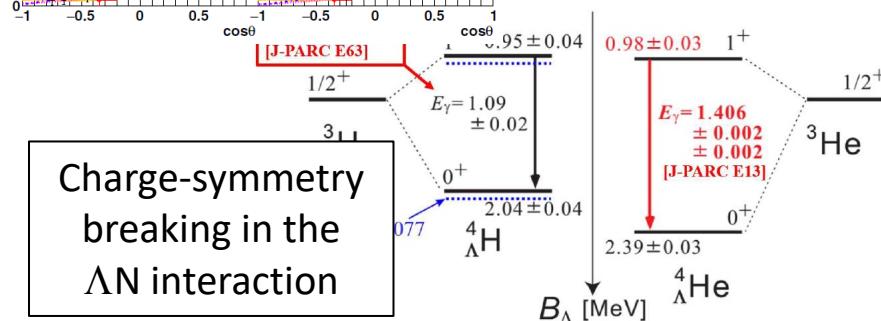
# A lot of progress in hypernuclear research

- Clarified attractive  $S=-2$   $\Xi N$  interaction  
and deepened  $S=-1$   $\Lambda N$ ,  $\Sigma N$  interactions

## Observation of $\Xi$ hypernuclei



## First precise $\Sigma N$ scattering



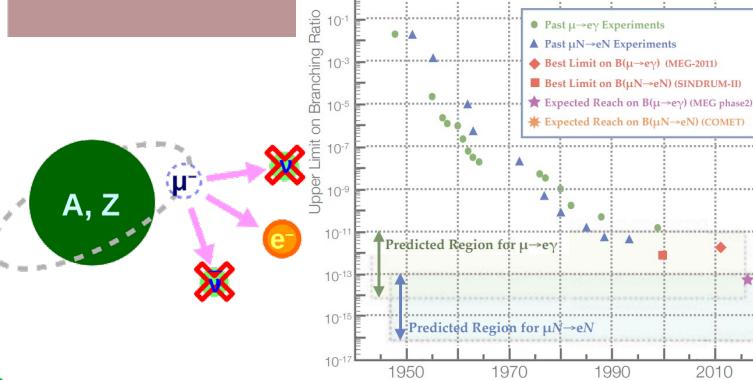
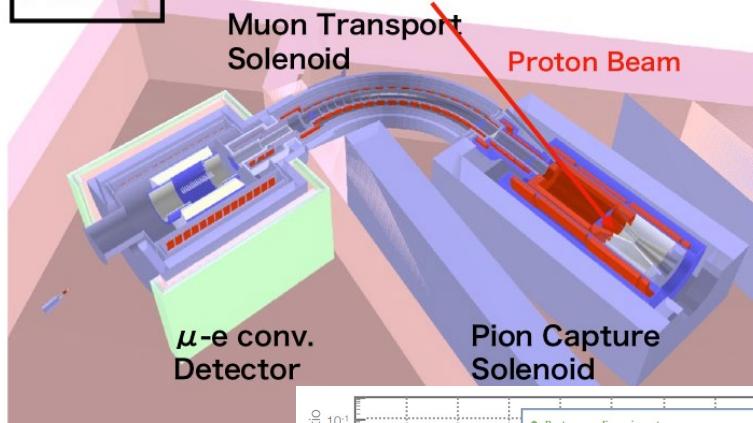
# Further research directions at the Hadron Experimental Facility

## Flavor Physics

Search for  $\mu \rightarrow e$  conversion @ COMET (2023~)

→ Search for charged lepton flavor violation

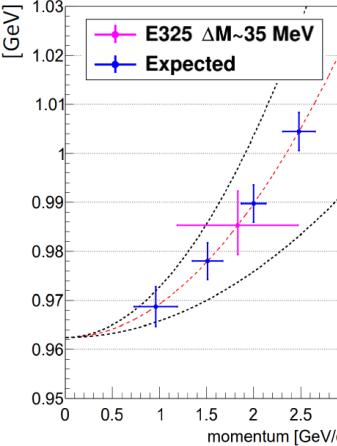
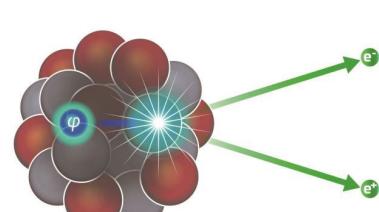
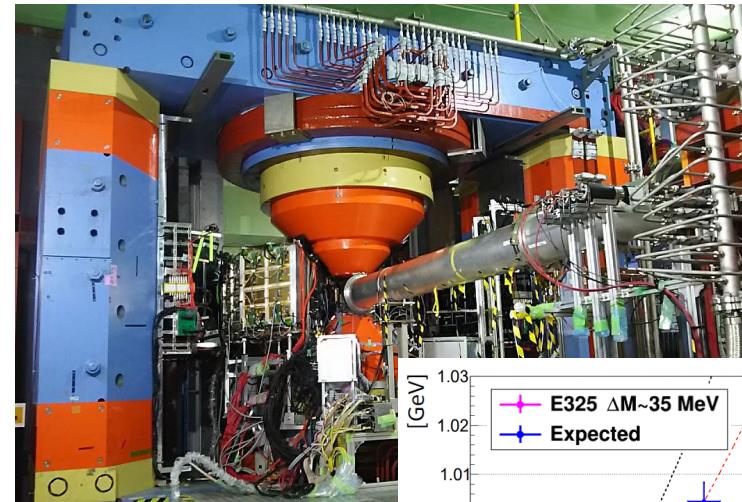
Phase-I



## Hadron Physics

Measurement of spectral modification of  $\phi$  meson in nuclei (2020~)

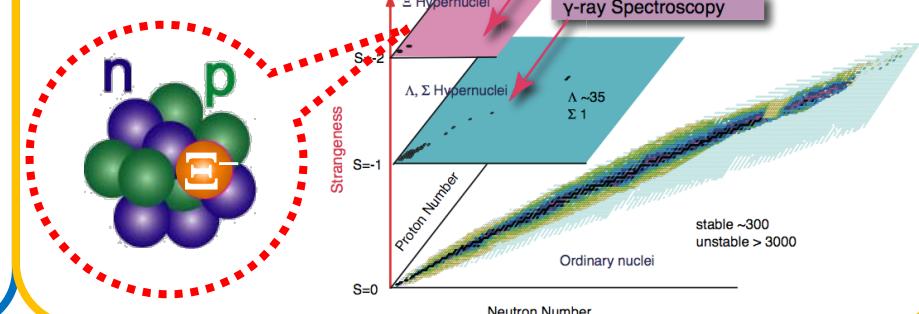
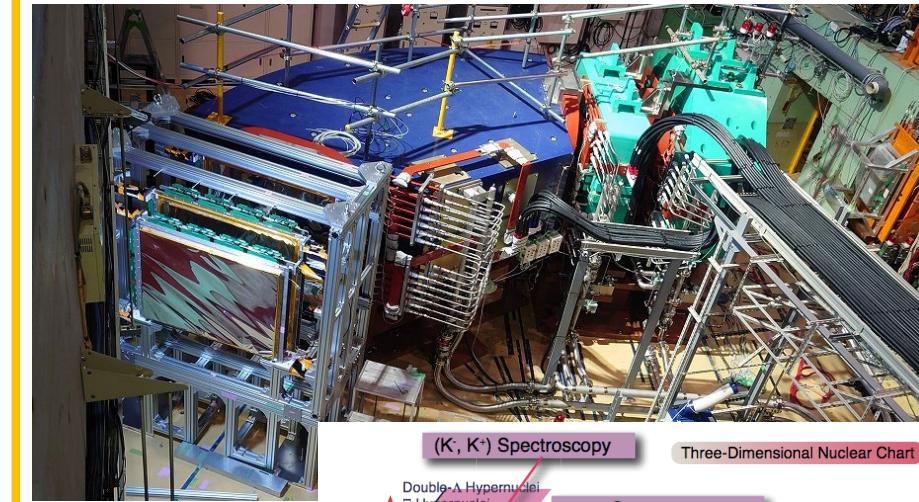
→ Attack mass-generation mechanism of hadrons



## Strangeness Nuclear Physics

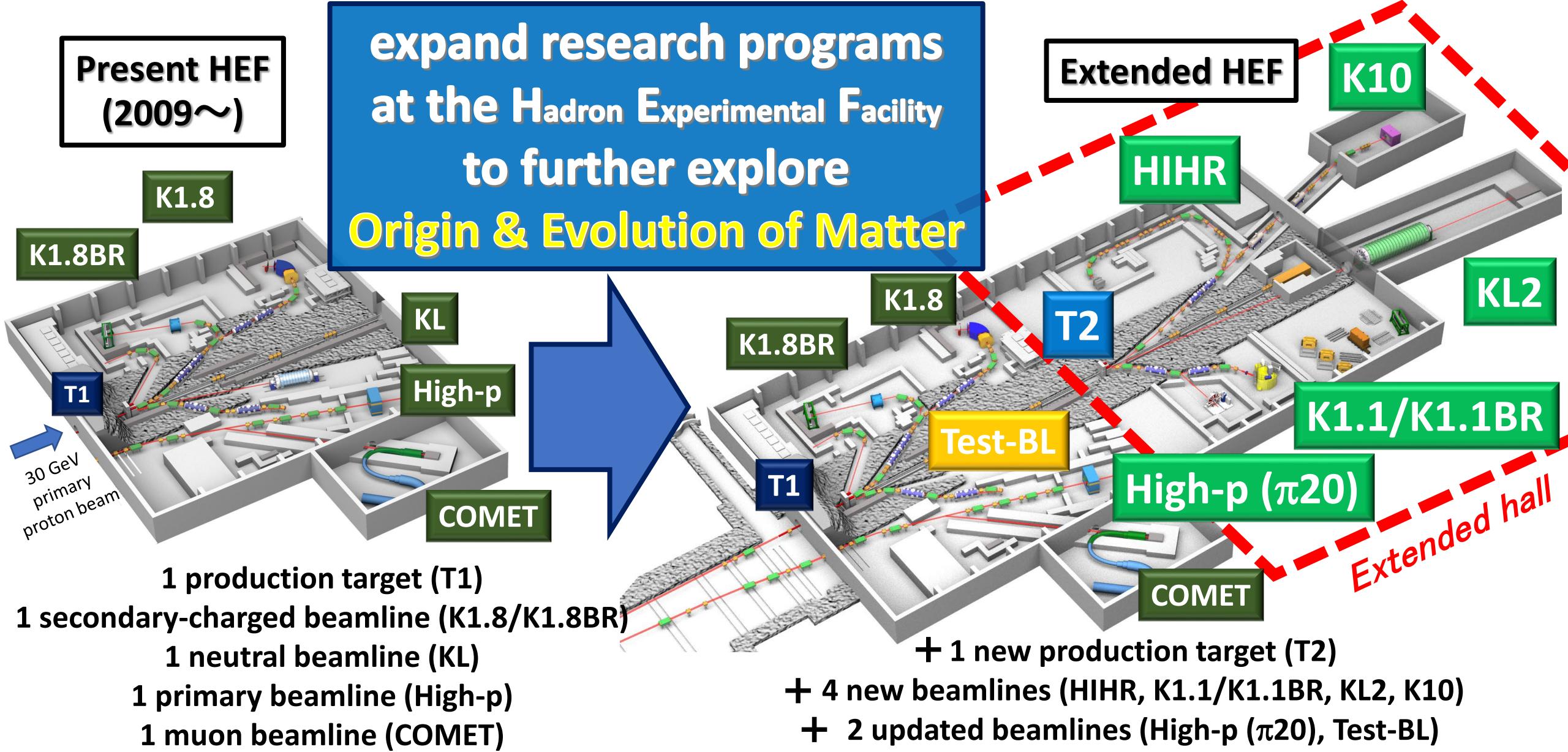
High-resolution spectroscopic study of  $S=-2$   $\Xi$ -hypernuclei (2023~)

→ Provide accurate and systematic information on  $\Xi N$ ,  $\Lambda\Lambda$  interactions

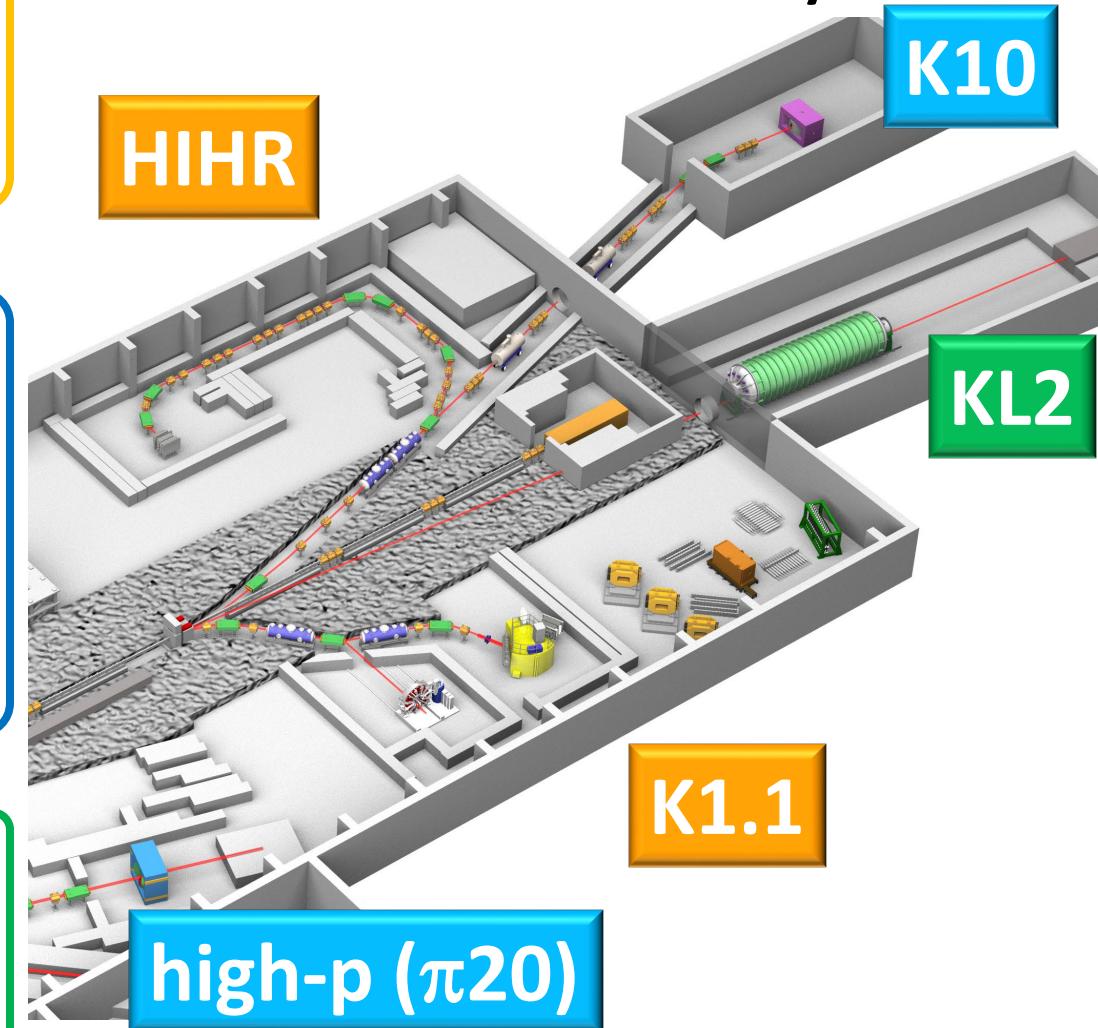


# **Hadron Experimental Facility exTension (HEF-ex) Project**

# Hadron Experimental Facility extension (HEF-ex) Project



# Expanded Research Programs at the Extended Facility



## Extract density dependent $\Lambda N$ interaction

**HIHR** Ultra-high-resolution  $\Lambda$  hypernuclei spectroscopy

- intense dispersion matched  $\pi$  beam

**K1.1** Systematic  $\Lambda N$  scattering measurement

- intense polarized  $\Lambda$  beam

## Investigate diquarks in baryons

**high-p ( $\pi20$ )** High-resolution charm baryon spectroscopy

- intense high-momentum  $\pi$  beam

**K10** High-resolution multi-strange baryon spectroscopy

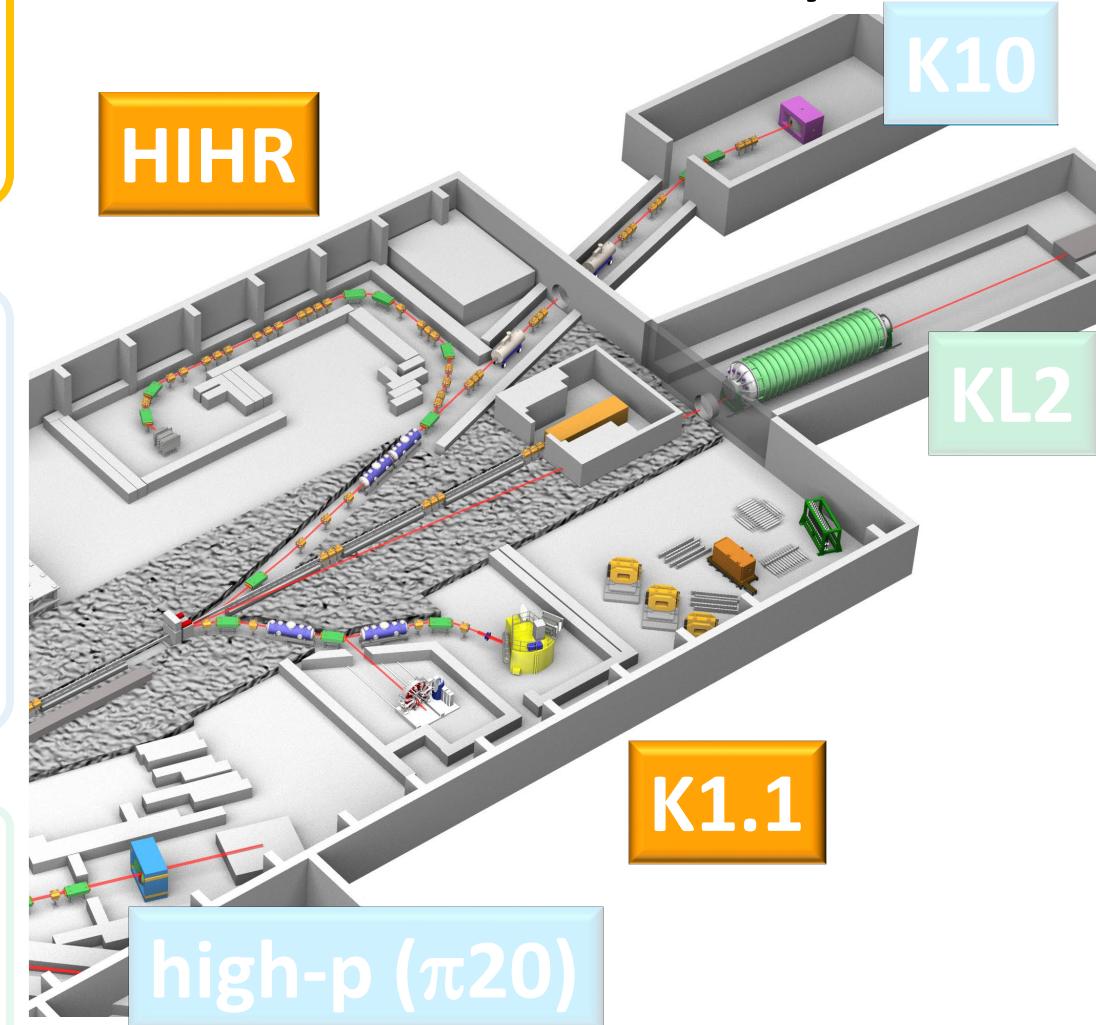
- intense high-momentum separated K beam

## Search for new physics beyond the SM

**KL2** Most sensitive  $K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^0 \nu\bar{\nu}$  measurement

- intense neutral K beam

# Expanded Research Programs at the Extended Facility



## Extract density dependent $\Lambda N$ interaction

**HIHR** Ultra-high-resolution  $\Lambda$  hypernuclei spectroscopy

- intense dispersion matched  $\pi$  beam

## K1.1 Systematic $\Lambda N$ scattering measurement

- intense polarized  $\Lambda$  beam

## Investigate diquarks in baryons

high-p  
( $\pi$ 20)

## High-resolution charm baryon spectroscopy

- intense high-momentum  $\pi$  beam

K10

## High-resolution multi-strange baryon spectroscopy

- intense high-momentum separated K beam

## Search for new physics beyond the SM

**KL2** Highest-sensitive  $K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^0 \bar{\nu} \nu$  measurement

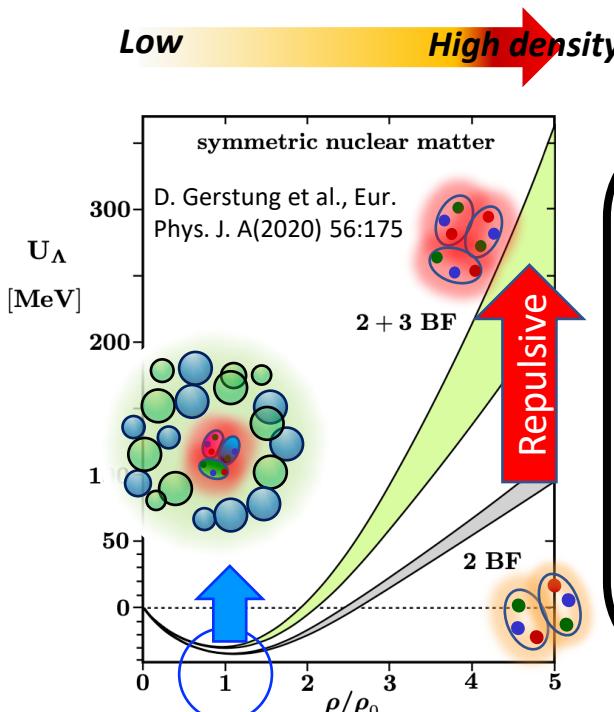
- intense neutral K beam

# Strangeness Nuclear Physics: Hyperon in Dense Environment

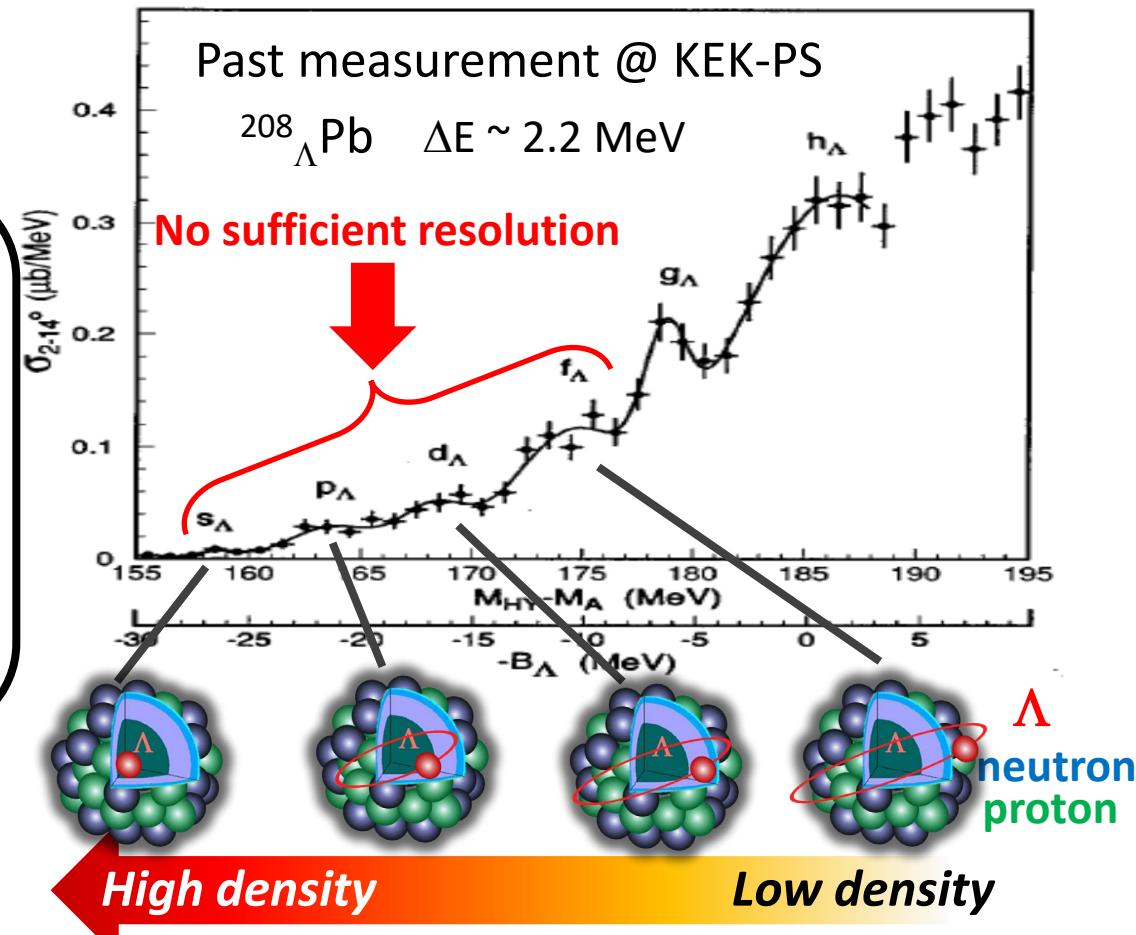
Why can heavy neutron stars exist?

➤ Hyperons ( $\Lambda$ ,  $\Xi$ , ...) emerge in dense neutron star matter?

$\Lambda NN$  3 Baryon Force is a key



**heavy  $\Lambda$ -hypernuclei :**  
 $\Lambda$  binding energies ( $B_\Lambda$ )  
 → density dependent  
 $\Lambda N$  interaction  
 → We need precise  
 measurements



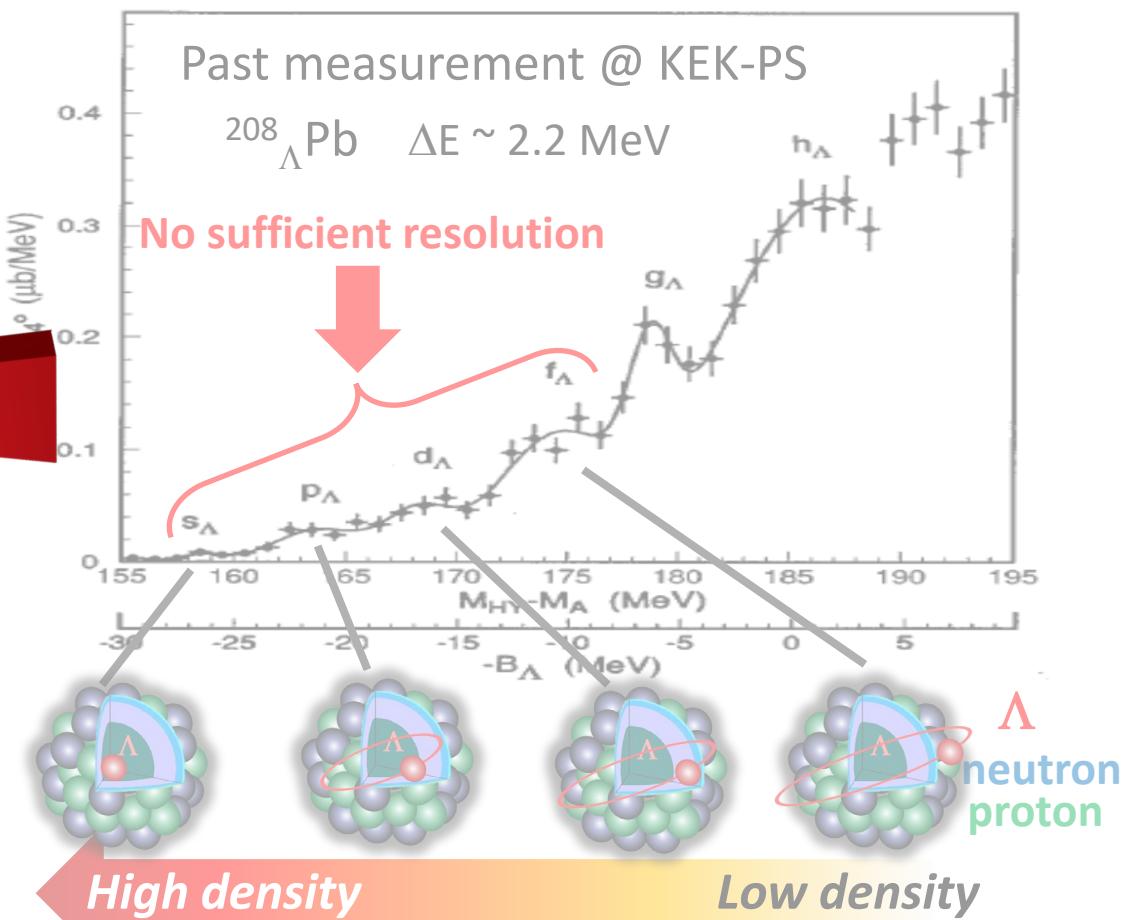
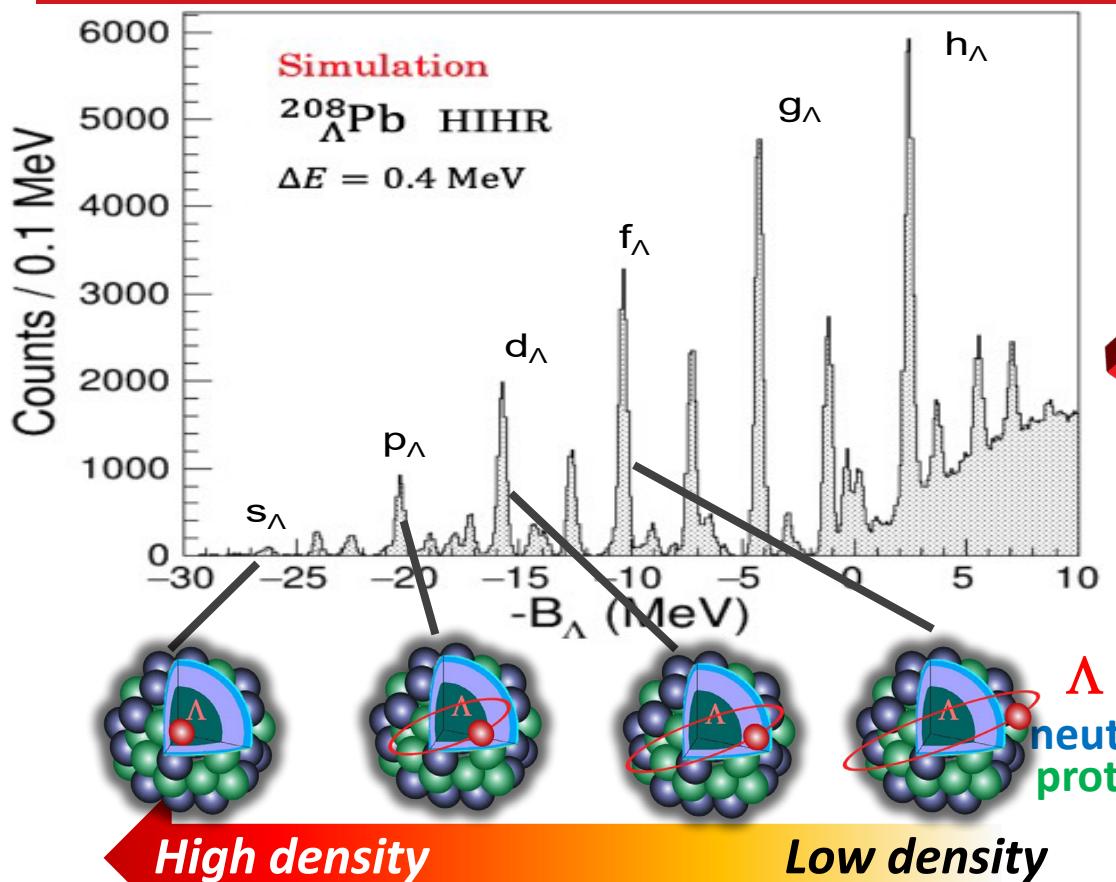
a tiny fraction of 3 Baryon Force effects

# Strangeness Nuclear Physics: Hyperon in Dense Environment

Why can heavy neutron stars exist?

➤ Hyperons ( $\Lambda$ ,  $\Xi$ , ...) emerge in dense neutron star matter?

Need separation of each  $\Lambda$  orbital state



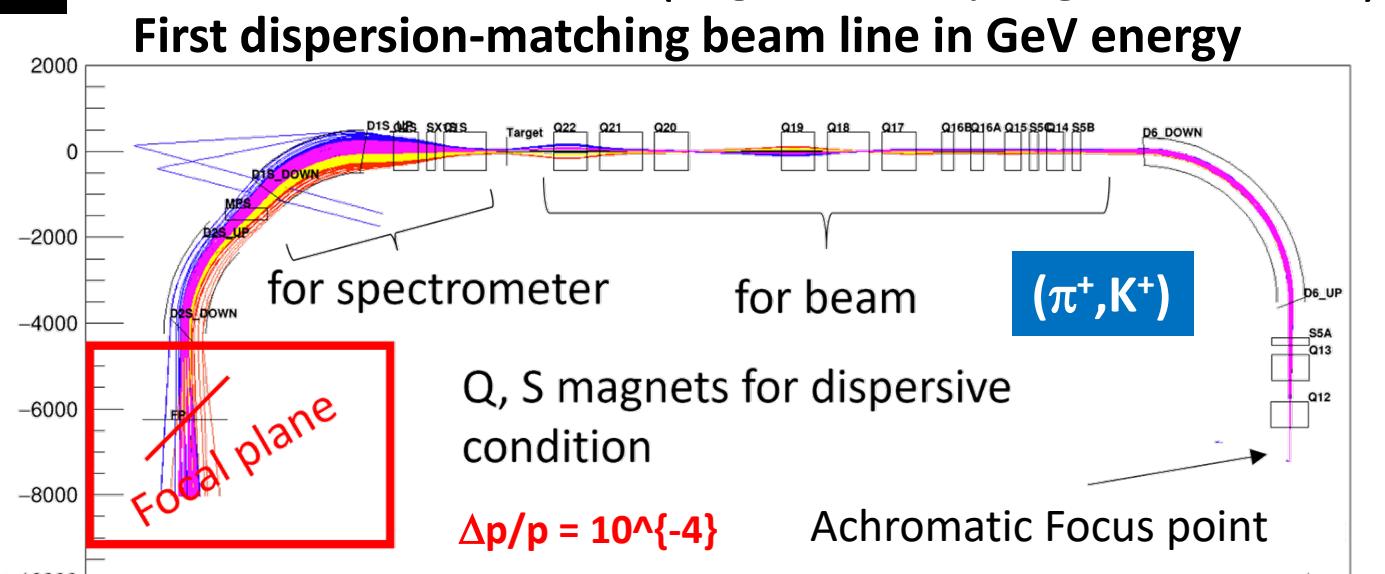
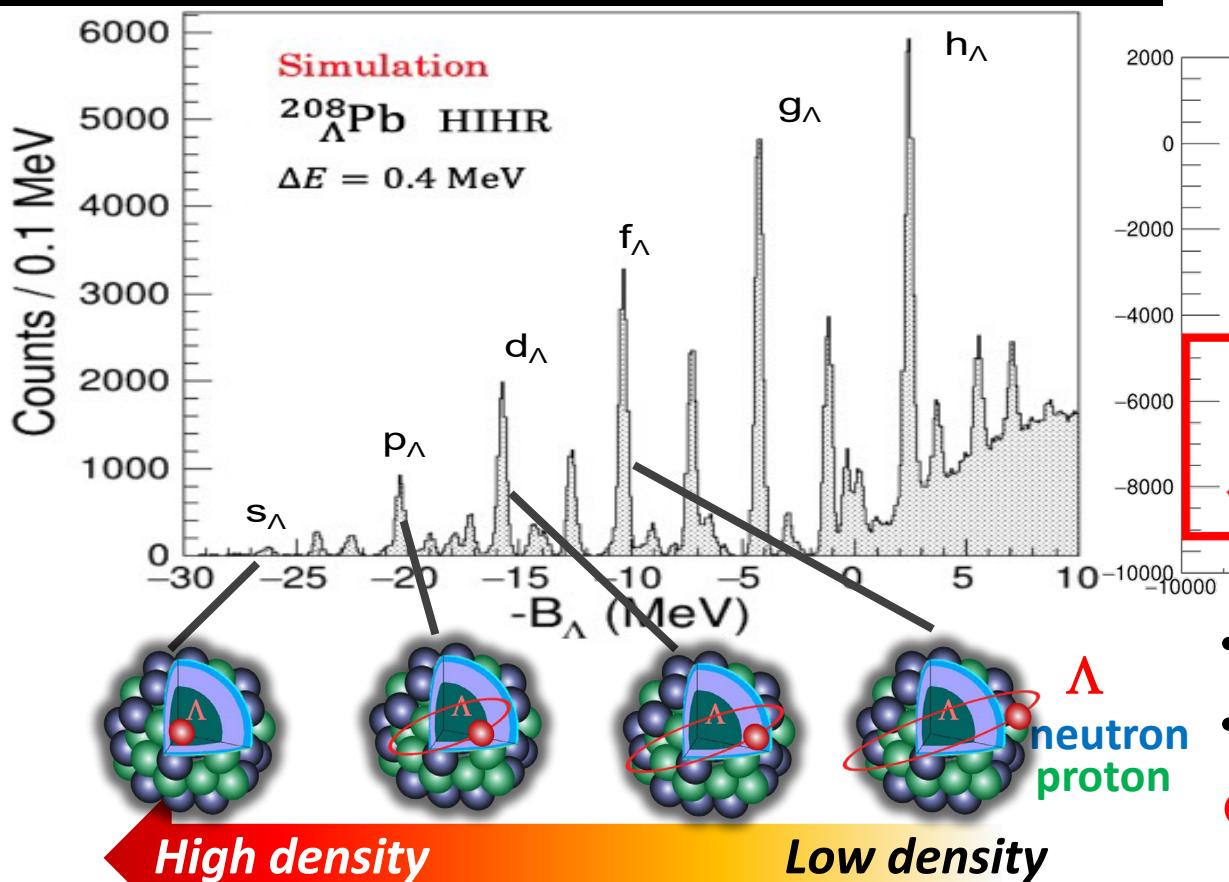
# Strangeness Nuclear Physics: Hyperon in Dense Environment

Why can heavy neutron stars exist?

➤ Hyperons ( $\Lambda$ ,  $\Xi$ , ...) emerge in dense neutron star matter?

Ultra-high-resolution  $\Lambda$ -hyp. spectroscopy

HIHR beam line (High-Intensity High-Resolution)



- No need for beam tracking
- Intense  $\pi$  beam of  $> 10^8$  /pulse
- **Break through the resolution limit:**  
 $\sim 2.2 \text{ MeV} \rightarrow \text{better than } \sim 0.4 \text{ MeV (FWHM)}$

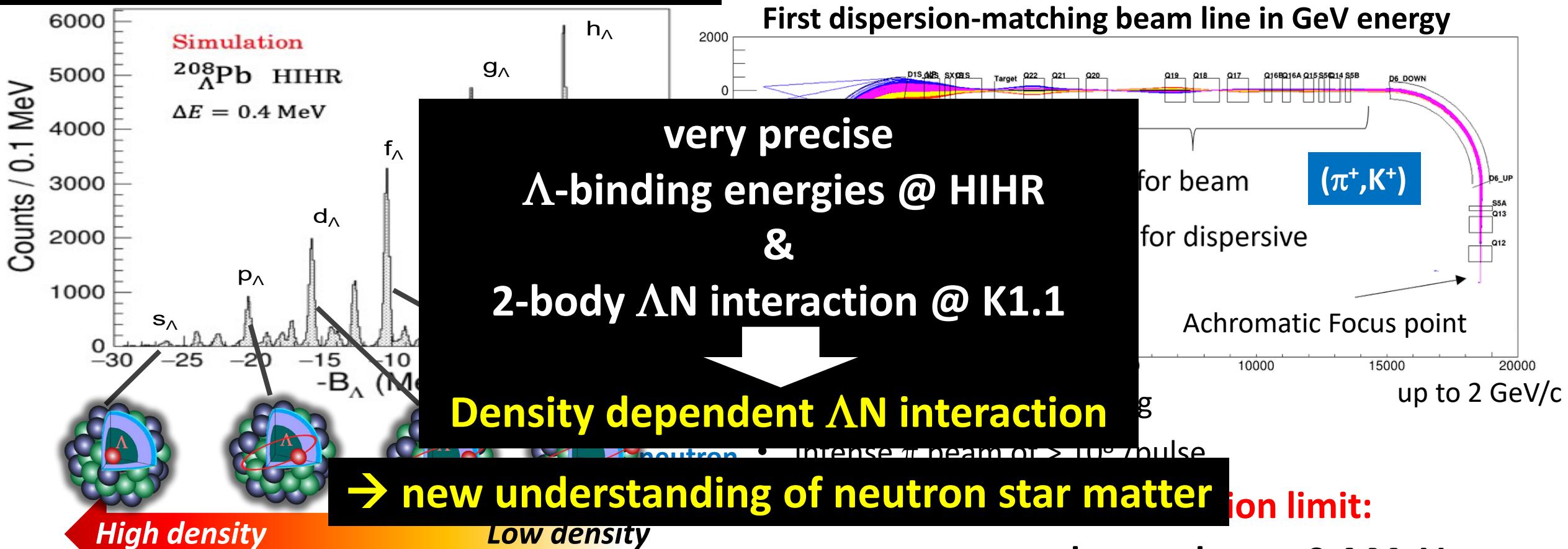
# Strangeness Nuclear Physics: Hyperon in Dense Environment

Why can heavy neutron stars exist?

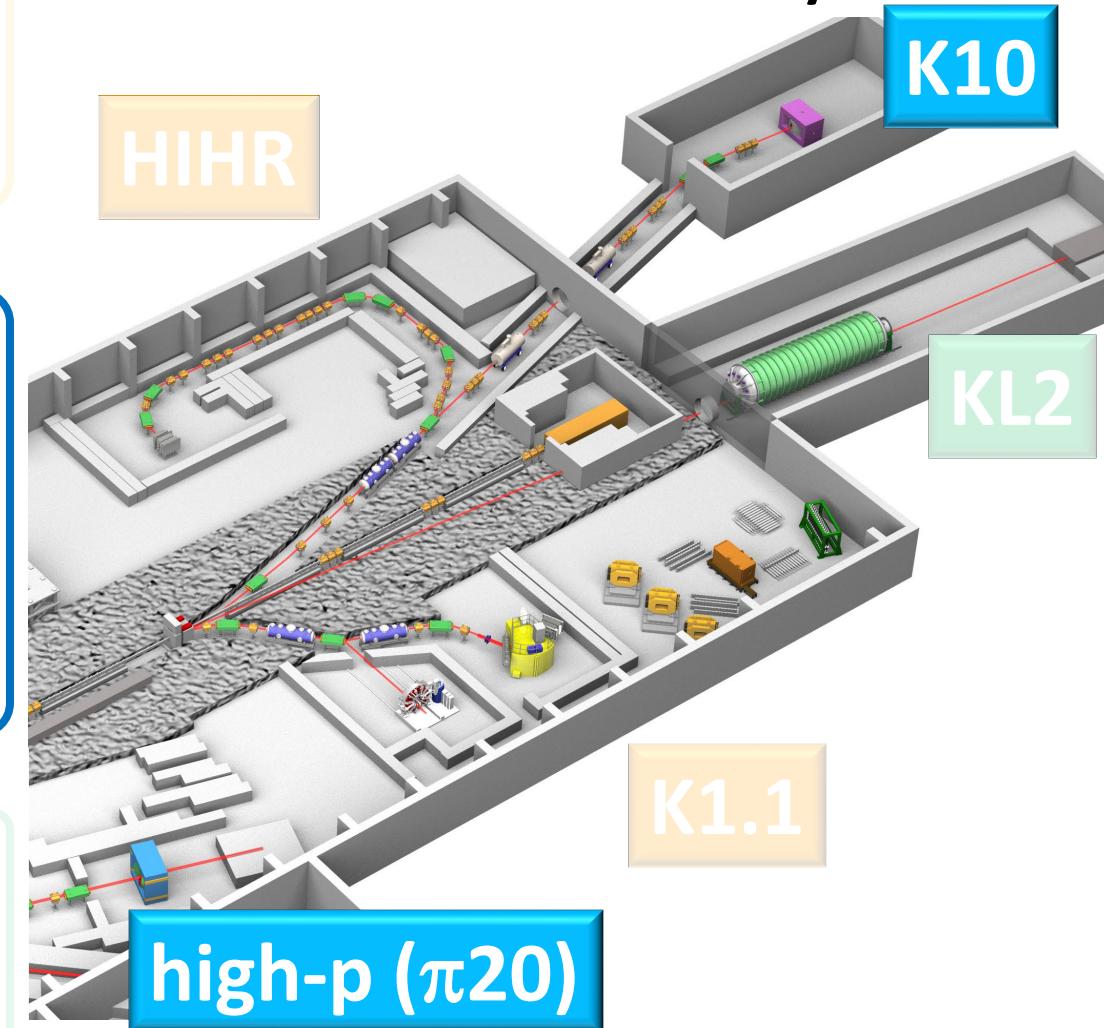
- Hyperons ( $\Lambda$ ,  $\Xi$ , ...) emerge in dense neutron star matter?

Ultra-high-resolution  $\Lambda$ -hyp. spectroscopy

**HIHR beam line** (High-Intensity High-Resolution)



# Expanded Research Programs at the Extended Facility



## Extract density dependent $\Lambda N$ interaction

**HIHR** Ultra-high-resolution  $\Lambda$  hypernuclei spectroscopy

- intense dispersion matched  $\pi$  beam

### K1.1 Systematic $\Lambda N$ scattering measurement

- intense polarized  $\Lambda$  beam

## Investigate diquarks in baryons

**high-p ( $\pi 20$ )**

**K10**

### High-resolution charm baryon spectroscopy

- intense high-momentum  $\pi$  beam

### High-resolution multi-strange baryon spectroscopy

- intense high-momentum separated K beam

## Search for new physics beyond the SM

**KL2** Highest-sensitive  $K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^0 \bar{\nu} \nu$  measurement

- intense neutral K beam

**high-p ( $\pi 20$ )**

# Hadron Physics: Diquarks in Baryons

## How quarks build hadrons?

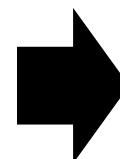
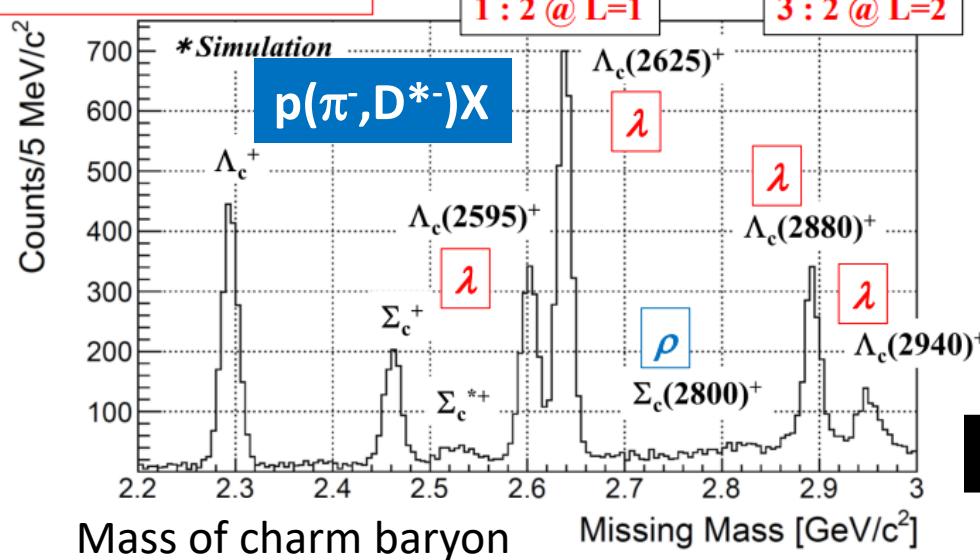
- Investigate **diquarks** in baryons toward understanding of **dense quark matter**
- **Charm Baryon Spectroscopy**

using intense high-momentum  $\pi$  beam @ High- $p$  ( $\pi 20$ )

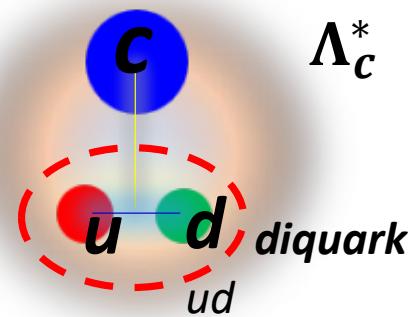
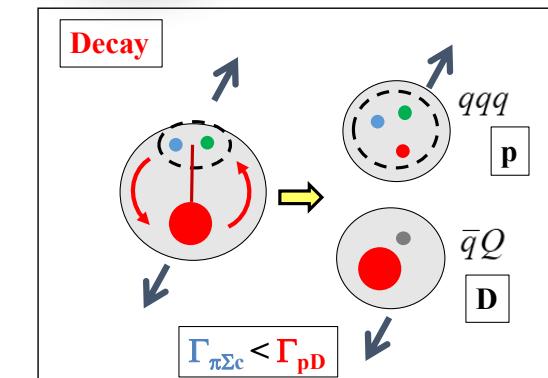
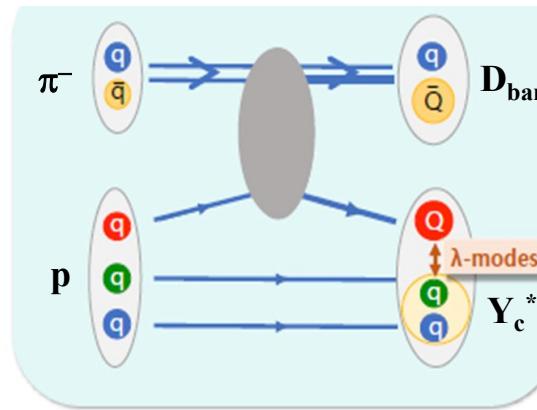
### Establish a diquark ( $ud$ )

$\Lambda_c^*$ : Disentangle “collective motion of  $ud$ ”  
and “relative motion between  $u$  and  $d$ ”

\* Production rate =  $L : L+1$



“production rate” and “decay rate”  
will give us information about diquark



# Hadron Physics: Diquarks in Baryons

## How quarks build hadrons?

➤ Investigate **diquarks** in baryons toward understanding of **dense quark matter**

➤ **Charm Baryon Spectroscopy**

using intense high-momentum  $\pi$  beam @ High- $p$  ( $\pi 20$ )

**Establish a diquark ( $ud$ )**

$\Lambda_c^*$ : Disentangle “collective motion of  $ud$ ”  
and “relative motion between  $u$  and  $d$ ”

➤ **Multi-Strange Baryon Spectroscopy**

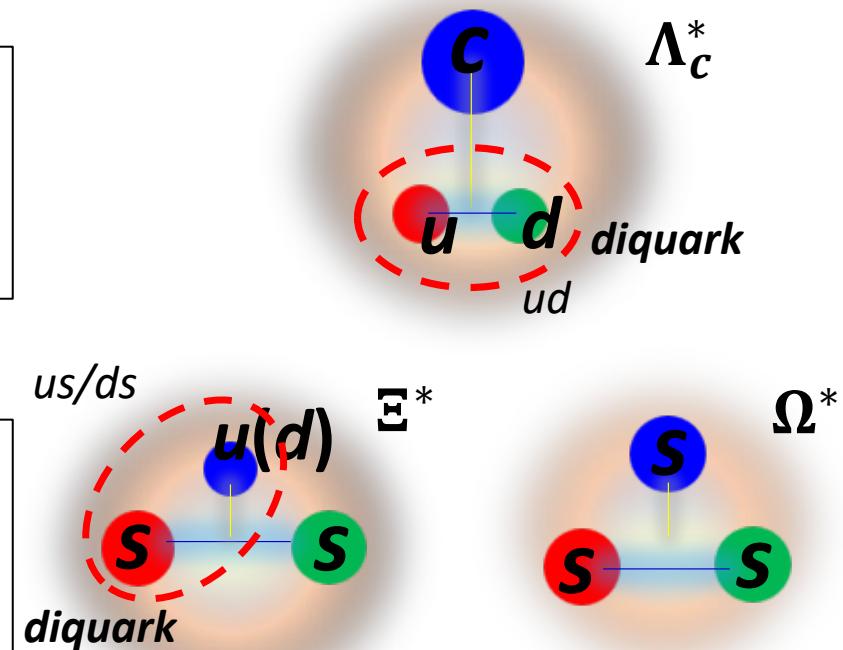
using intense high-momentum K beam @ K10

**Diquarks in different systems**

$\Xi^*$ :  $us/ds$  diquark

$\Omega^*$ : the simplest  $sss$  system

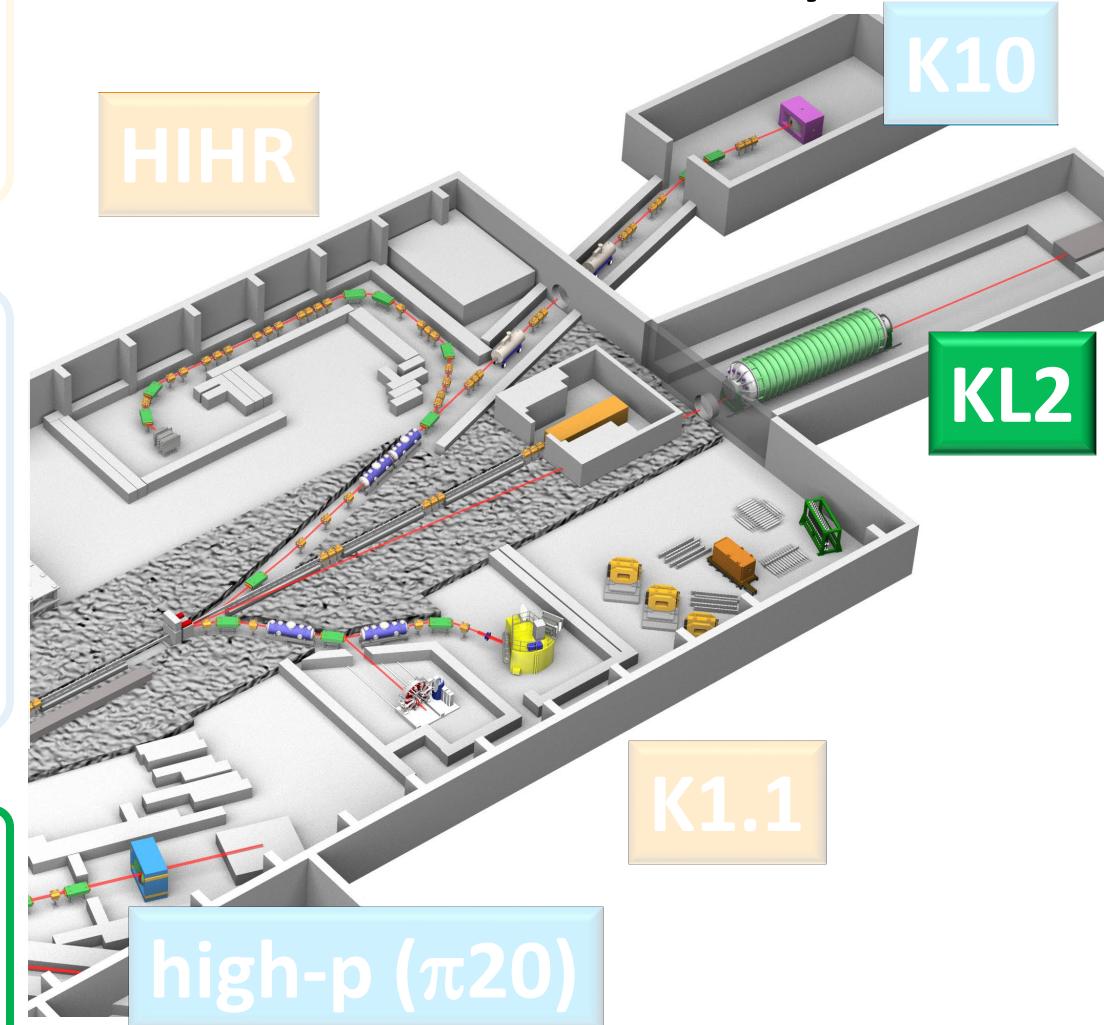
→ diquark is expected to be suppressed



Systematic measurements will reveal

the internal structure of baryons through the diquarks

# Expanded Research Programs at the Extended Facility



## Extract density dependent $\Lambda N$ interaction

**HIHR** Ultra-high-resolution  $\Lambda$  hypernuclei spectroscopy

- intense dispersion matched  $\pi$  beam

## K1.1 Systematic $\Lambda N$ scattering measurement

- intense polarized  $\Lambda$  beam

## Investigate diquarks in baryons

**high-p ( $\pi20$ )** High-resolution charm baryon spectroscopy

- intense high-momentum  $\pi$  beam

**K10** High-resolution multi-strange baryon spectroscopy

- intense high-momentum separated K beam

## Search for new physics beyond the SM

**KL2** Highest-sensitive  $K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^0 \nu \bar{\nu}$  measurement

- intense neutral K beam

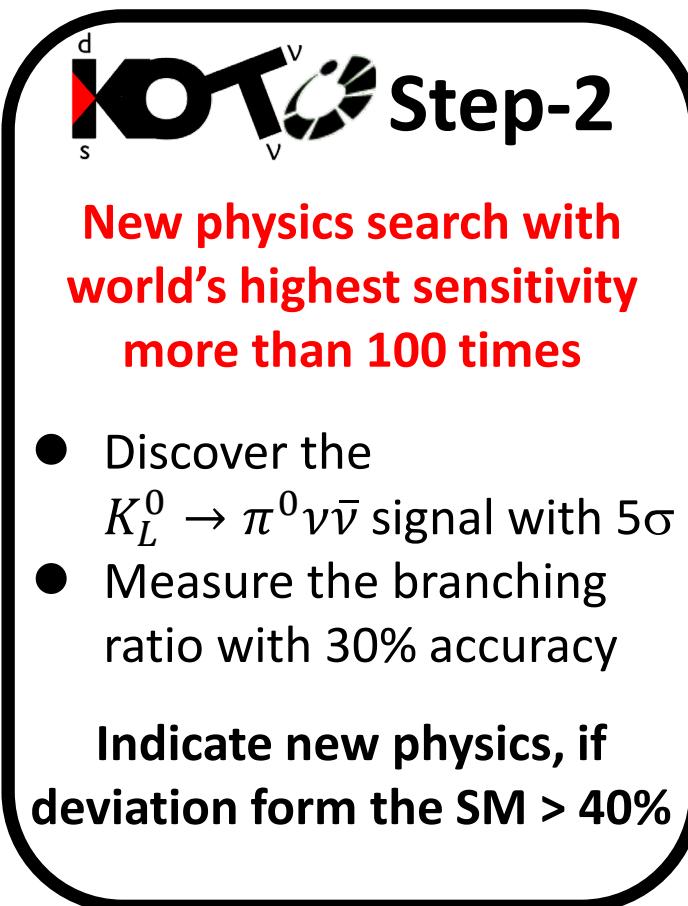
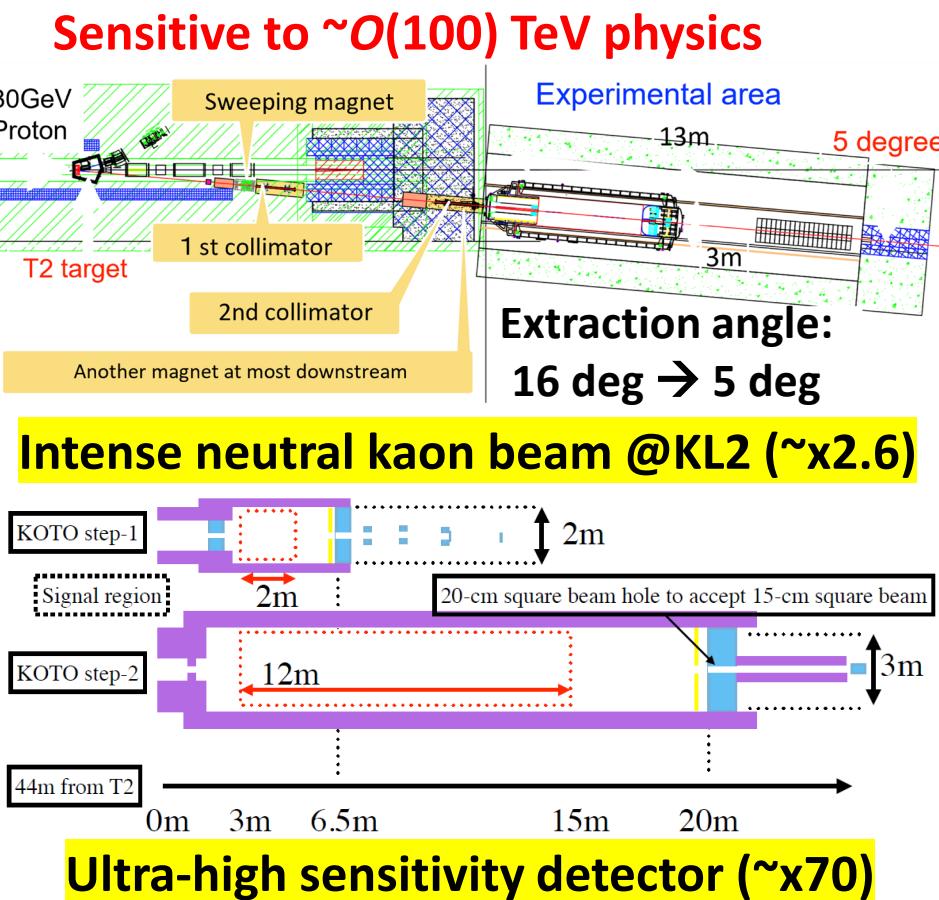
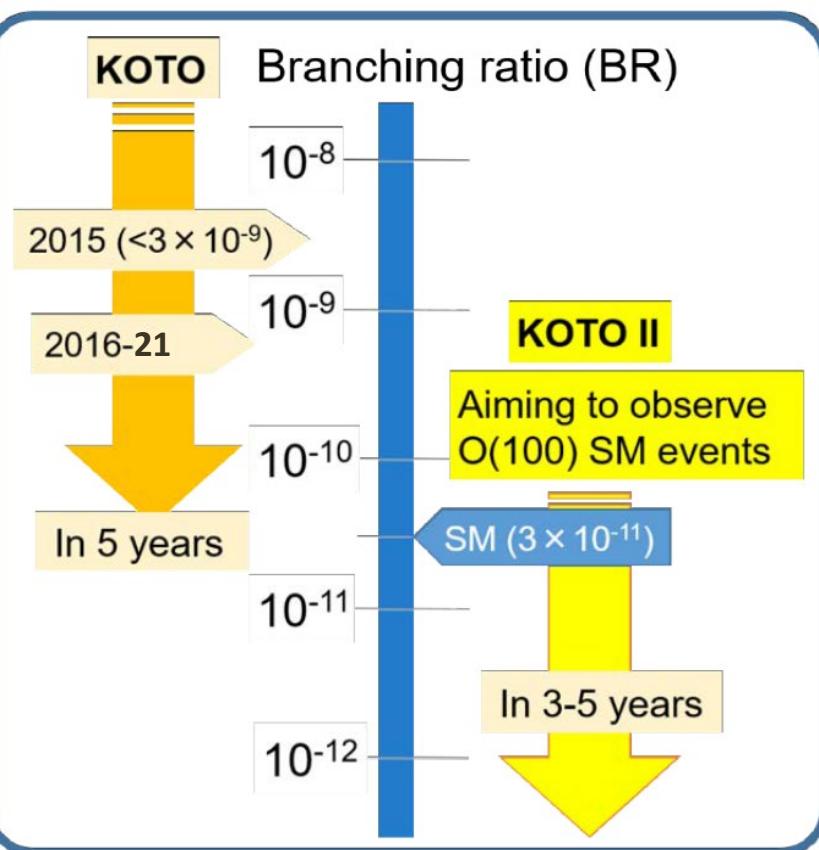
# Flavor Physics: New Physics Search at KOTO Step-2<sup>19</sup>

Is there new physics beyond the Standard Model?

Rare kaon decay:  $K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^0 \nu \bar{\nu}$

One of the best probes for new physics searches

- Directly break CP symmetry
- Suppressed in the SM  $\rightarrow$  Branching ratio  $\sim 3 \times 10^{-11}$
- Small theoretical uncertainties ( $\sim 2\%$ )

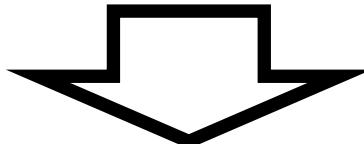


# Status of the Extension Project

listed as a candidate for government funding:

➤ MEXT Roadmap 2020 2012, 2014

➤ Science Council of Japan Master Plan 2020 2011, 2014, 2017



The project was selected as **the top-priority project** to be budgeted in the KEK mid-term plan (FY2022-26) at KEK-PIP2022 (Project Implementation Plan)



About KEK News International Research Education Public Relations

Home > KEK Science Advisory Committee · KEK Roadmap · KEK-PIP

<https://www.kek.jp/en/roadmap-en/>

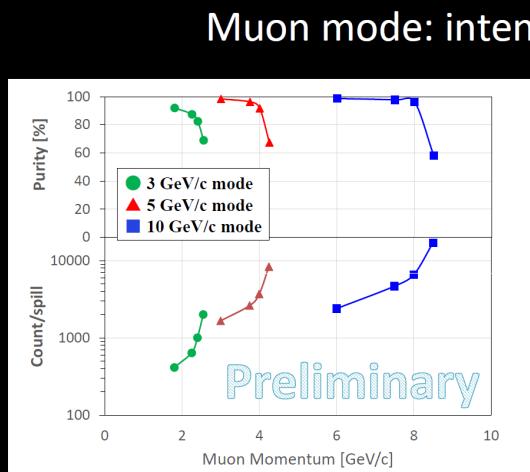
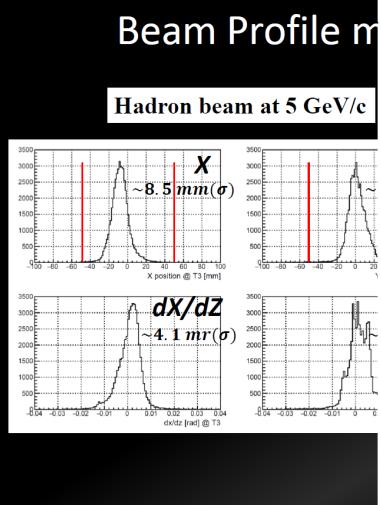
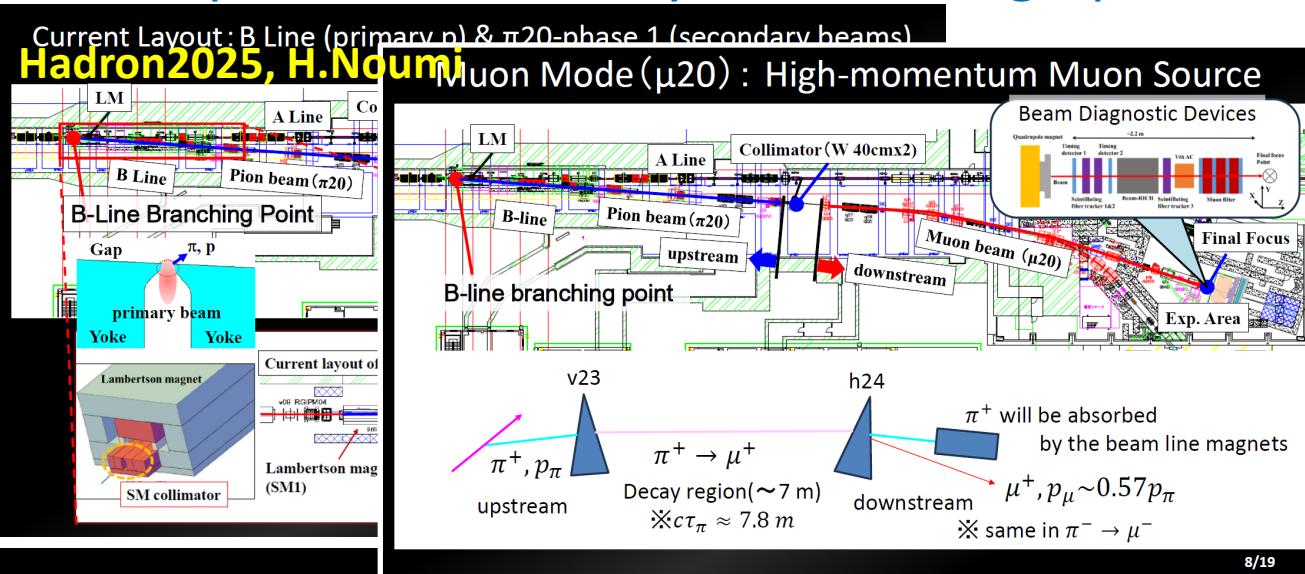
KEK Science Advisory Committee · KEK Roadmap · KEK-PIP

2022/06/24

KEK Science Advisory Committee

1.Report:The 4th Meeting of The KEK Science Advisory Committee (English, March 15, 2023)

We successfully conducted the first measurement of positive secondary beams at high-p BL.



Several 100 ~  
several 1000 muons/spill  
with the purity of >90%

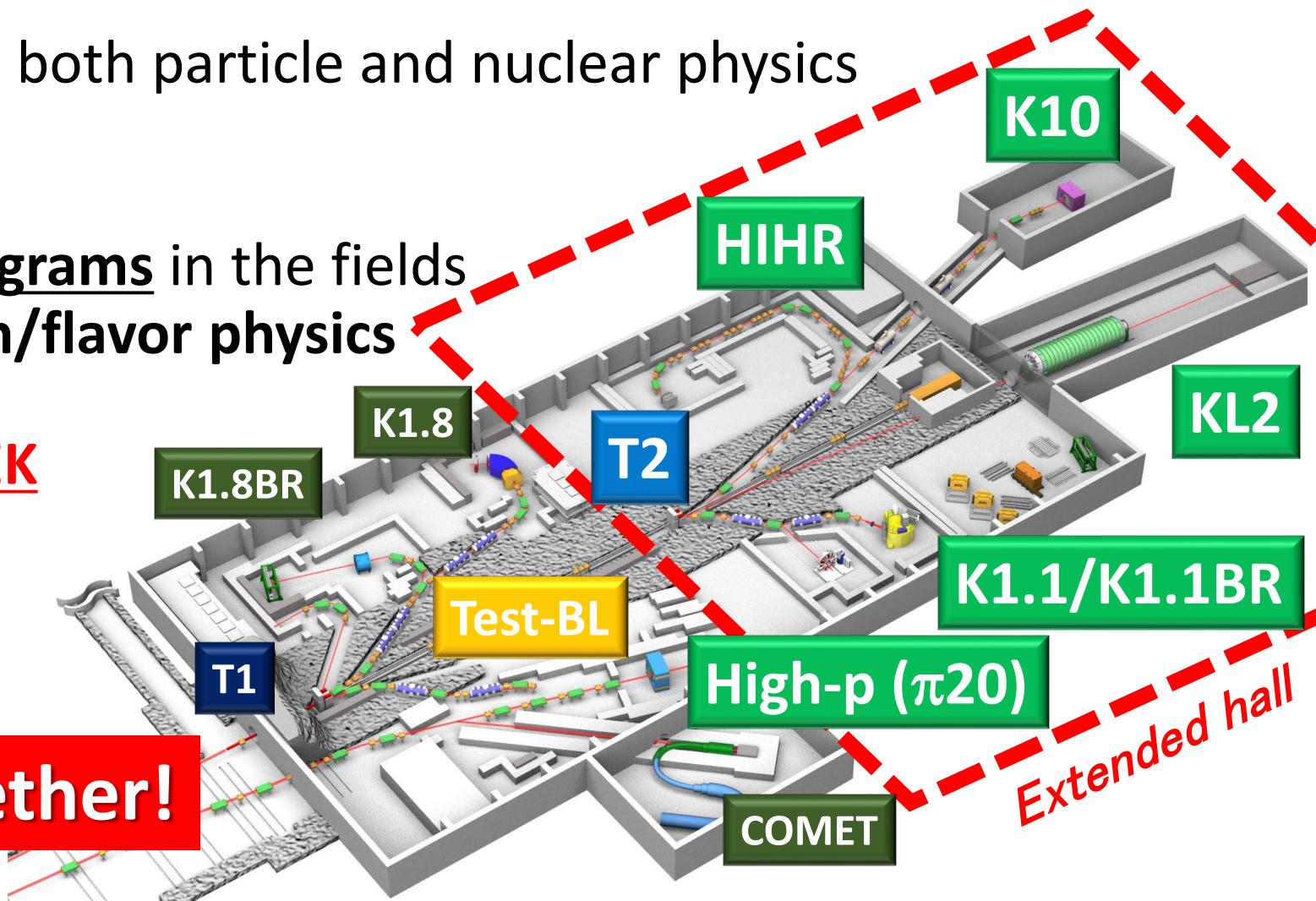
cf. Hadron beam intensity

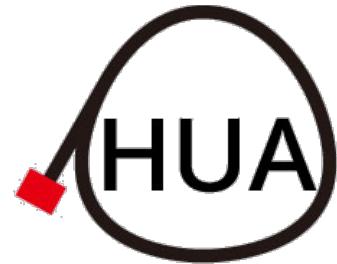
- 3 GeV/c: ~200 k/spill
- ▲ 5 GeV/c: ~600 k/spill
- 10 GeV/c: ~1400 k/spill

\* Spill repetition: 4.2 sec

# Summary of the Extension Project of the J-PARC Hadron Experimental Facility

- Unique research programs in both particle and nuclear physics at high-intensity frontier
- World's leading research programs in the fields of strangeness-nuclear/hadron/flavor physics
- Top-priority project in the KEK mid-term plan (FY2022-26) /  
→ Project is now ready to start





# Thank you for your attention!

<https://www.rcnp.osaka-u.ac.jp/~jparchua/en/hefextension.html>



First-Beam WS at the J-PARC Hadron Experimental Hall  
25-26 March 2009, KEK Tokai, Japan

1<sup>st</sup> J-PARC HEF-ex WS, 7-9 July 2021, online



2<sup>nd</sup> J-PARC HEF-ex WS, Feb.16-18 2022,  
online



International WS on physics  
at the extended hadron experimental facility of J-PARC  
5-6 March 2016, KEK Tokai Campus



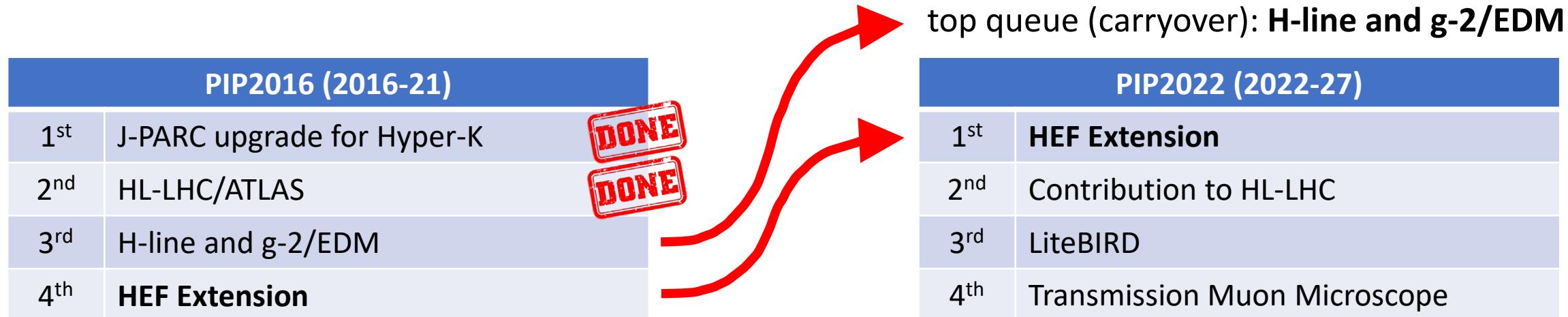
International WS on the project for  
the extended hadron experimental facility of J-PARC  
26-28 March 2018, KEK Tokai Campus



HEF-ex 2024, 19-21 February 2024, J-PARC



# Status of the Extension Project



- g-2/EDM remains in the "queue" of budget requests
  - HEF-ex is considered as the next to g-2/EDM.
- Construction cost has been increased.
  - (150+15) Oku-yen at PIP2022 → (200+20) Oku-yen after COVID-19/Ukraine-War
- Cost reduction/optimization, staging plans with smaller steps, and seeking budgetary support from outside KEK are being discussed for early realization of the project.
  - We need community's help!

# “International workshop” and “town meeting” on the Extension Project for J-PARC Hadron Experimental Facility 2025 (HEF-ex WS/town-meeting 2025)

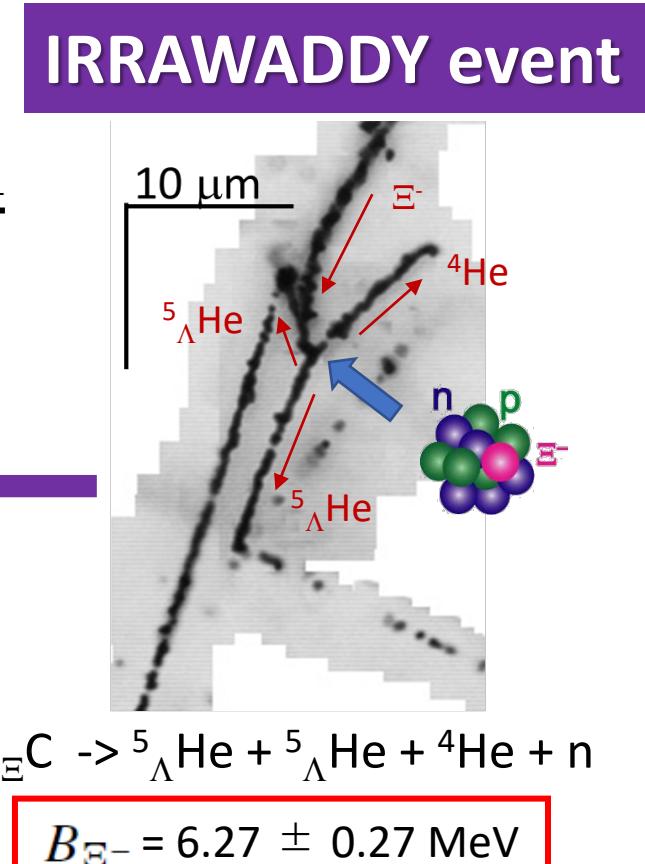
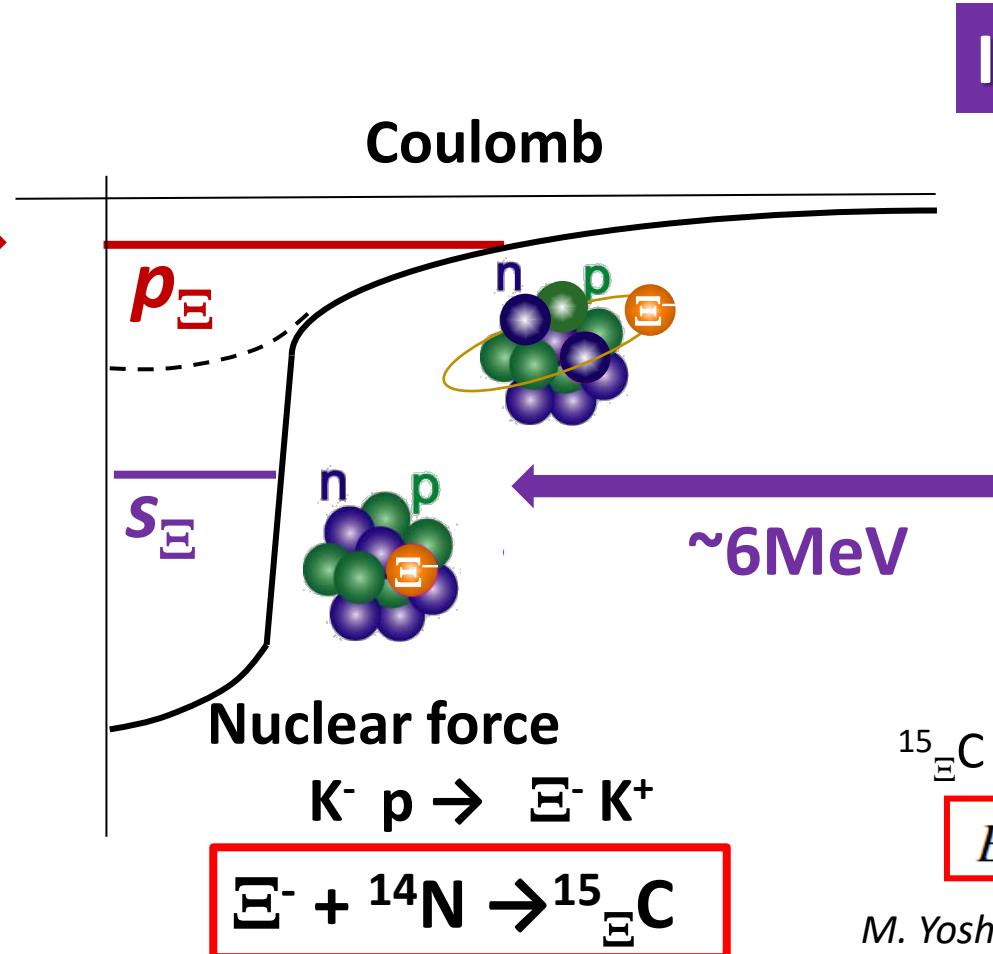
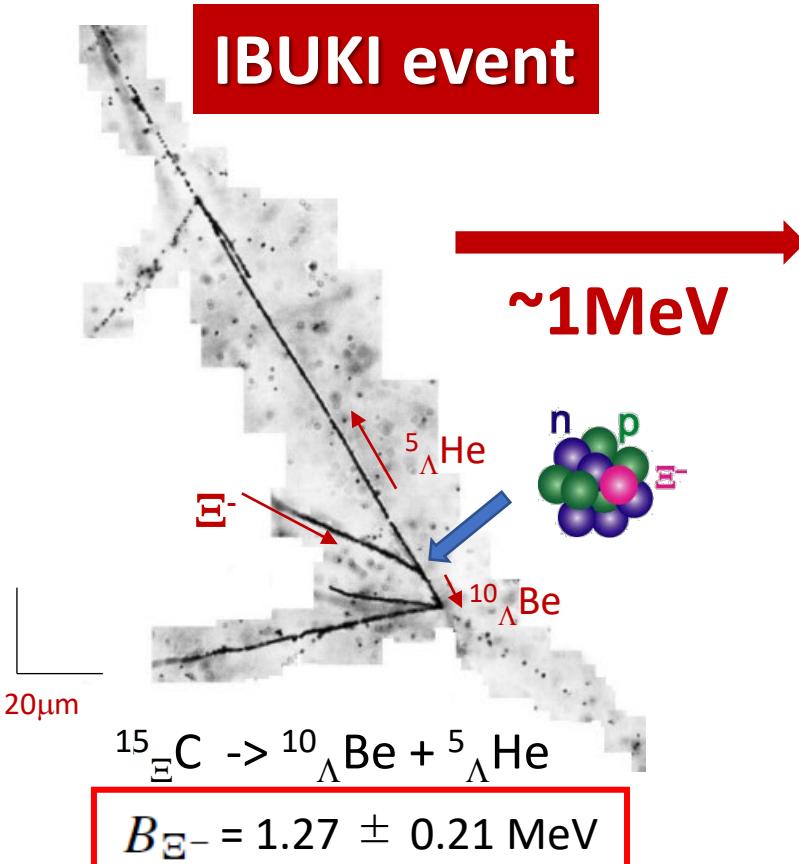
- A workshop with the 2<sup>nd</sup> Town Meeting will be held just prior to HYP2025
  - aiming to promote broader international discussions
- September 26-27 (2 days)
  - 1.5 days for WS, 0.5 days for TM
- Venue: RIKEN (Wako, Japan)



September 9 2025							October 10 2025						
Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat
		1	2	3	4	5	6						
7	8	9	10	11	12	13	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
14	15	16	17	18	19	20	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
21	22	23	24	25	26	27	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
28	29	30	HYP	WS&TM	26	27	28	29	30	31			

# Highlights of the intense K<sup>-</sup> beam experiments (1)<sup>26</sup> Ξ-hypernuclei

- Attractive Ξ-nuclear potential was confirmed from observation of Ξ-hypernuclei in emulsion at J-PARC (E07)



# Highlights of the intense K<sup>-</sup> beam experiments (1)<sup>27</sup>

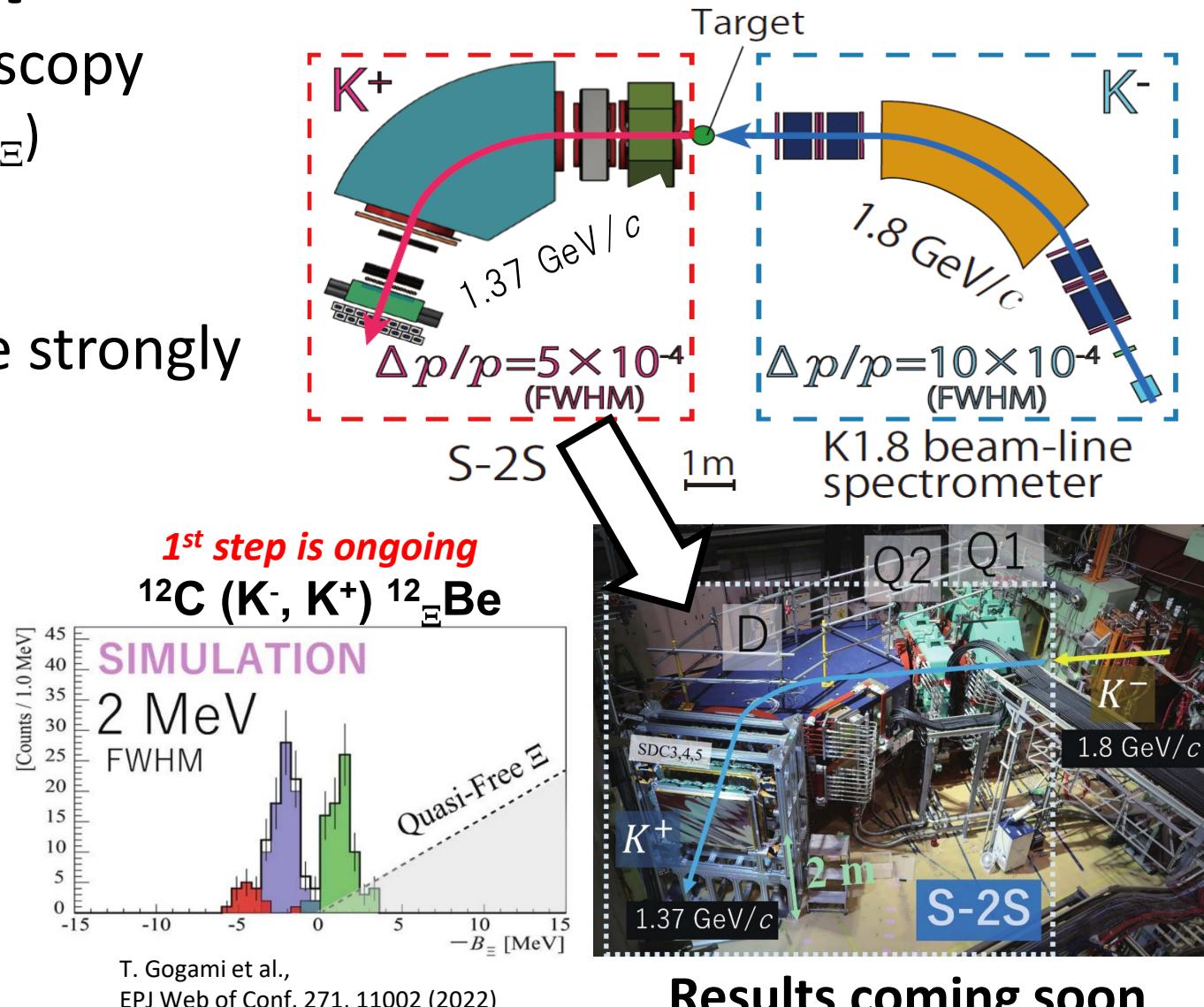
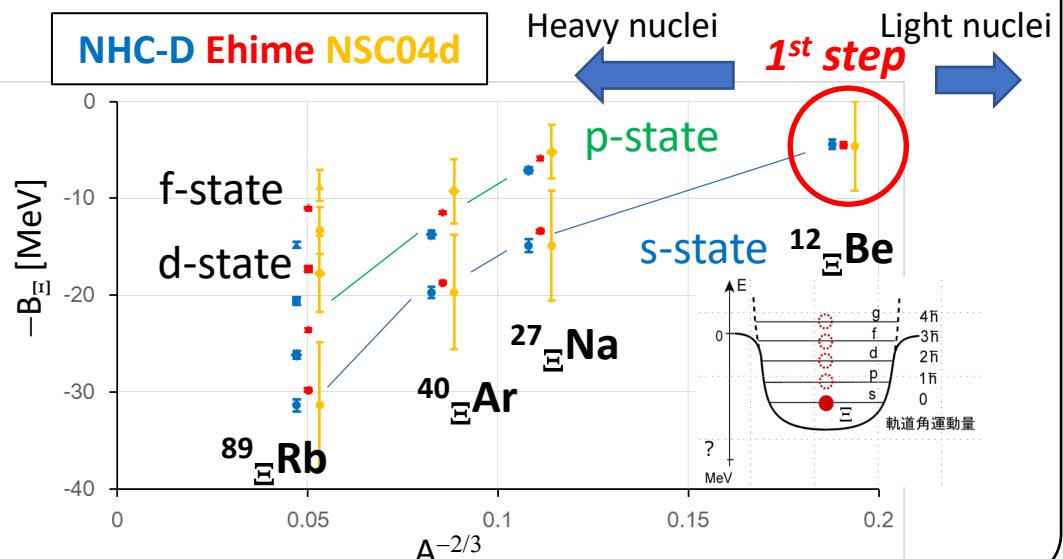
## $\Xi$ -hypernuclei

- The first  $\Xi$ -hypernucleus spectroscopy

- $\Xi$  potential – both  $\text{Re}(V_{\Xi})$  and  $\text{Im}(V_{\Xi})$
- isospin dependence ( $\propto 1/A$ )
- $\Xi N \rightarrow \Lambda \Lambda$  conversion

- Systematic measurements will be strongly promoted at J-PARC

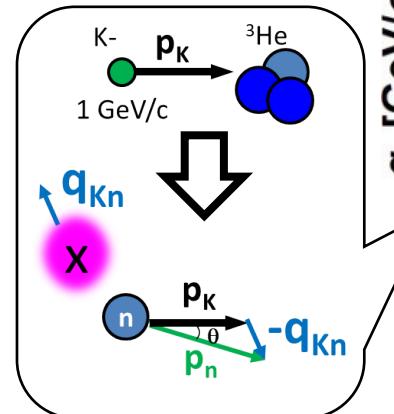
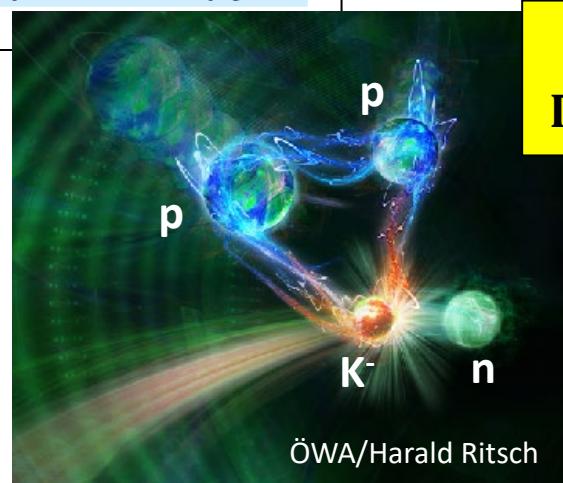
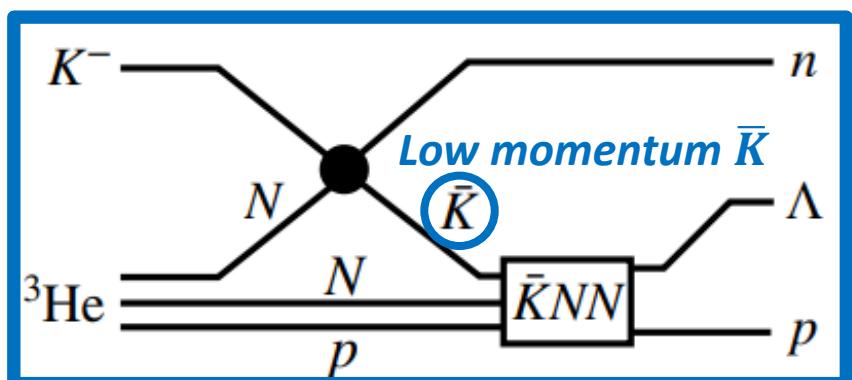
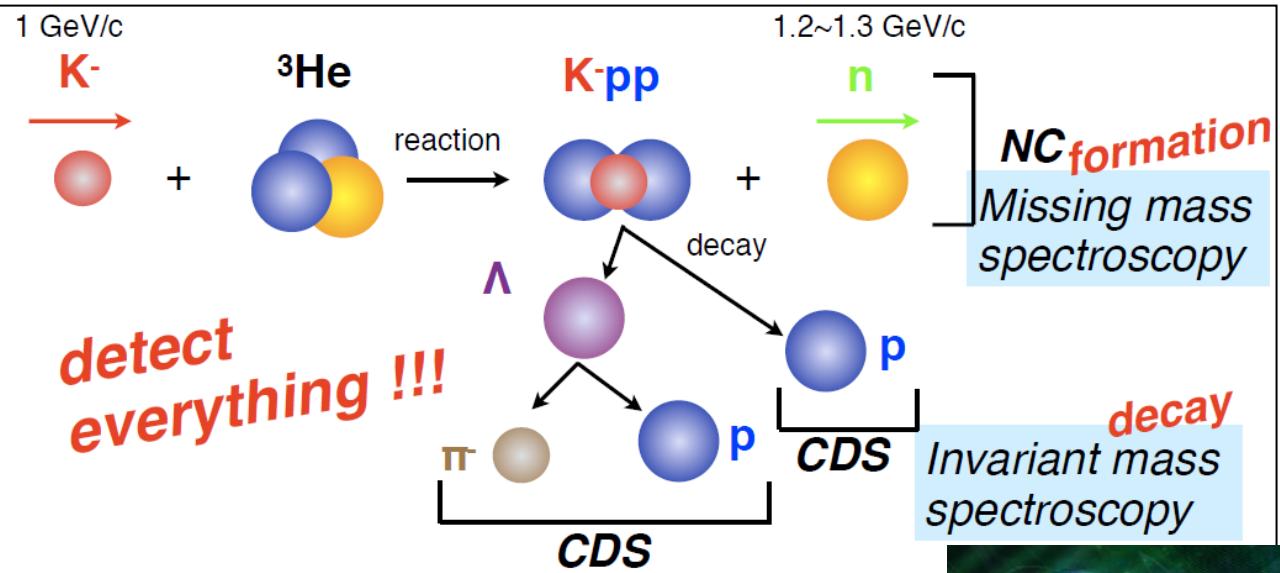
Calculated  $\Xi$  binding energy (and width)



# Highlights of the intense K<sup>-</sup> beam experiments (2)<sup>28</sup>

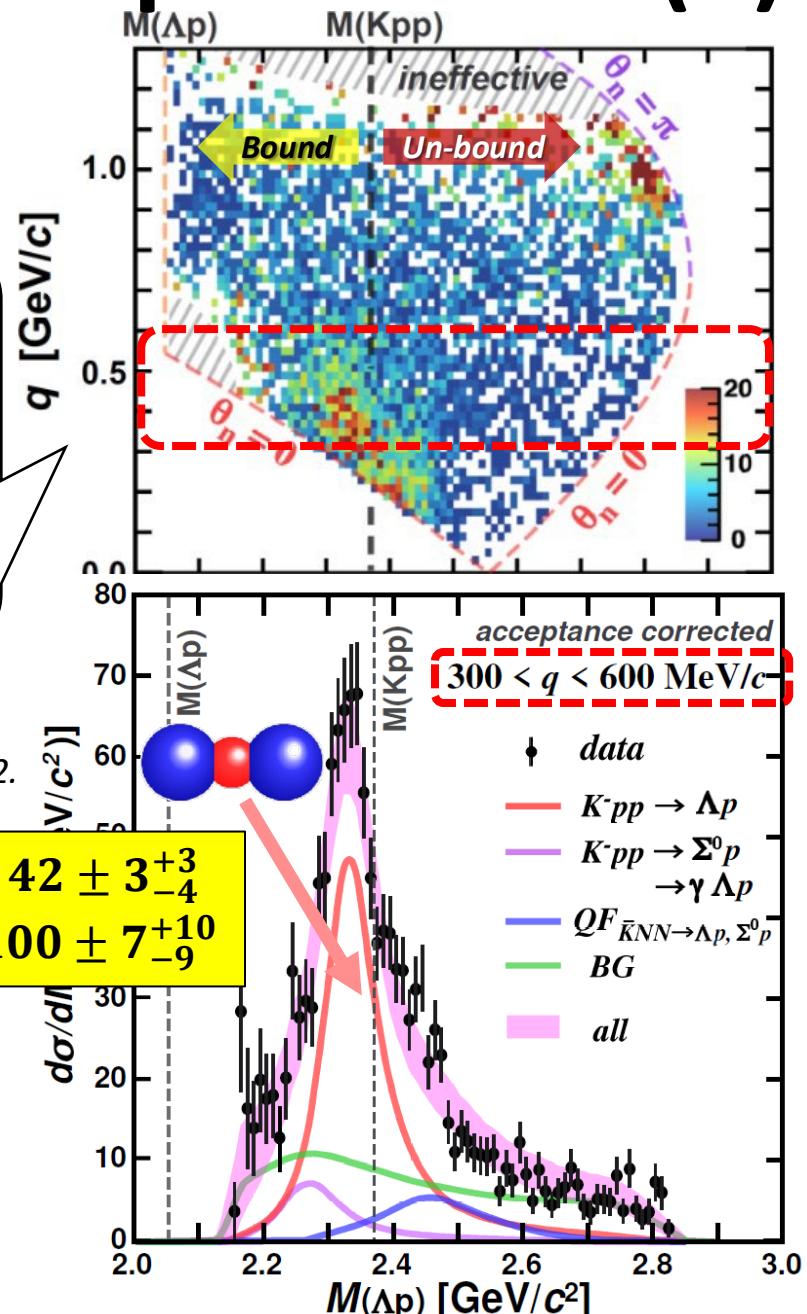
## Kaonic nuclei

- “K<sup>-</sup>pp” bound state was observed in  ${}^3\text{He}(\text{K}^-, \text{n})\Lambda\text{p}$  at J-PARC (E15)



PLB789(2019)620.,  
PRC102(2020)044002.

$$B_{\text{Kpp}} = 42 \pm 3^{+3}_{-4} \quad \Gamma_{\text{Kpp}} = 100 \pm 7^{+10}_{-9}$$

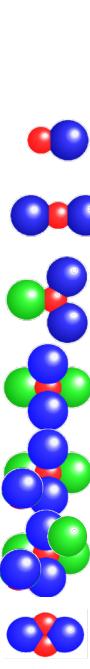


# Highlights of the intense K<sup>-</sup> beam experiments (2)<sup>29</sup>

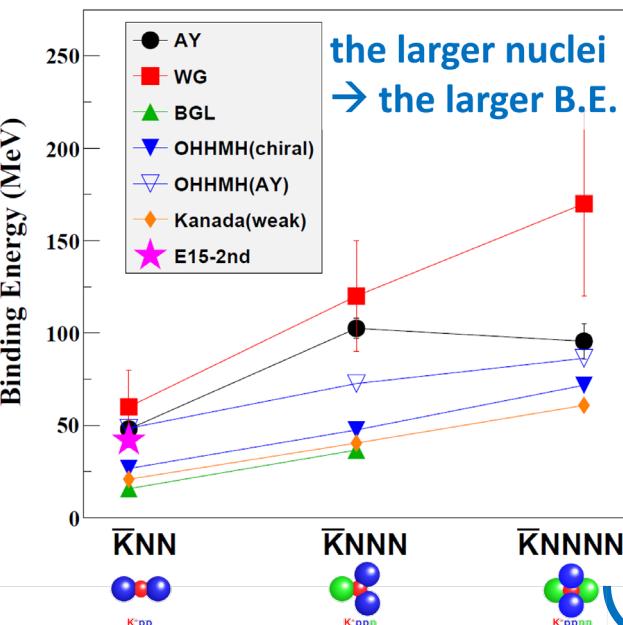
## Kaonic nuclei

- Systematic measurement of kaonic nuclei will be promoted at J-PARC

- Mass number dependence
  - Binding energy, Branching ratio,  $q$  dependence, ..
- Spin/parity determination
- Internal structure extracted with theoretical investigations



	Reaction	Decays
$\bar{K}N$	$d(K^-, n)$	$\pi^{\pm 0}\Sigma^{\mp 0}$
$\bar{K}NN$	${}^3He(K^-, N)$	$\Lambda p/\Lambda n$
$\bar{K}NNN$	${}^4He(K^-, N)$	$\Lambda d/\Lambda pn$ ← first step
$\bar{K}NNNN$	${}^6Li(K^-, d)$	$\Lambda t/\Lambda dn$
$\bar{K}NNNNN$	${}^6Li(K^-, N)$	$\Lambda\alpha/\Lambda dd/\Lambda dpn$
$\bar{K}NNNNNN$	${}^7Li(K^-, N)$	$\Lambda\alpha n/\Lambda dd n$
$\bar{K}\bar{K}NN$	$\bar{p} + {}^3He$	$\Lambda\Lambda$



Will start in FY2026

# Strangeness Nuclear Physics



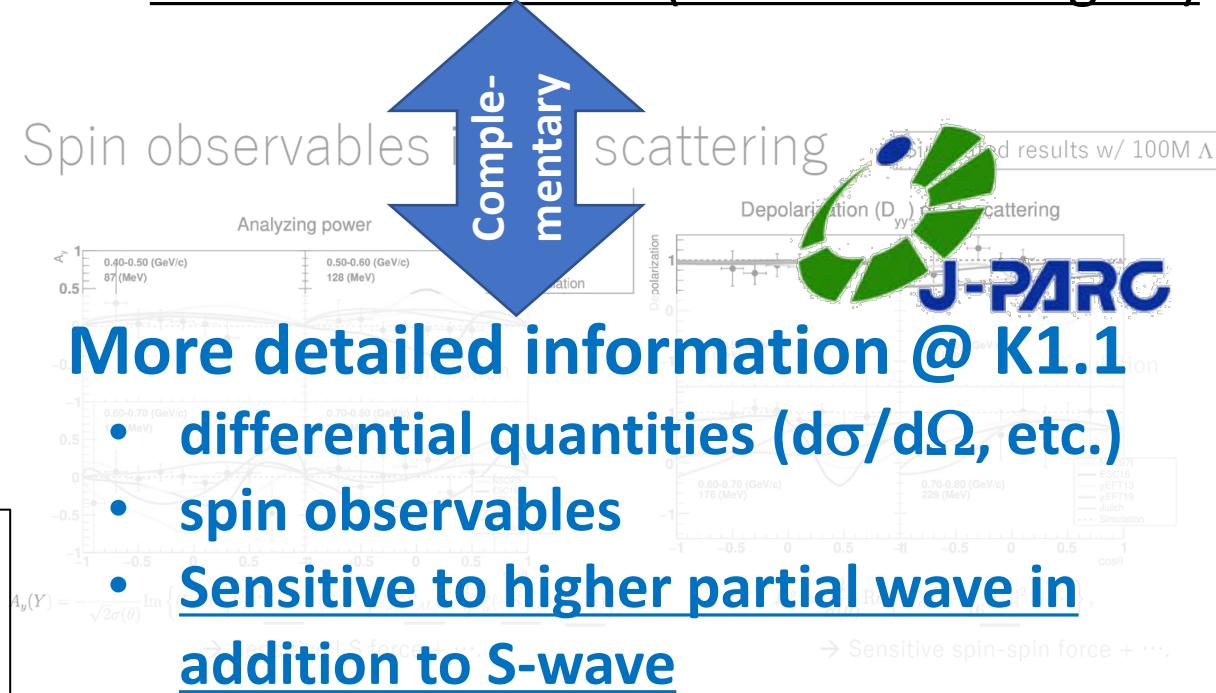
	HIHR	JLab	Mainz
Reaction	$(\pi^+, K^+)$	$(e, e' K^+)$	Decay $\pi$
Achievable Precision (keV)	◎ ≤ 100	◎ ≤ 100	◎ ≤ 100
Applicable hypernuclei	◎ All Z	○ Light – Medium Heavy (Larger Z, higher BG)	✗ Only Ground states of light hypernuclei
Availability of Neutron rich HY	◎ DCX ${}^A_\Lambda(Z-2)$	○ ${}^A_\Lambda(Z-1)$	○ Fragmentation only 2body-decay
Flexibility of beamtime	◎ Permanently Installed Beamline & Spectrometer	✗ Large-scale Installation (several months)	○ Kaon Spectrometer Installation (a few weeks)
Absolute Energy Calibration	△ $p(\pi^-, K^+) \Sigma^-$ Decay $\pi$	◎ $p(e, e' K^+) \Lambda, \Sigma^0$	○ Elastic e scattering

Systematic measurement can be performed @ HIHR

$(\pi^+, K^+): n \rightarrow \Lambda$   
 $(e, e' K^+): p \rightarrow \Lambda$   
 $\Rightarrow$  Inf. on CSB



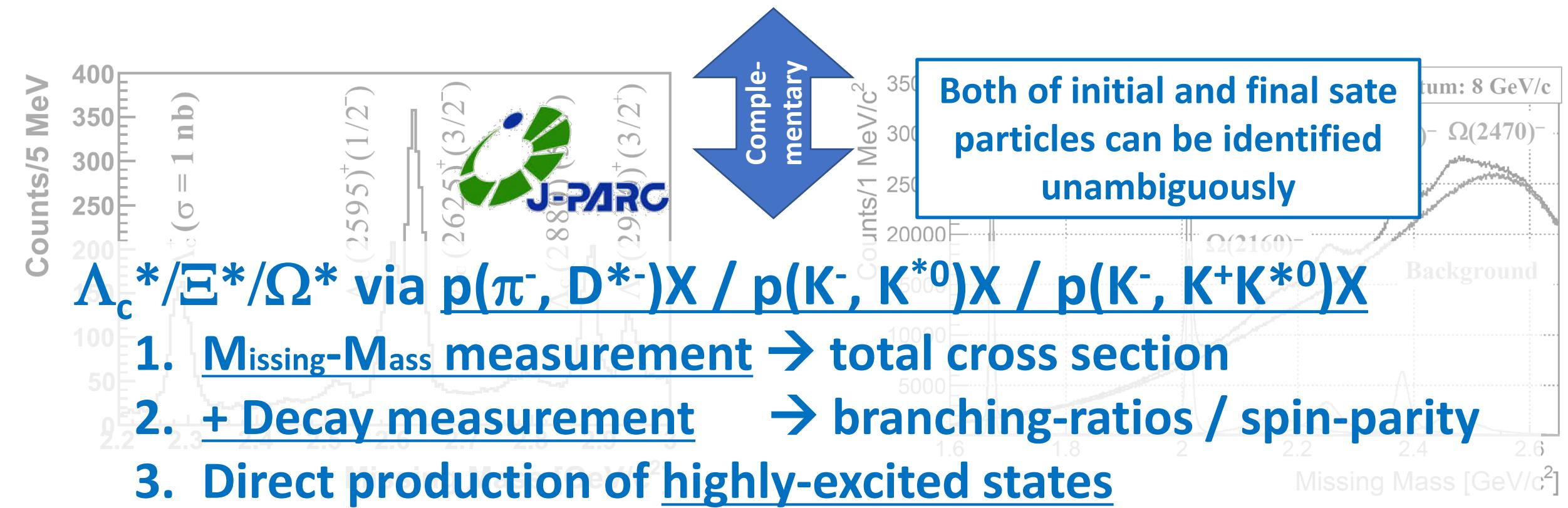
- 2-/3-body interactions via femtoscopy
- Huge data-set in Run3 (2022-25) ~
- Sensitive to S-wave (lower-mom. region)



# Diquarks in Baryons

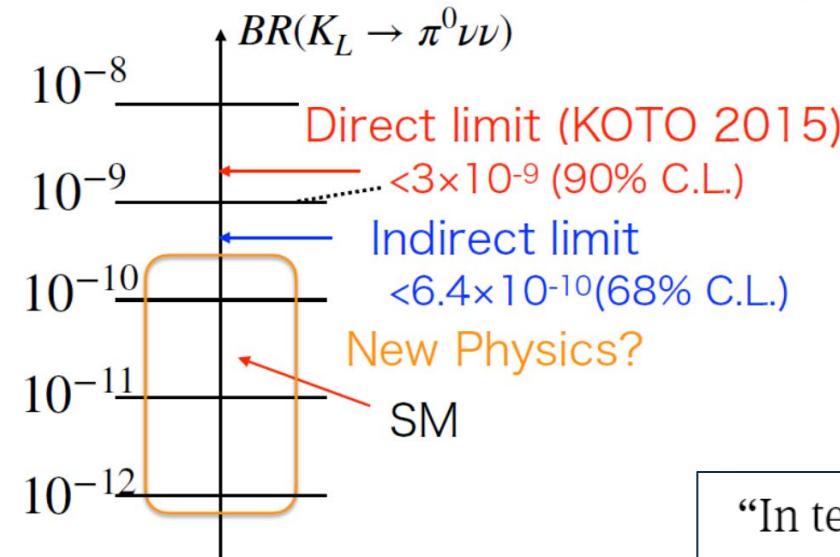


- High capabilities of hadron spectroscopy in  $c$ -sector, via inv. mass reconst.



# K Rare Decays @ CERN

- NA62@CERN:  $K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \nu \bar{\nu}$  has been investigated
  - Run1: 2016-18, Run2: 2021-24     $\text{BR}(K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \nu \bar{\nu}) = (10.6^{+4.0}_{-3.4} \text{stat} \pm 0.9_{\text{syst}}) \times 10^{-11}$  at 68% CL.  
JHEP06(2021)093
- HIKE@CERN:  $K^{+/0} \rightarrow \pi^{+/0} l^+ l^-$ ,  $K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^0 \nu \bar{\nu}$  searches are planned as the next of NA62, but...



**CERN COURIER** | Reporting on international high-energy physics

Physics ▾ Technology ▾ Community ▾ In focus Magazine

<https://cerncourier.com/a/ship-to-chart-hidden-sector/>

SEARCHES FOR NEW PHYSICS | NEWS

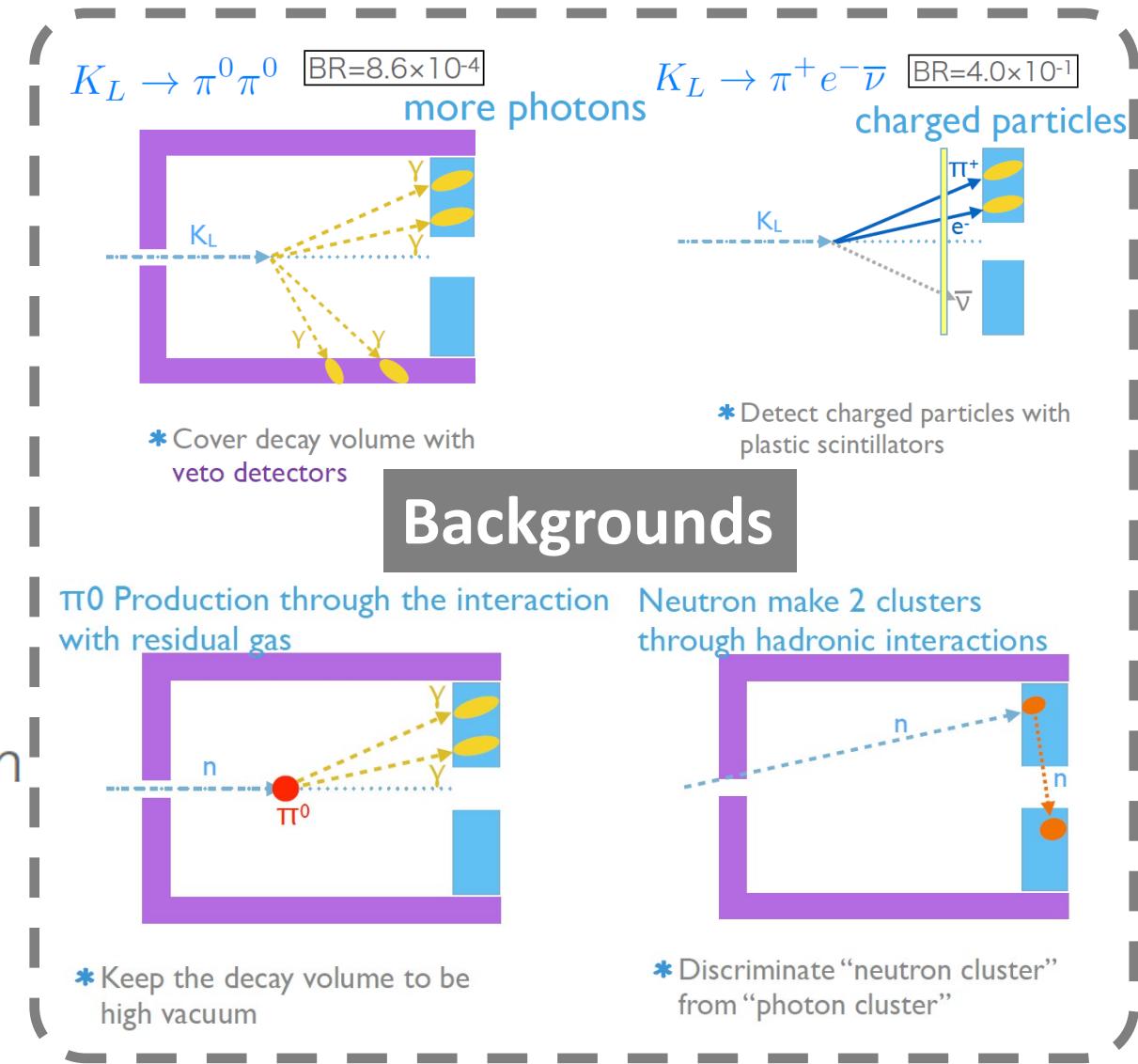
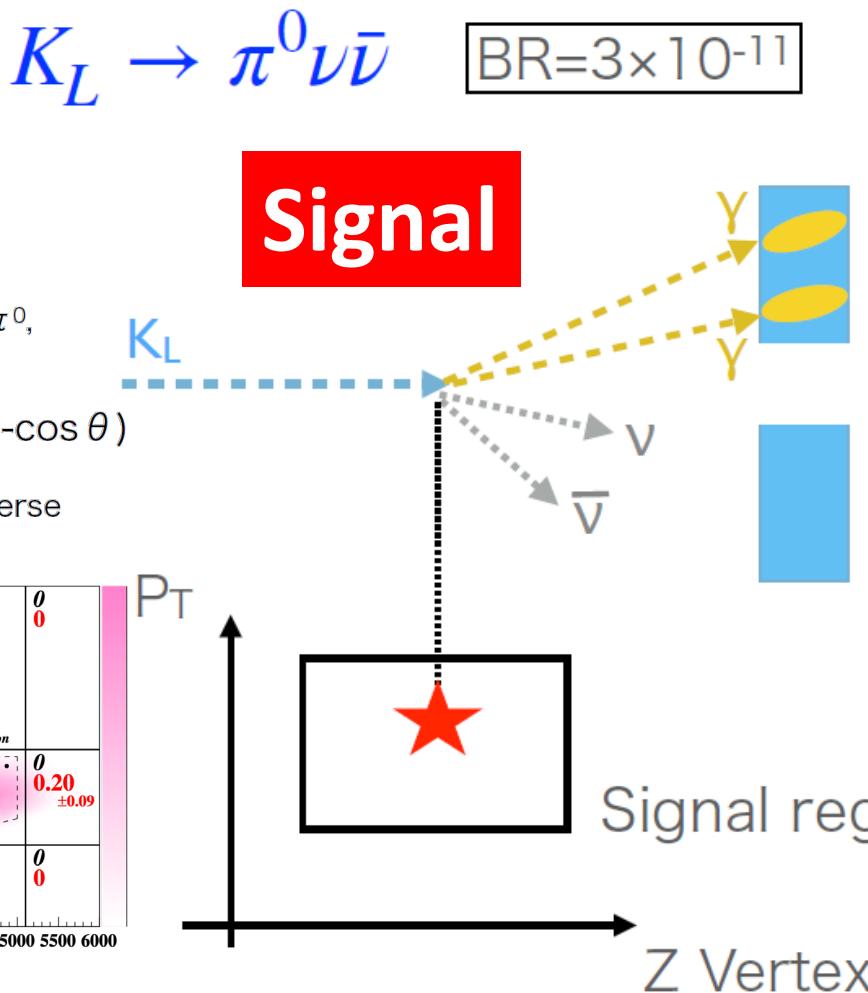
SHiP to chart hidden sector

3 May 2024

ventilation wall  
hadron absorber  
target complex  
Mo/W target  
TCCB  
hidden Sector  
service building  
access shaft

“In terms of their science, SHiP and HIKE/SHADOWS were ranked equally by the relevant scientific committees,” explains CERN director for research and computing Joachim Mnich. “But a decision had to be made, and SHiP was a strategic choice for CERN.”

# $K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^0 \nu \bar{\nu}$ search @ KOTO/KOTO2



# Production rates by hadronic reaction

- $\pi^- p \rightarrow D^{*-} Y_c^{*+}$  reaction @ 20 GeV/c

• Production cross section: Overlap of wave function →

• charm and  $q\bar{q}$  (spectator)

$$R \sim \langle \varphi_f | \sqrt{2}\sigma_- \exp(i\vec{q}_{eff}\vec{r}) | \varphi_i \rangle$$

• Large production rate of highly excited states →

$$I_L \sim (q_{eff}/\alpha)^L \exp(-q_{eff}^2/\alpha^2)$$

• Both one- and two-quark processes ( $\sigma_\Lambda : \sigma_\Sigma = 2:1$ )

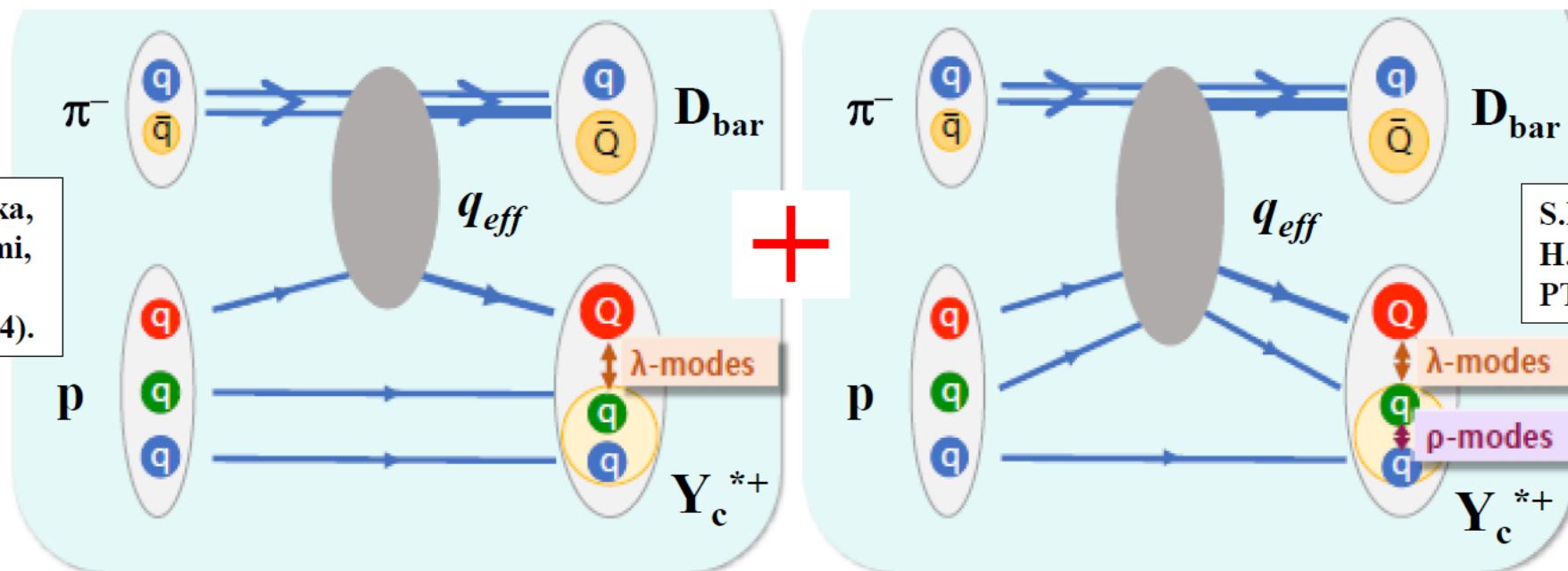
Mom. Trans.:  $q_{eff} \sim 1.4$  GeV/c  
 $\alpha \sim 0.4$  GeV ([Baryon size] $^{-1}$ )

One-quark process

Two-quark process

\*  $\lambda$ -mode states w/ finite  $L$  are populated.

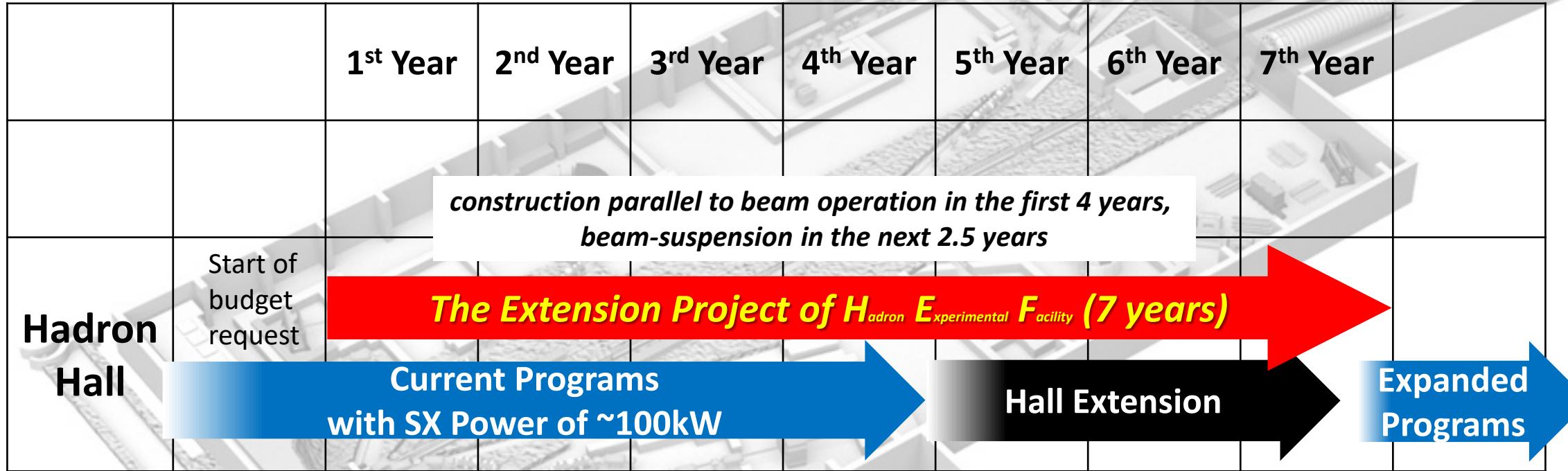
\* Comparable  $p$ -mode states are expected.



S.H. Kim, A. Hosaka,  
H.C. Kim, H. Noumi,  
K. Shirotori  
PTEP 103D01 (2014).

S.I. Shim, A. Hosaka,  
H.C. Kim,  
PTEP 2020, (2020) 5, 053D01

# Timeline of the Project



**We will soon start the project**

→ We are working on getting the timeline consistent with current programs