

**Search for deeply-bound
 K^{bar} -nuclear states
via the ${}^3\text{He}(\text{inflight-}K^-,n)$
reaction
at J-PARC**

Shun ENOMOTO
(RCNP, Osaka Univ., Japan)
For the J-PARC E15 collaboration

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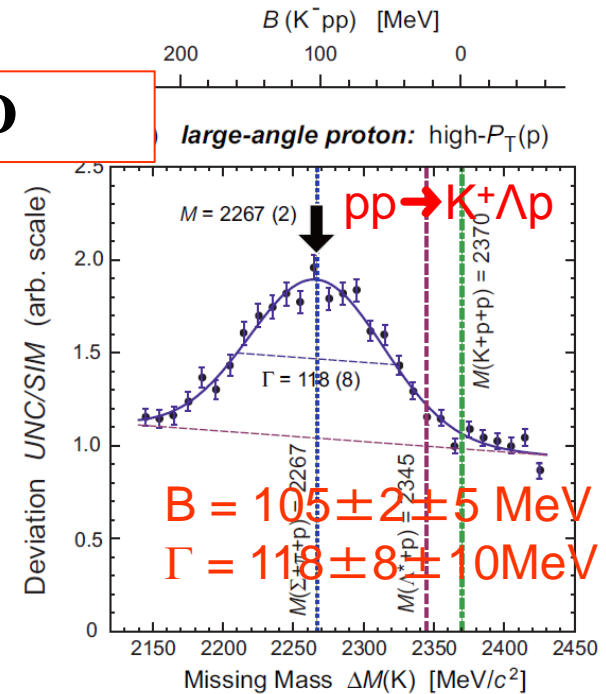
- **Introduction**
 - Kaonic nuclei
- **J-PARC E15 experiment**
 - Setup
 - Detector performance
- **Preliminary results**
 - Hyperon resonance
 - Semi-inclusive ${}^3\text{He}(K^-, n)X$ spectrum
 - Exclusive ${}^3\text{He}(K^-, \Lambda p n)$ spectrum
- **Summary**

Introduction

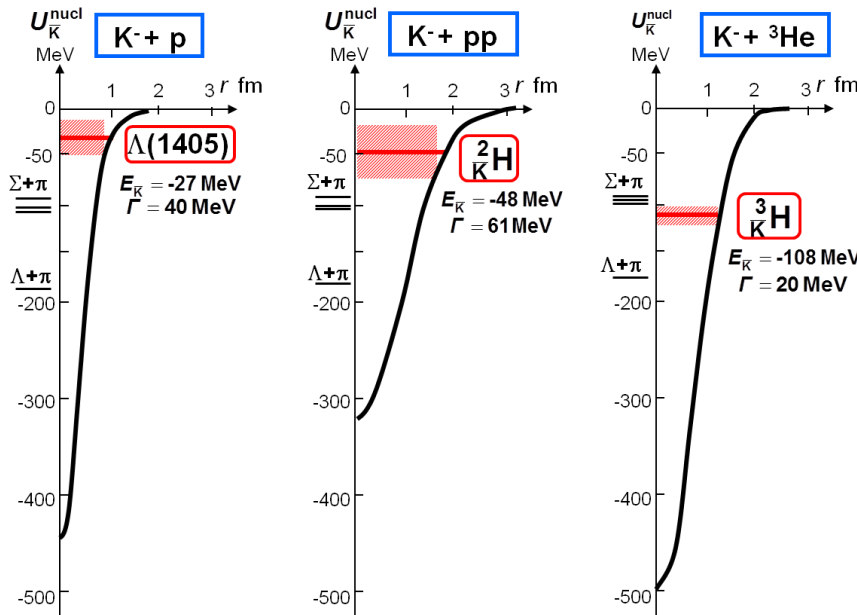
DISTO

Motivation :
what will happen when anti-kaon is embedded in nucleus.

- ✓ Does the simplest Kaonic nuclei “K-pp” exist?
- ✓ How much deeply bound ?



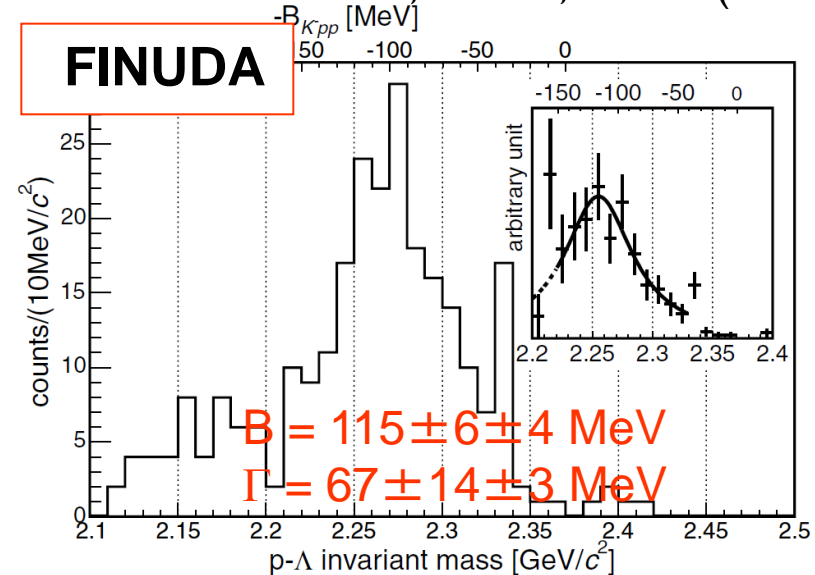
T.Yamazaki et al., PRL104, 132502 (2010)



Y. Akaishi & T. Yamazaki, Phys. Rev. C65 (2002) 044005.

Y. Akaishi & T. Yamazaki, Phys. Lett. B535 (2002) 70.

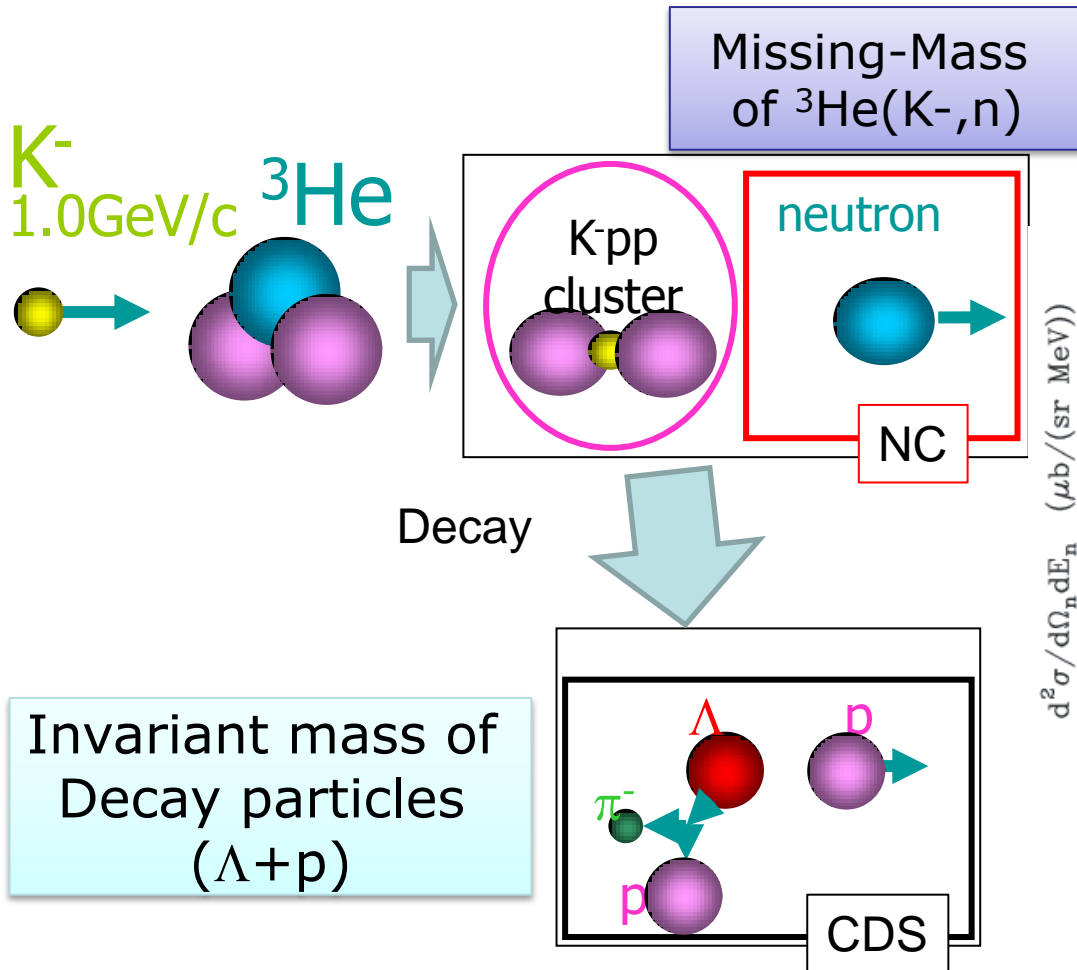
FINUDA



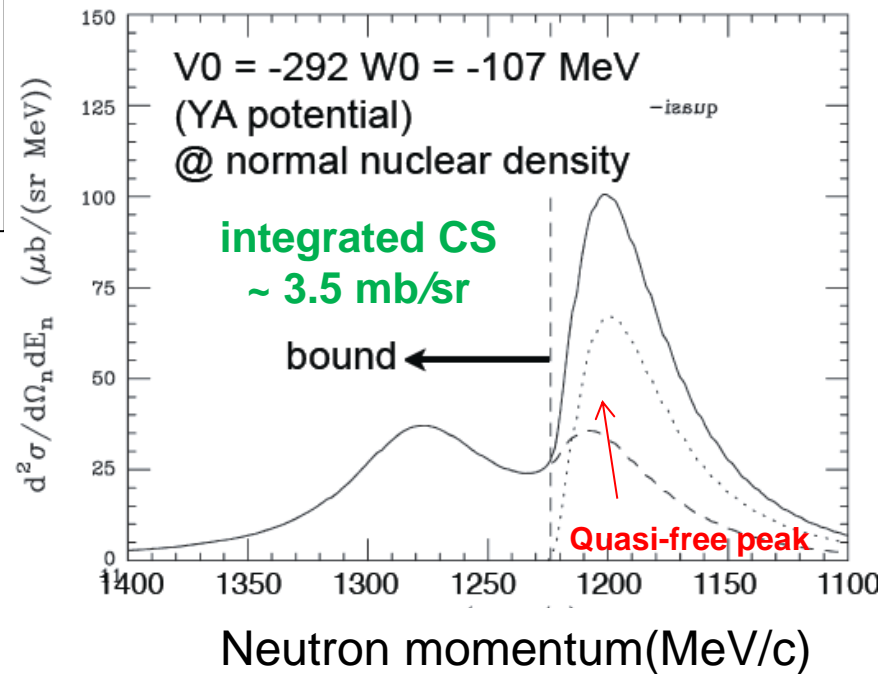
M.Agnello et al., PRL 94, 212303 (2005) ³

J-PARC E15 Experiment

- Search for K^-pp bound state by using In-flight ${}^3\text{He}(K^-,n)$ Reaction.
- Measuring both I. M. and M. M. of “ K^-pp ”.

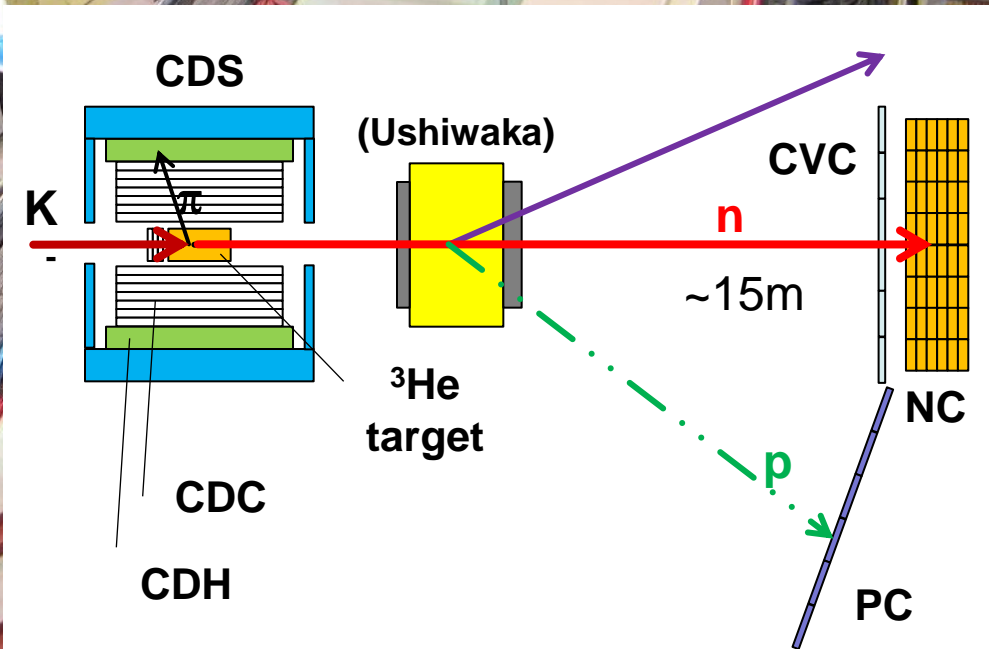
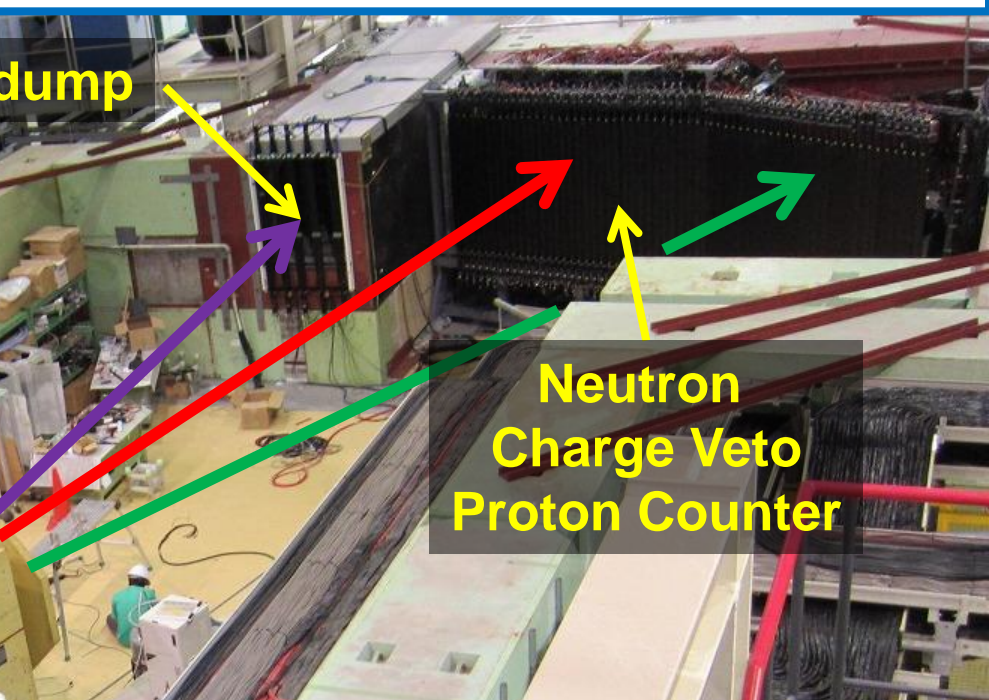
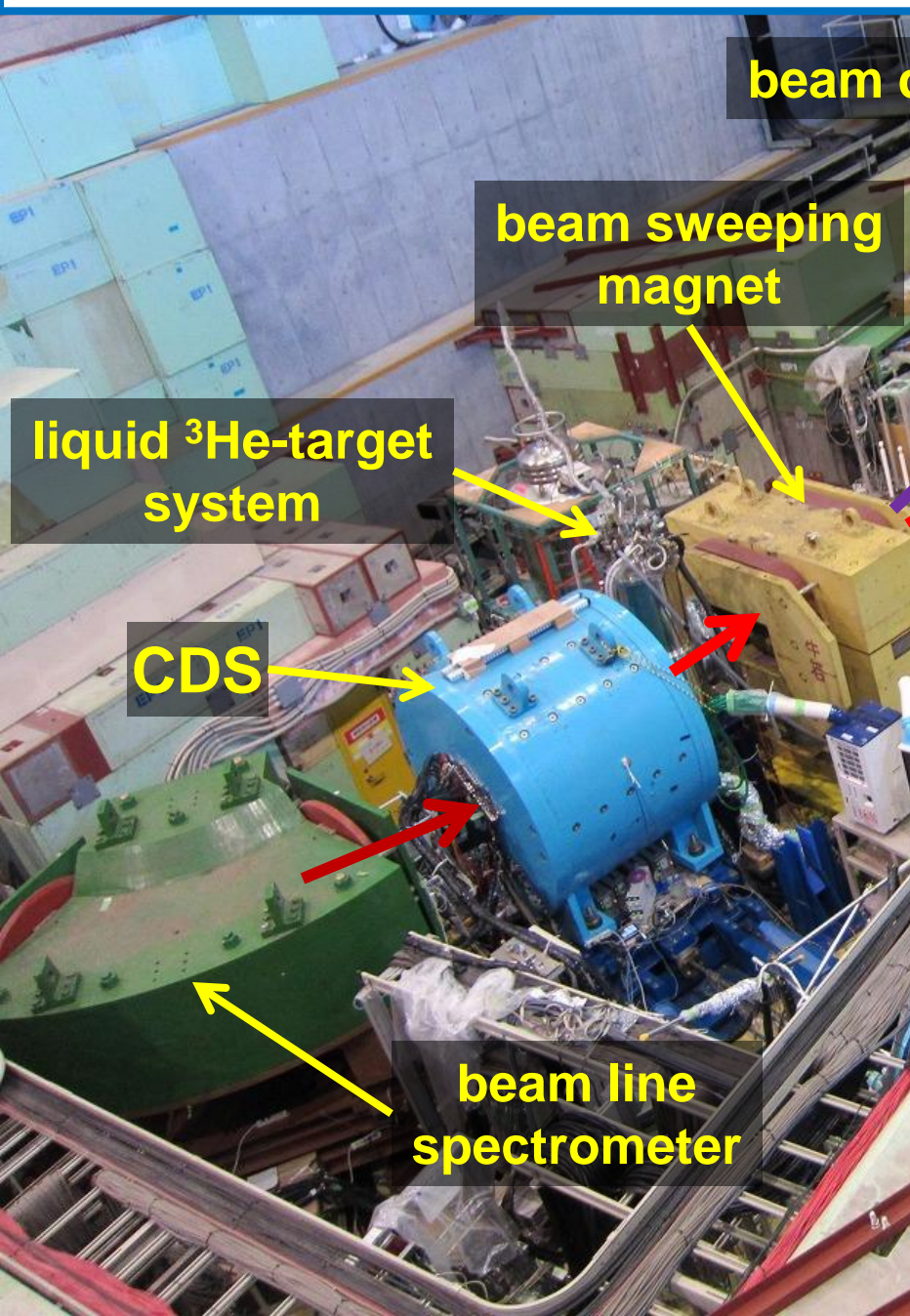


Theoretical calculation on ${}^3\text{He}(K^-,n)$
T. Koike and T. Harada,
PLB652(2007)262



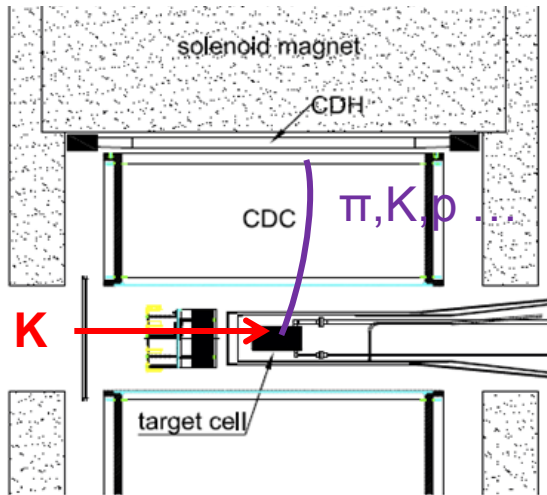
If right, we can measure the bound structure!

the completed K1.8BR spectrometer [Jun. 2012]



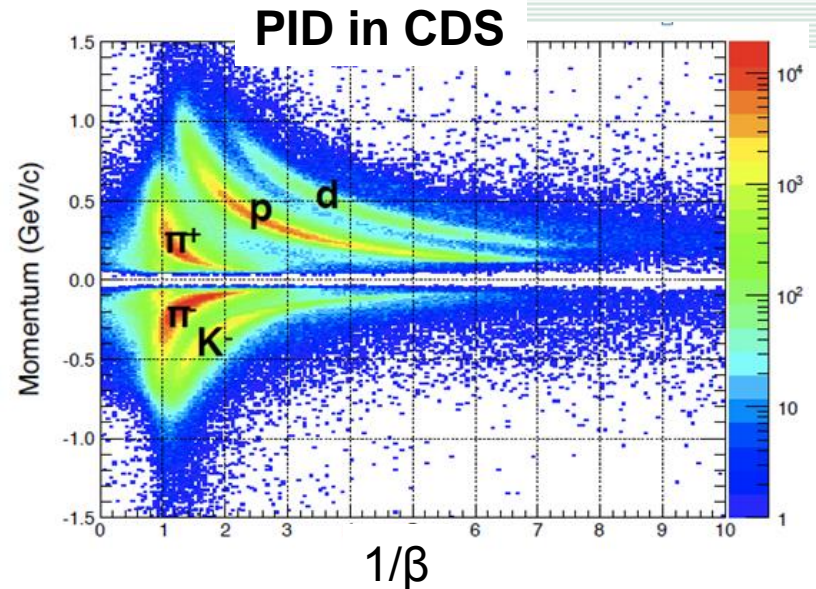
Cylindrical Detector System (CDS)

Cylindrical Detector System(CDS)

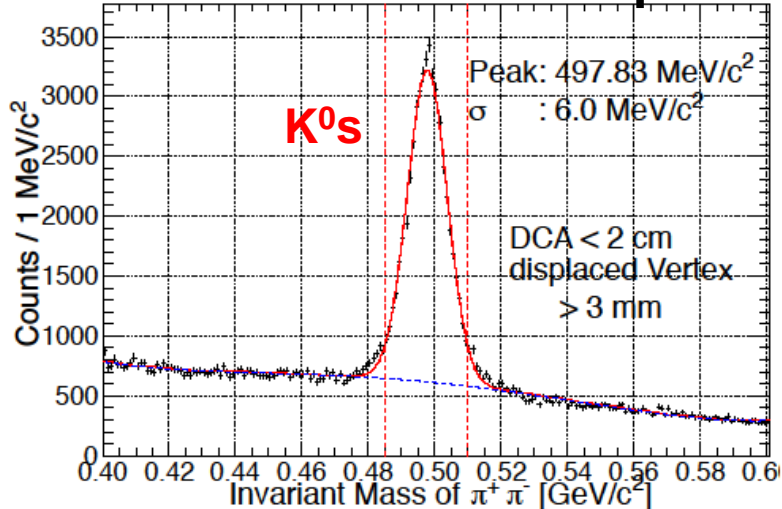


CDC:
Drift Chamber
CDH:
Hodoscope
Magnet: 0.7T

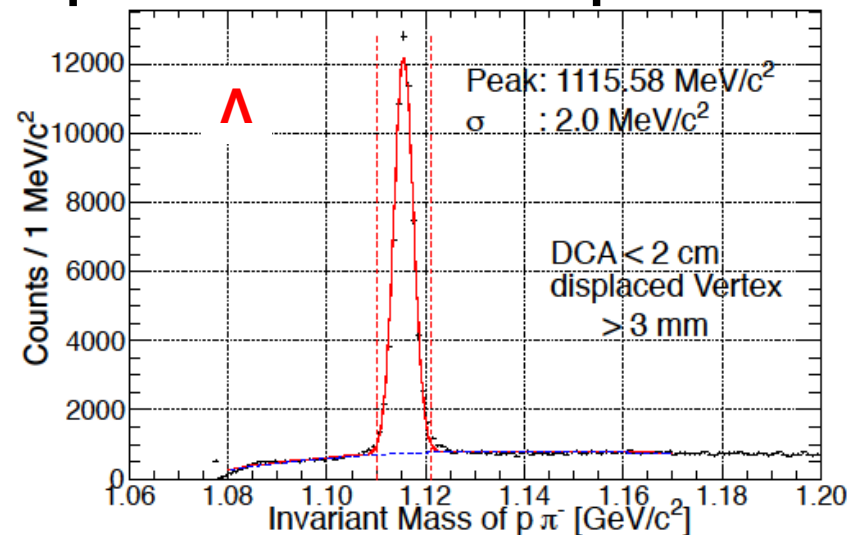
Cover 60% of the
solid angle.



$\pi^+\pi^-$ invariant mass spectra

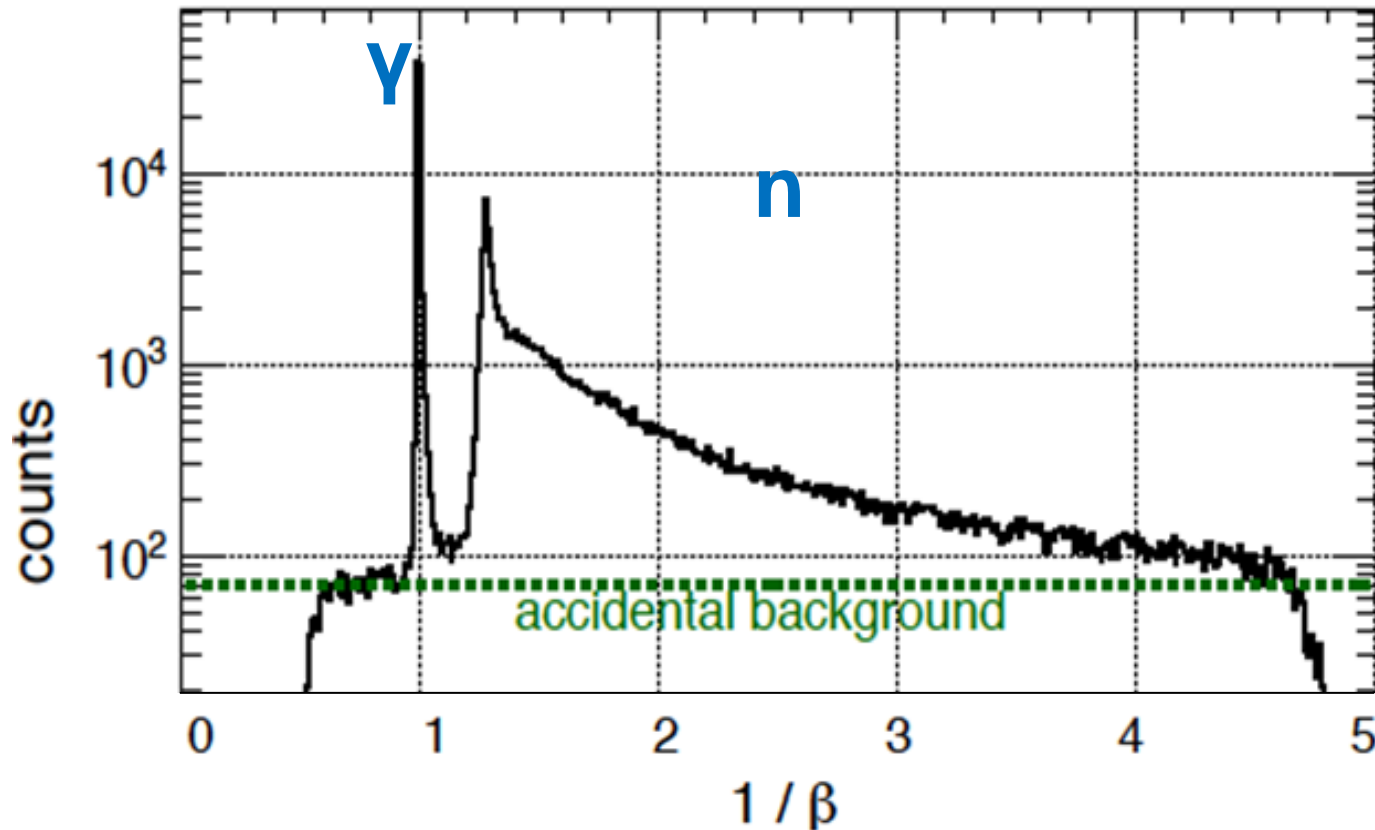


$p\pi^-$ invariant mass spectra



Design performance was achieved!!

Forward neutral particle



- **Neutron Counter**

- Neutron momentum is determined by TOF method.
- **Good S/N of ~100** @ QF neutron peak (Set threshold to 5 MeVee).
- $\sigma_{\text{TOF}} \sim 160\text{ps} \rightarrow \sigma_{\text{M.M.}} \sim 10 \text{ MeV}/c^2$ at the region of interest.

J-PARC E15 1st stage physics run

- **Accumulated data**

✓ w/ liquid helium-3 target: ~1% of original proposal

period	Primary beam intensity	duration	Kaon on target
May, 2013	24kw (30Tppp, 6s cycle)	88 hours	4.0×10^9

- **Preliminary result**

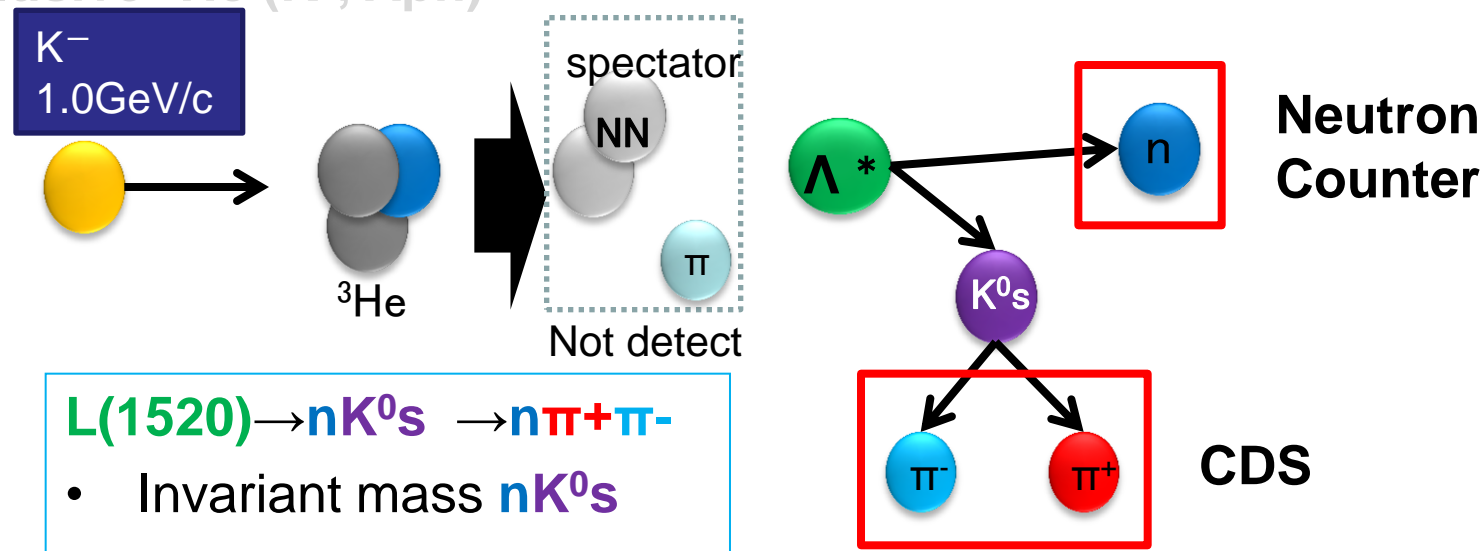
1. Hyperon production study
 - $\Lambda(1520)$ spectrum
2. Semi-inclusive analysis
 - ${}^3\text{He}(K^-, n)$ missing mass spectrum
3. Exclusive analysis
 - ${}^3\text{He}(K^-, \Lambda p n)$ exclusive

Preliminary result : Hyperon production

$\Lambda(1520)$ production

Semi – inclusive ${}^3\text{He} (K^-, n)$ missing mass

Exclusive ${}^3\text{He} (K^-, \Lambda p n)$

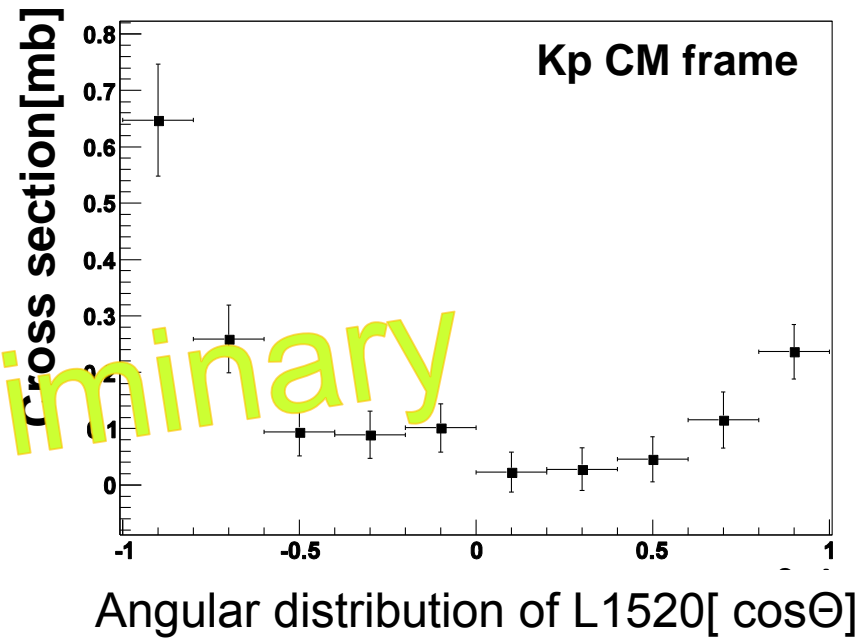
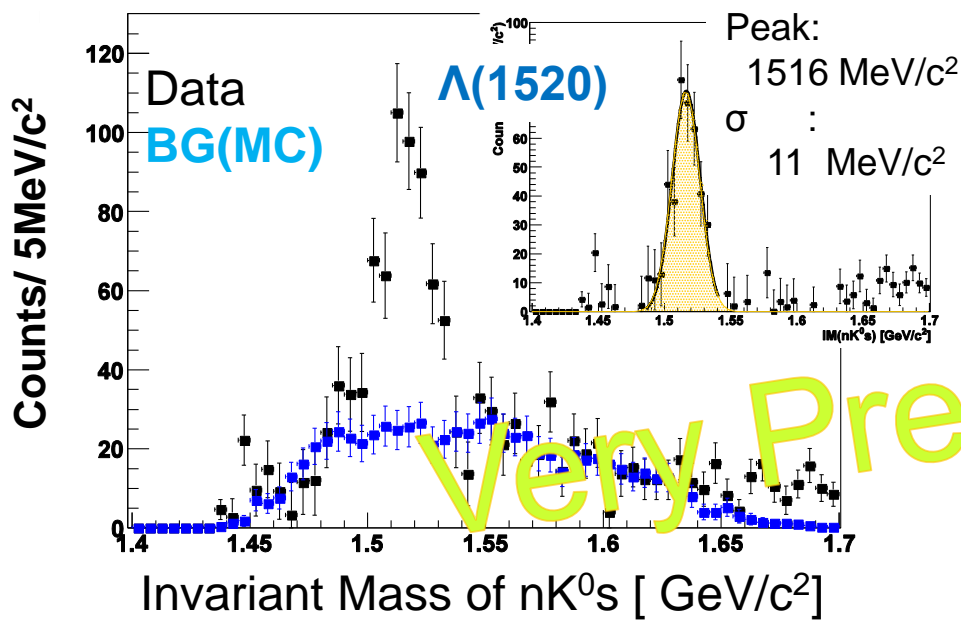


✓ Hyperon production on nuclear target provides the important information on the **Y^*N interaction**.

✓ There are **no data** using nuclear target and **this energy region ($K^-:1 \text{ GeV}/c$)**.

Preliminary result : Hyperon production

$\Lambda(1520)$ production



Very Preliminary

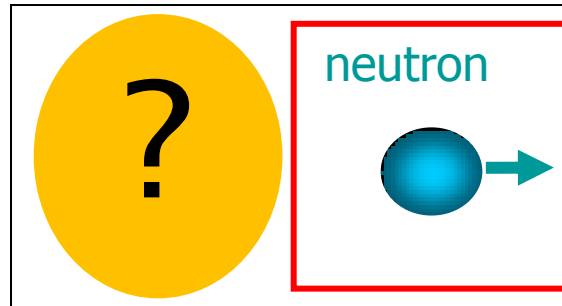
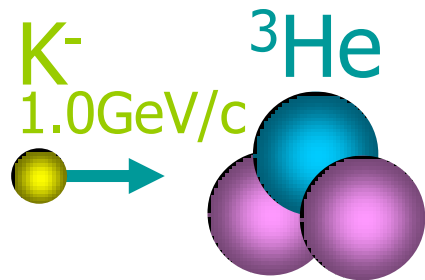
- ✓ $\Lambda(1520)$ peak is clear seen.
BG: Kp \rightarrow n π K⁰s (non-resonant reaction)
- ✓ Peak position is consistent with PDG.

- ✓ Cross section .
 - Consistent with old data at the same order level.
 - Study of other decay channels is in progress.

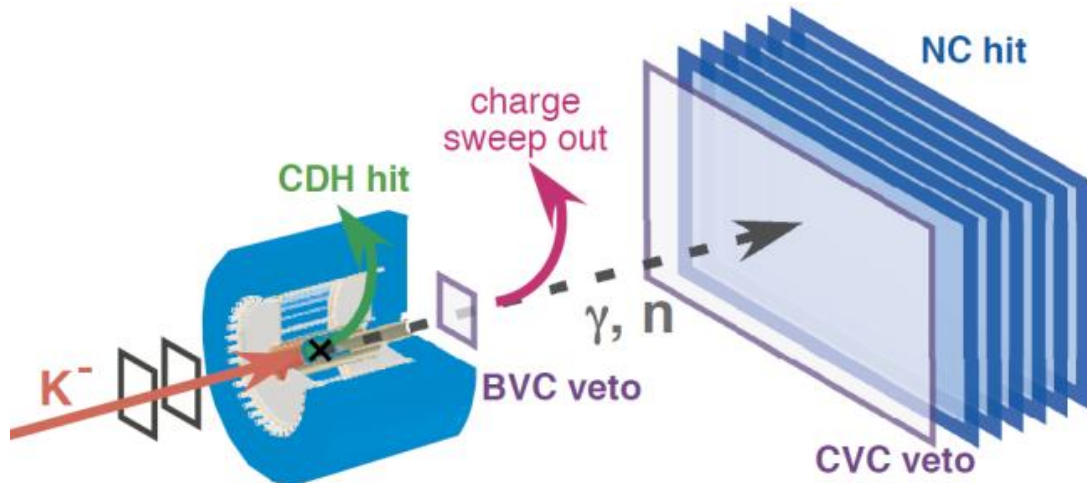
Preliminary result :

Semi – inclusive ${}^3\text{He}(K^-, n)$ missing mass

Exclusive ${}^3\text{He}(K^-, \Lambda p n)$

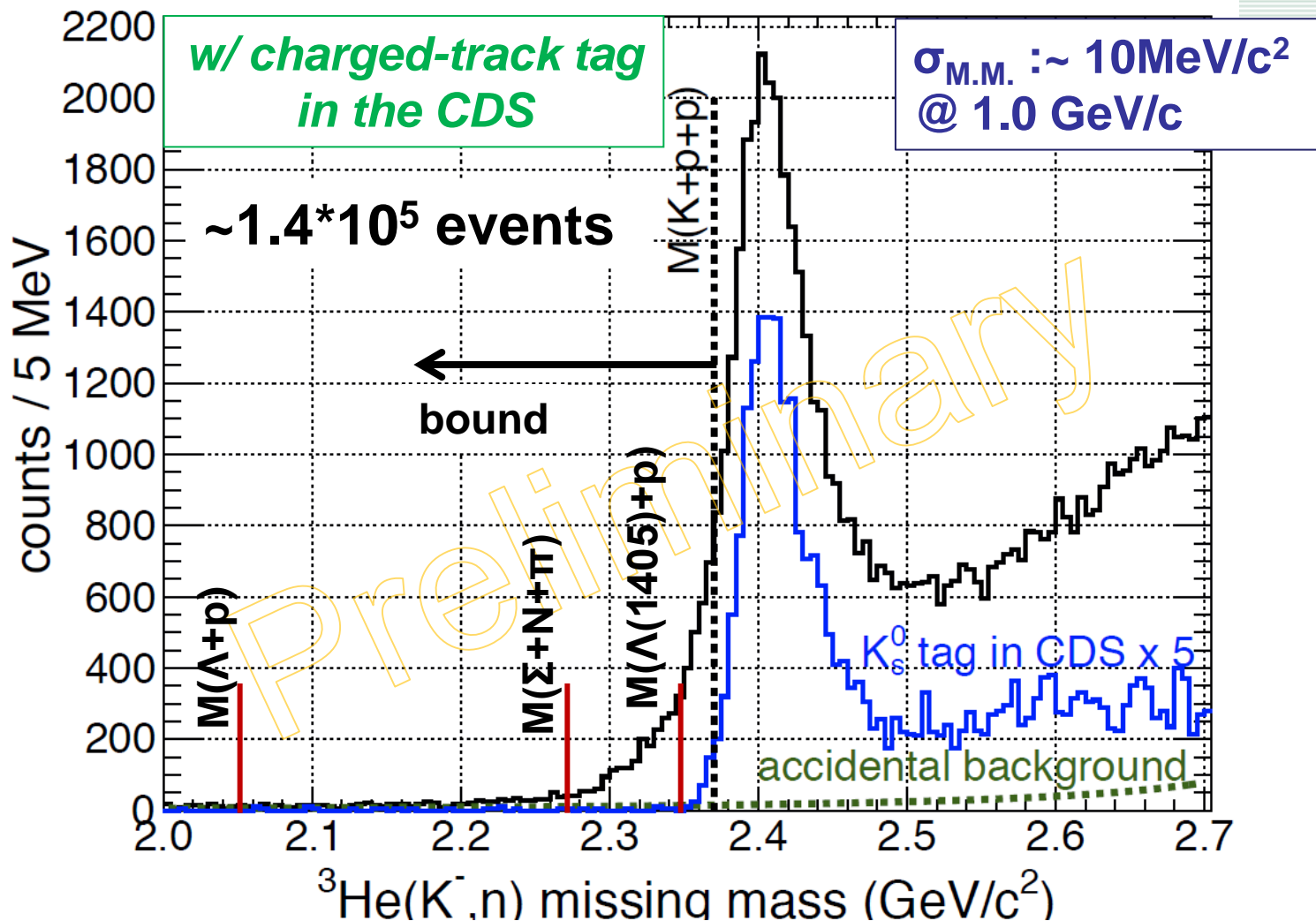


Missing Mass
of ${}^3\text{He}(K^-, n)$



“Semi-” : **require at least 1 charged track** in the CDS.

Semi-Inclusive ${}^3\text{He}(K^-,n)$



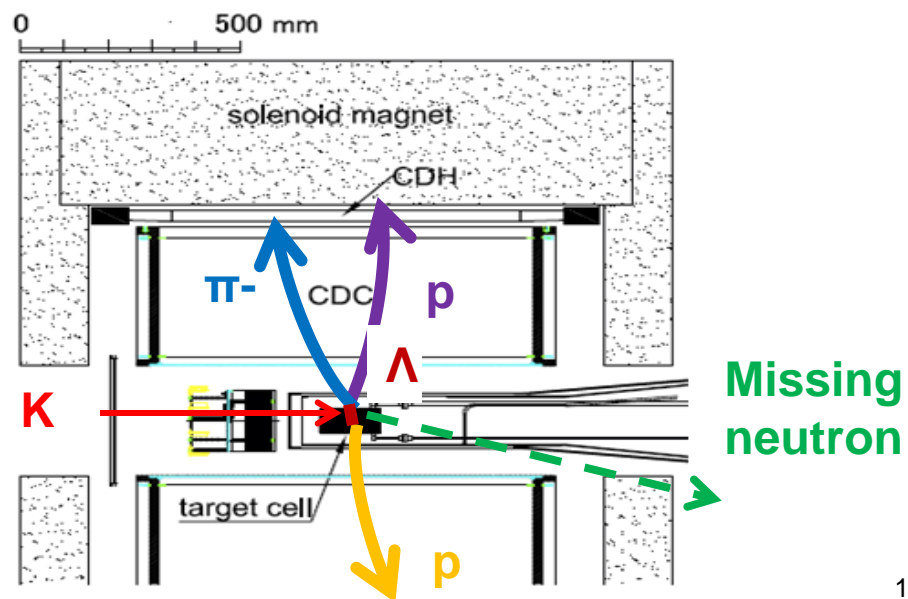
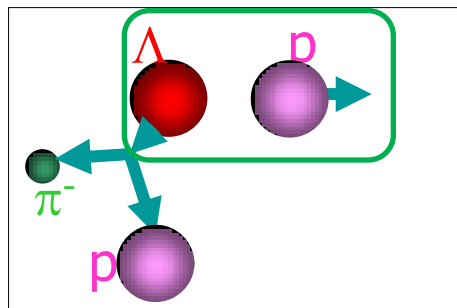
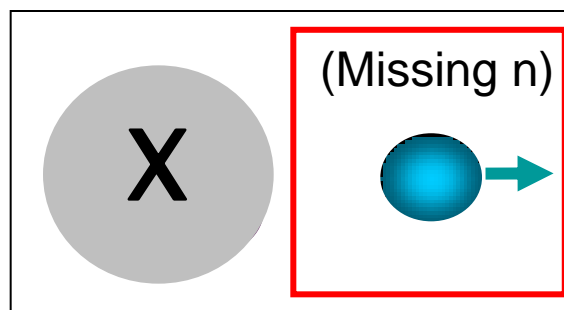
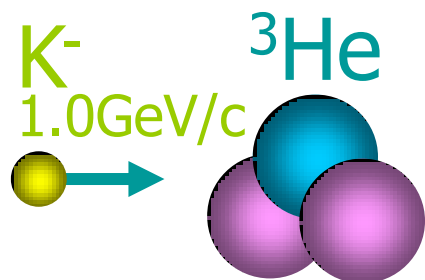
☑ Quasi free peak ($K^-n \rightarrow K^-n$ & $K^-p \rightarrow K^0n$) is clearly seen.

☑ The excess in the K-bound region is very interesting, it's hard to explain by detector resolution.

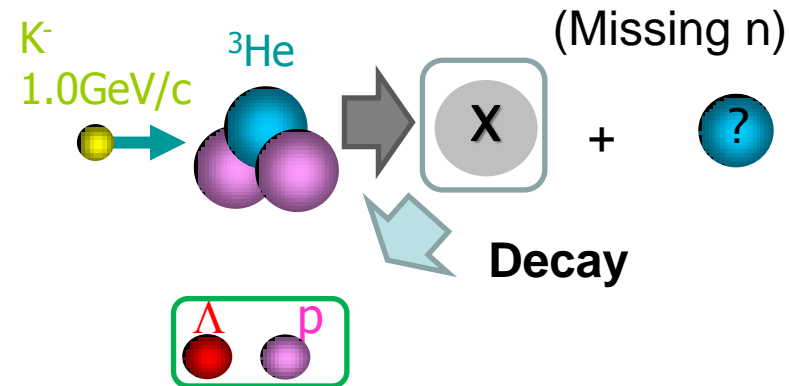
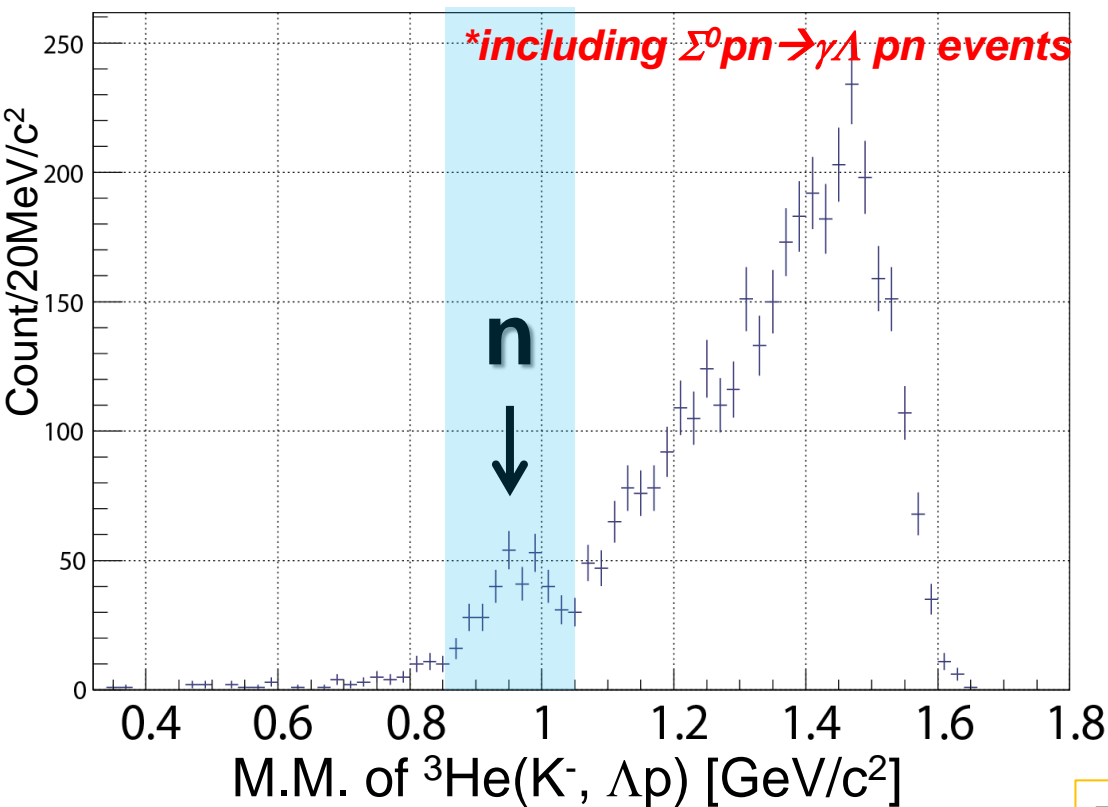
Preliminary result :

Semi – inclusive ${}^3\text{He}$ (K^- , n) missing mass

Exclusive ${}^3\text{He}$ (K^- , $\Lambda p n$)



Missing Mass of ${}^3\text{He}(K^-, \Lambda p)$

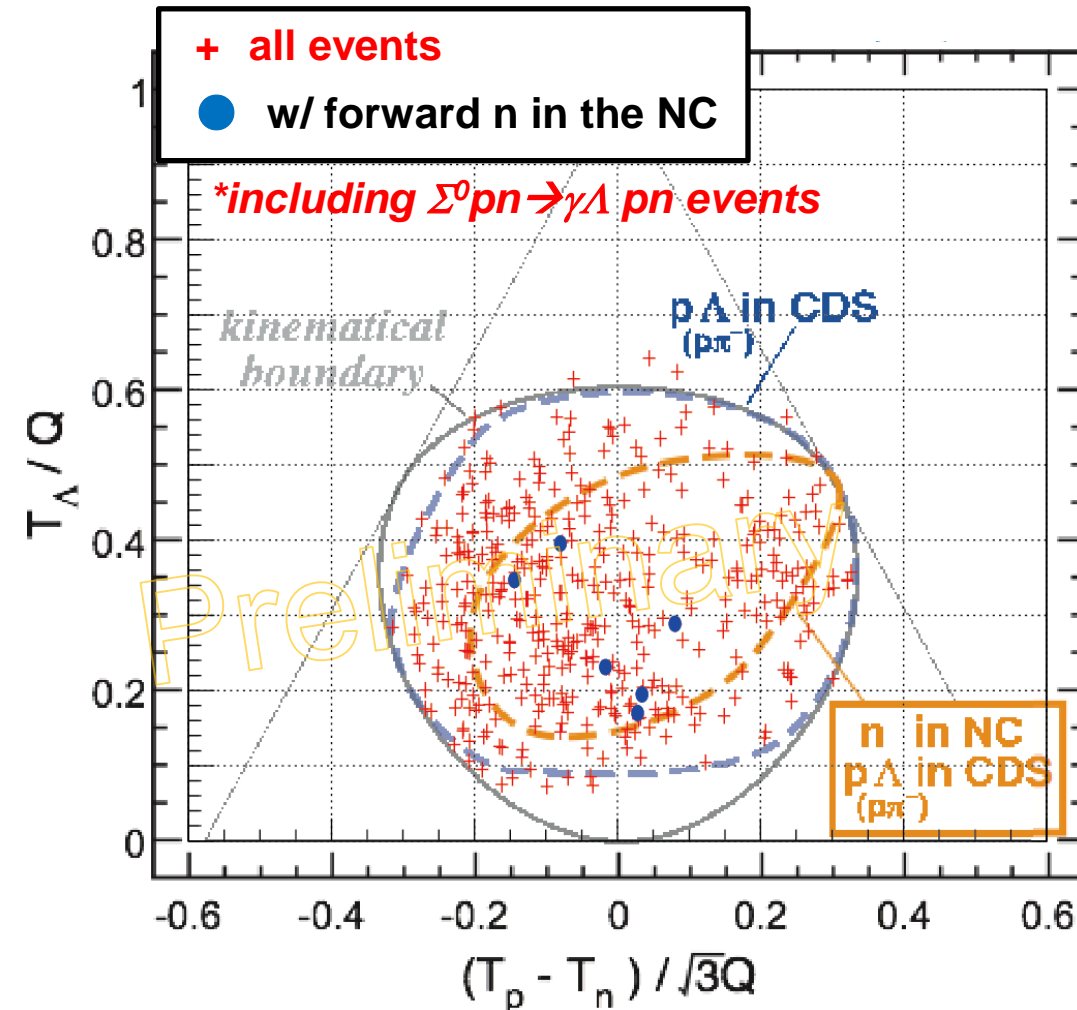


To study the origin of Λpn events,
Let check Dalitz-plot in the next slide.

M. M. of ${}^3\text{He}(K^-, \Lambda p)$ [GeV/c^2]

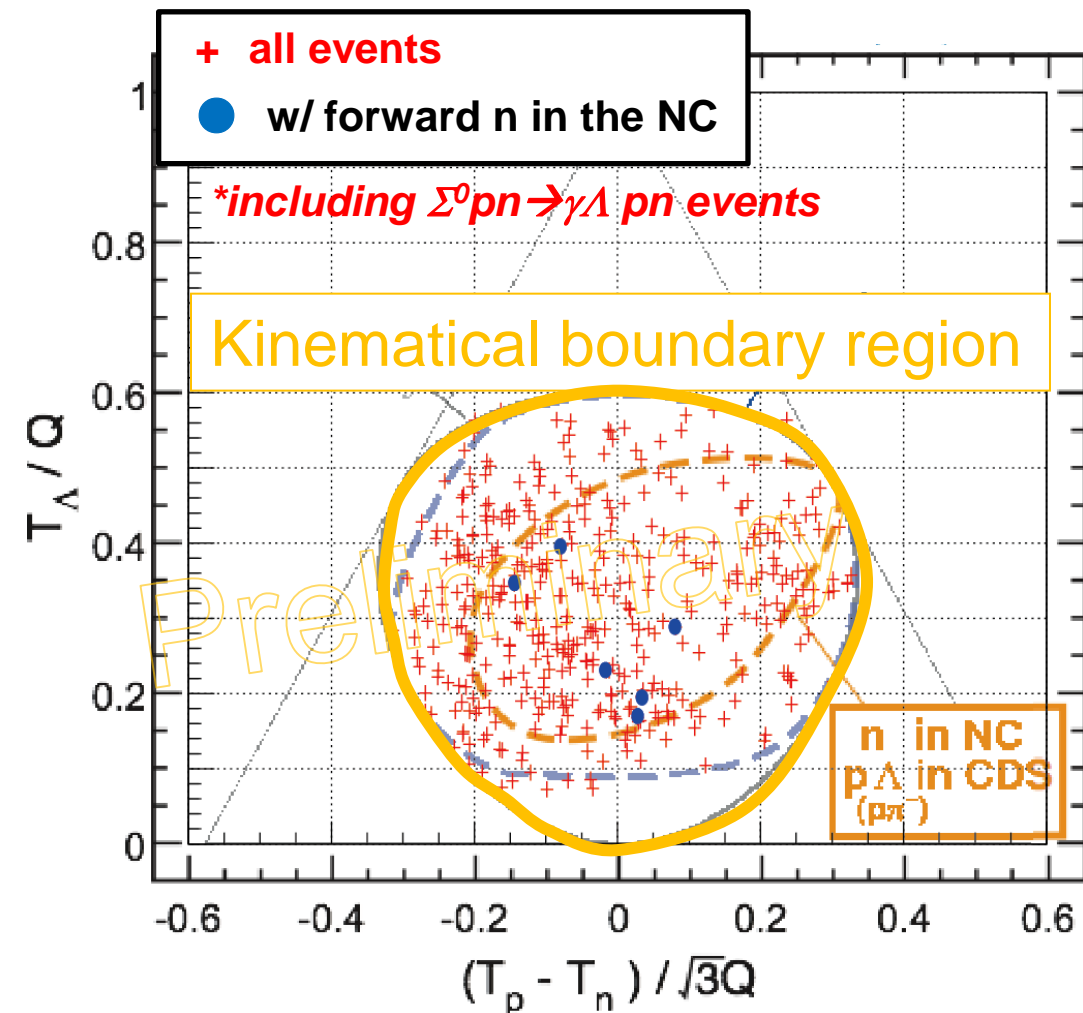
- **Missing neutron** can be identified.
- Num. of Λpn (n missing) is ~ 400 events.

$^3\text{He}(K^-, \Lambda pn)$ Result : Dalitz plot of Λpn



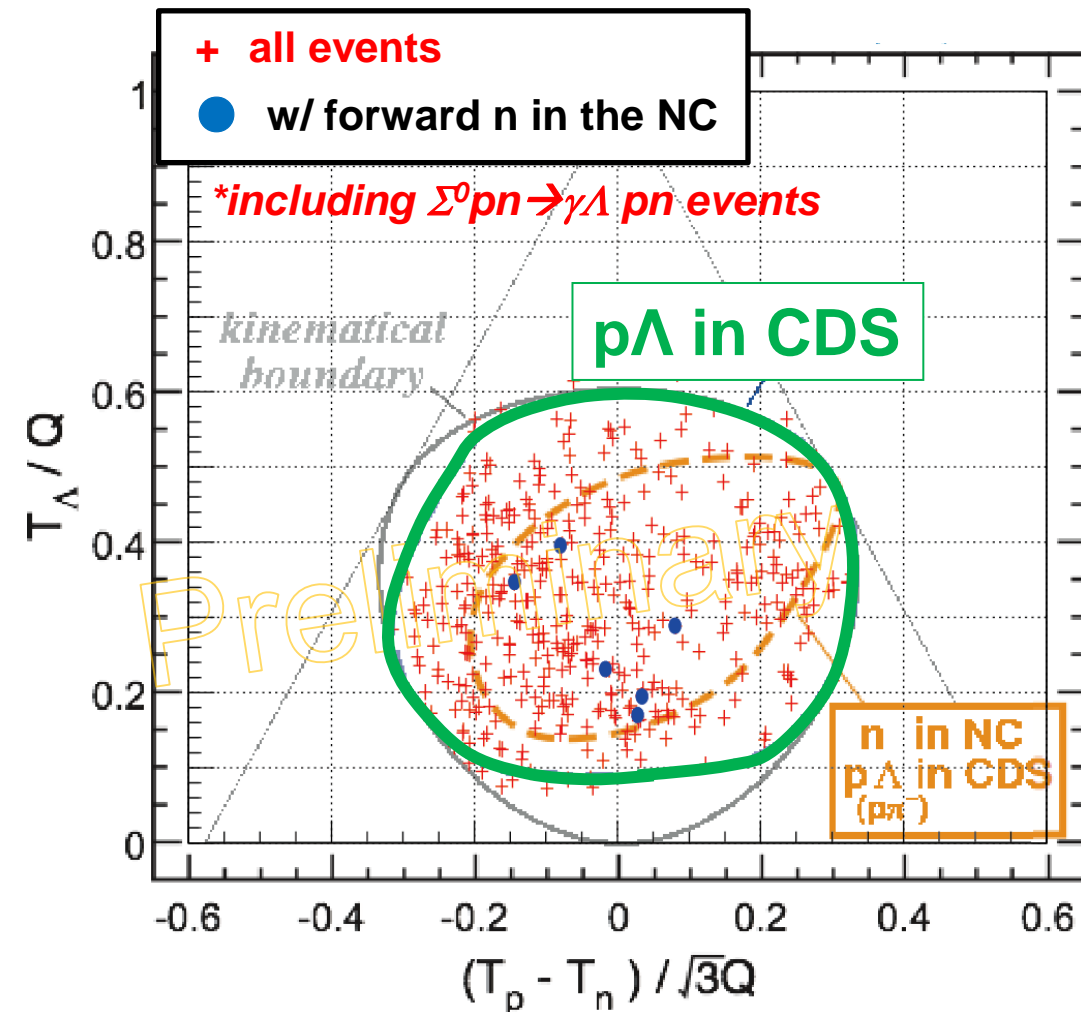
Selected neutron missing mass peak.

$^3\text{He}(K^-, \Lambda pn)$ Result : Dalitz plot of Λpn



Selected neutron missing mass peak.

$^3\text{He}(K^-, \Lambda pn)$ Result : Dalitz plot of Λpn

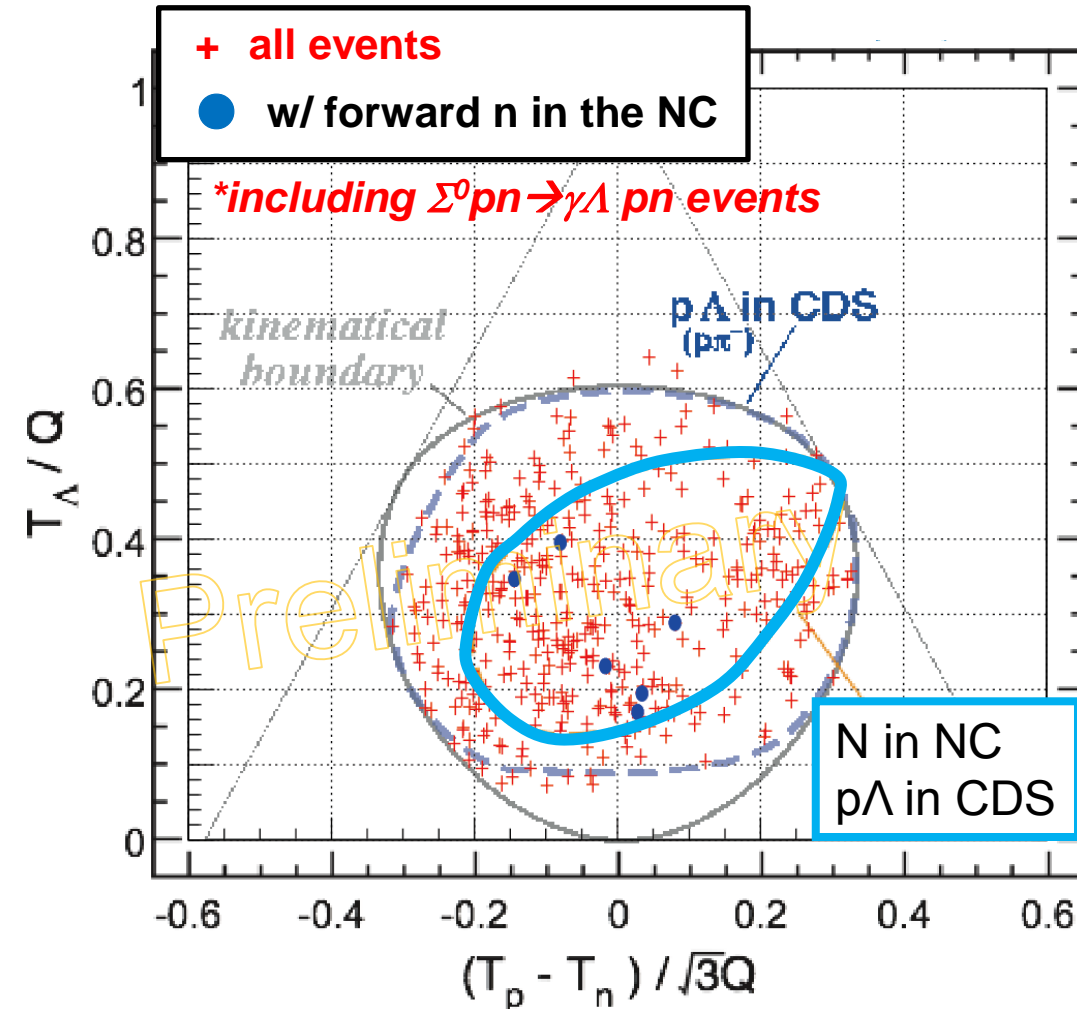


Selected neutron missing mass peak.

- Events are scattered widely in phase space.
- Multi-N absorption processes exist.

It seems 3N-abs(Λpn) exists

$^3\text{He}(K^-, \Lambda pn)$ Result : Dalitz plot of Λpn



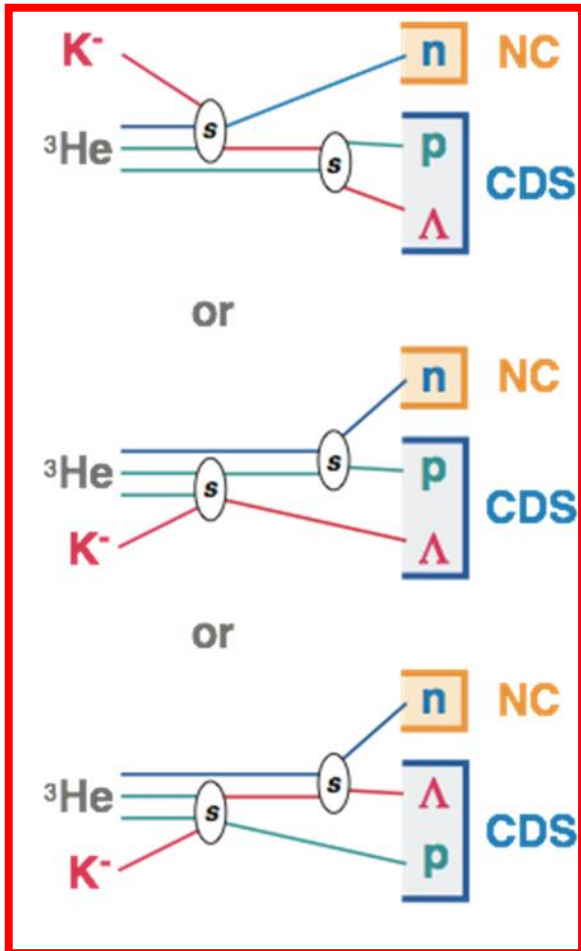
Selected neutron missing mass peak.

- Events are scattered widely in phase space.
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- ☑ It seems 3N-abs(Λpn) exists

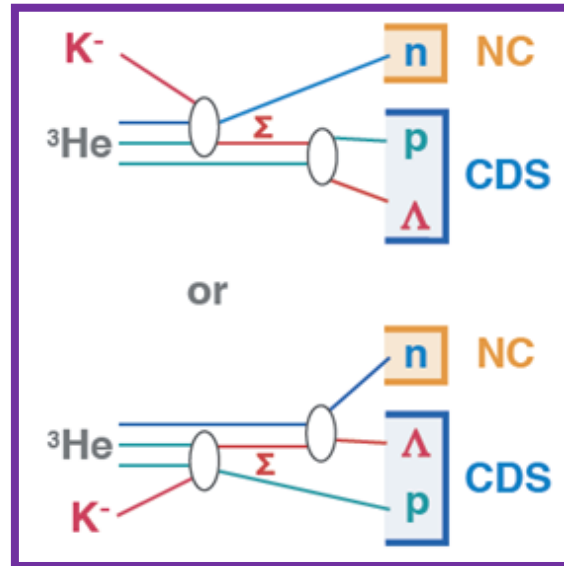
▪ “ Λpn ” w/ forward n in the NC are a few events.

- ☑ We would like to carry out high statistical experiments !

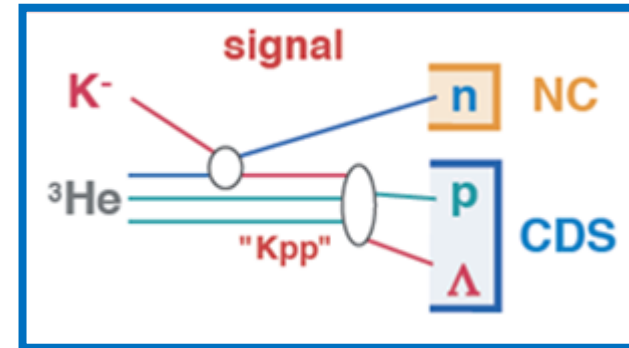
2N-abs



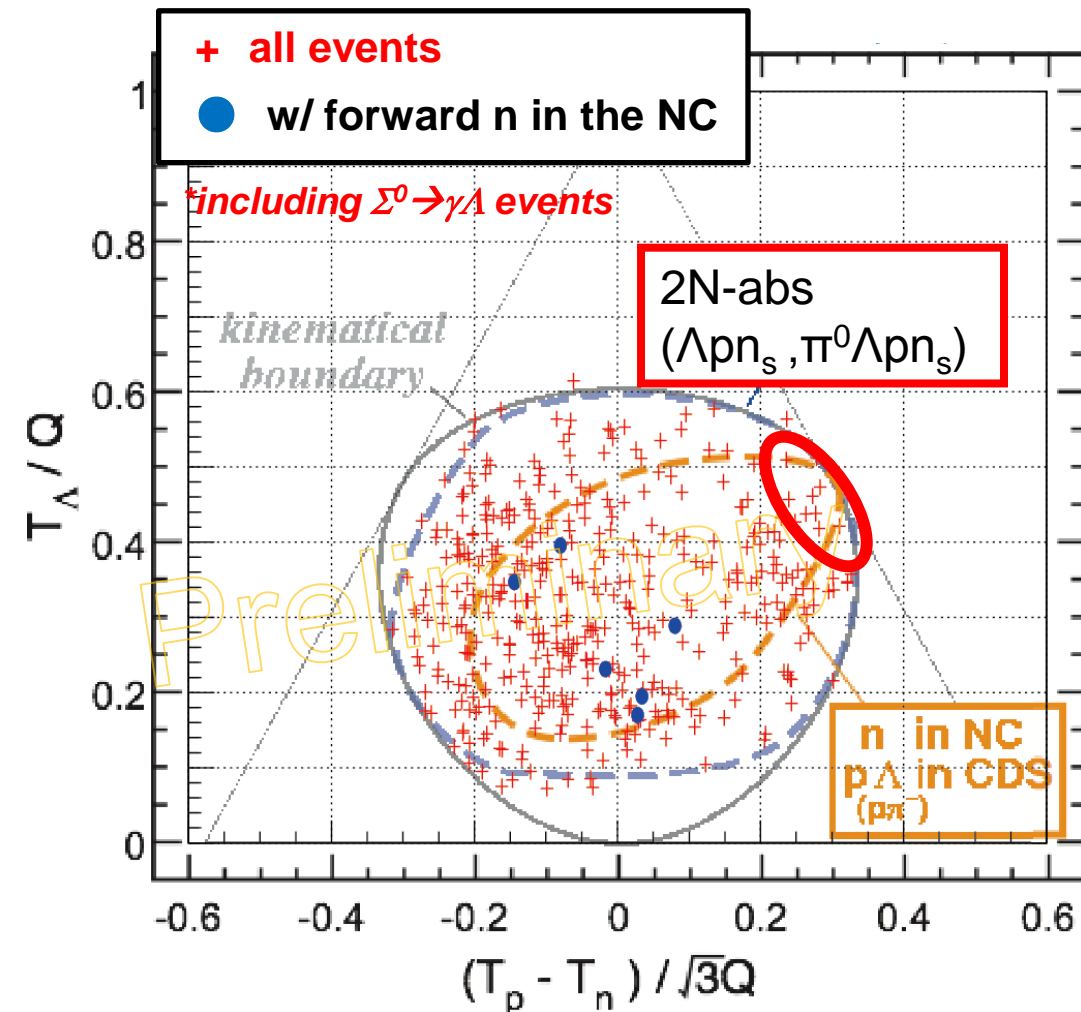
Σ - Λ conversion (2step)



Kpp



$^3\text{He}(K^-, \Lambda p n)$ Result : Dalitz plot of $\Lambda p n$



Selected neutron missing mass peak.

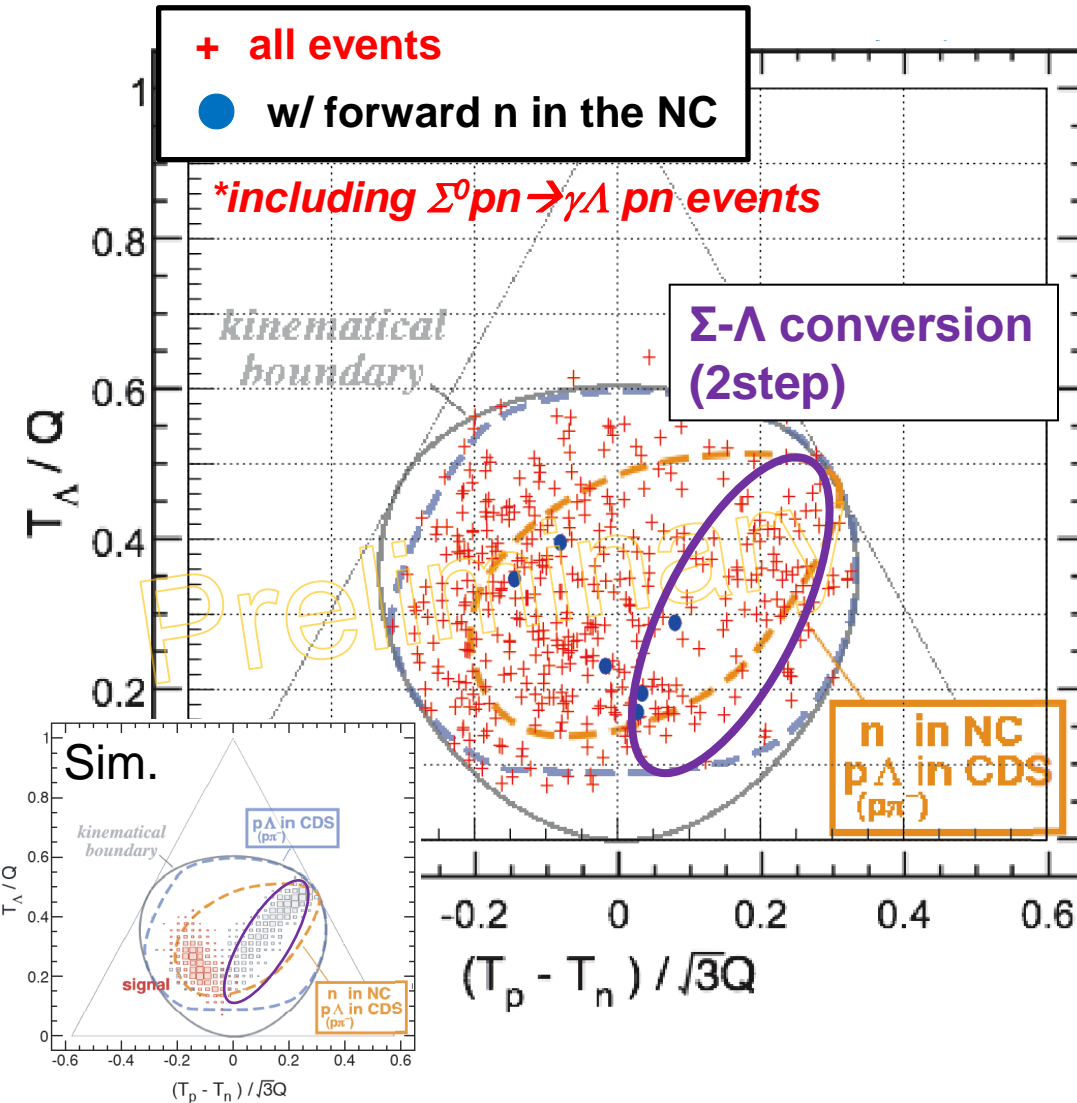
- Events are scattered widely in phase space.
- Multi-N absorption processes exist.

- It seems 3N-abs($\Lambda p n$) exists
- 2N-abs is very weak.**

▪ “ $\Lambda p n$ ” w/ forward n in the NC are a few events.

- We would like to carry out high statistical experiments !

$^3\text{He}(K^-, \Lambda pn)$ Result : Dalitz plot of Λpn



Selected neutron missing mass peak.

- Events are scattered widely in phase space.
- Multi-N absorption processes exist.

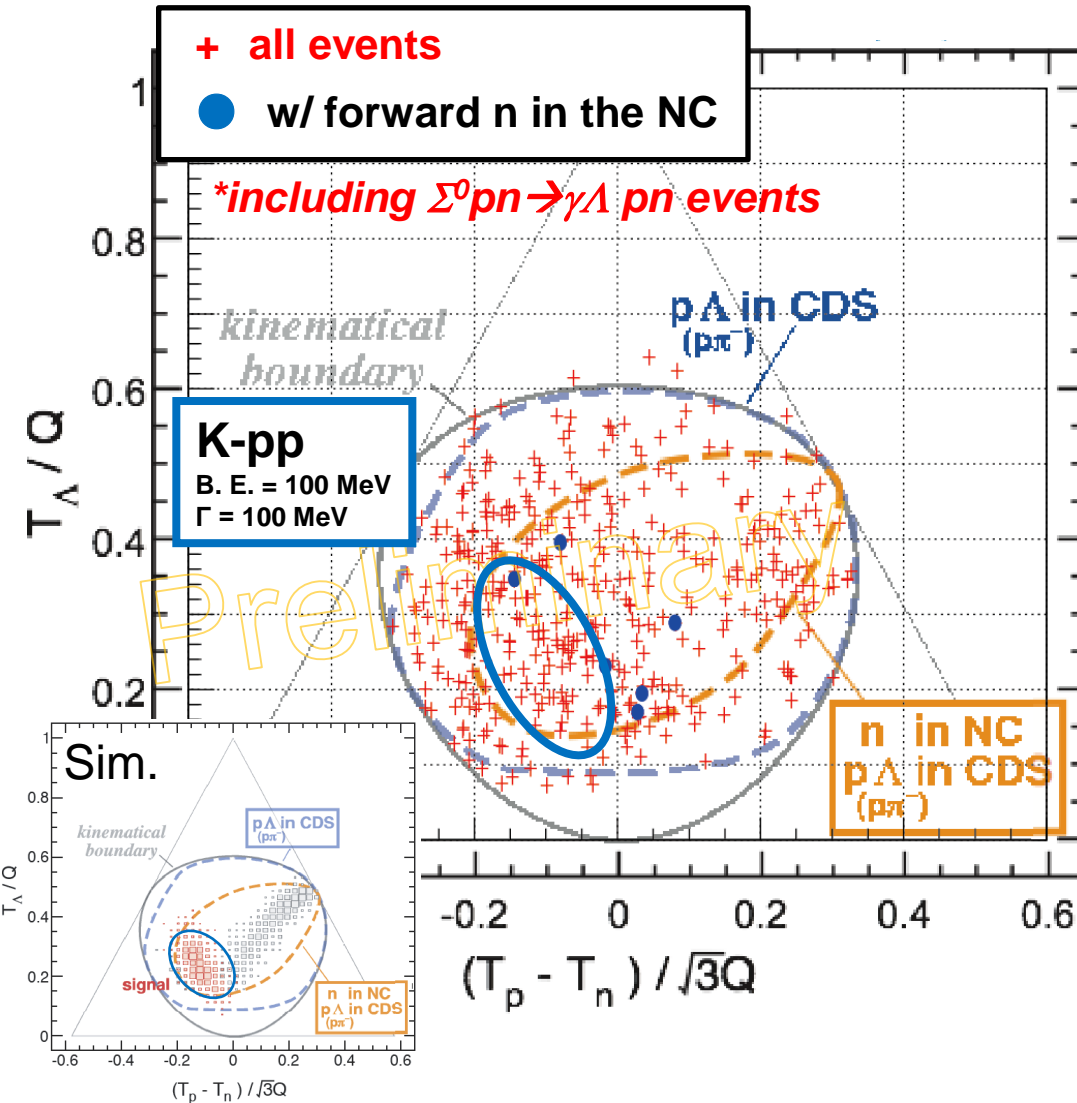
- It seems 3N-abs(Λpn) exists
- 2N-abs is almost nothing.

can not see $\Sigma\text{-}\Lambda$ conversion line?

▪ “ Λpn ” w/ forward n in the NC is a few events.

- We would like to carry out high statistical experiments !

$^3\text{He}(K^-, \Lambda pn)$ Result : Dalitz plot of Λpn



Selected neutron missing mass peak.

- Events are scattered widely in phase space.
- Multi-N absorption processes exist.

- It seems 3N-abs(Λpn) exists
- 2N-abs is almost nothing.
- can not see Σ - Λ conversion line?

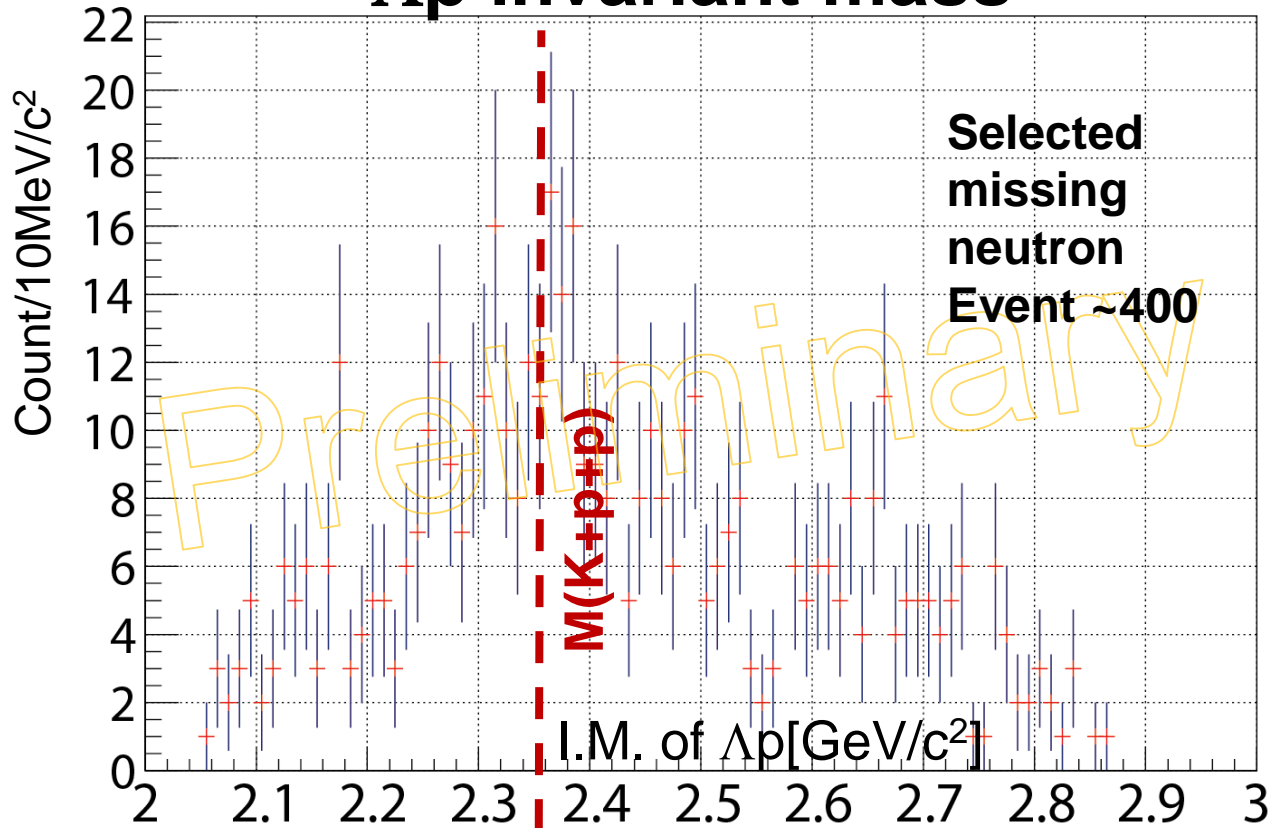
• “ Λpn ” w/ forward n in the NC is a few events.

- We would like to carry out high statistical experiments !

Finally,
will be confirmed in I. M. of Λp w/ missing n.

$^3\text{He}(K^-, \Delta p n)$ Result

Δp invariant mass

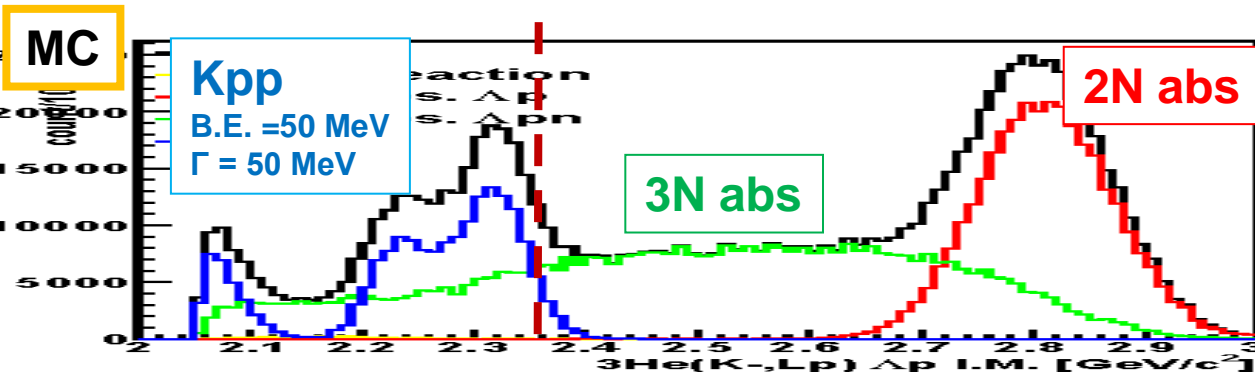


It seems that

☑ 2N abs is very weak.

☑ 3N abs may be dominant.

☑ careful studies are in progress.



Summary

- **We have performed 1st physics run of the J-PARC E15 experiment to search for deeply-bound K-pp state.**
 - ✓ $\sim 4 \times 10^9$ kaons were irradiated on ${}^3\text{He}$.
 - ✓ ${}^3\text{He} (K^-, n)$: $\sim 1.4 \times 10^5$ events
- **We presented preliminary results.**
 - ✓ Hyperon production($\Lambda(1520)$) spectrum
 - ✓ Semi inclusive ${}^3\text{He}(K^-, n)$ spectrum
 - ✓ Exclusive ${}^3\text{He}(K^-, \Lambda pn)$ spectrum

J-PARC E15 collaboration

S. Ajimura^a, G. Beer^b, H. Bhang^c, M. Bragadireanu^e, P. Buehler^f, L. Busso^{g,h}, M. Cargnelli^f, S. Choi^c, C. Curceanu^d, S. Enomotoⁱ, D. Faso^{g,h}, H. Fujioka^j, Y. Fujiwara^k, T. Fukuda^l, C. Guaraldo^d, T. Hashimoto^k, R. S. Hayano^k, T. Hiraiwa^a, M. Iio^o, M. Iliescu^d, K. Inoueⁱ, Y. Ishiguro^j, T. Ishikawa^k, S. Ishimoto^o, T. Ishiwatari^f, K. Itahashiⁿ, M. Iwai^o, M. Iwasaki^{m,n*}, Y. Katoⁿ, S. Kawasakiⁱ, P. Kienle^p, H. Kou^m, Y. Maⁿ, J. Marton^f, Y. Matsuda^q, Y. Mizoi^l, O. Morra^g, T. Nagae^{j\$}, H. Noumi^a, H. Ohnishiⁿ, S. Okadaⁿ, H. Outaⁿ, K. Piscicchia^d, M. Poli Lener^d, A. Romero Vidal^d, Y. Sada^j, A. Sakaguchiⁱ, F. Sakumaⁿ, M. Satoⁿ, A. Scordo^d, M. Sekimoto^o, H. Shi^k, D. Sirghi^{d,e}, F. Sirghi^{d,e}, K. Suzuki^f, S. Suzuki^o, T. Suzuki^k, K. Tanida^c, H. Tatsuno^d, M. Tokuda^m, D. Tomonoⁿ, A. Toyoda^o, K. Tsukada^r, O. Vazquez Doce^{d,s}, E. Widmann^f, B. K. Weunschek^f, T. Yamagaⁱ, T. Yamazaki^{k,n}, H. Yim^t, Q. Zhangⁿ, and J. Zmeskal^f

- (a) Research Center for Nuclear Physics (RCNP), Osaka University, Osaka, 567-0047, Japan ●
- (b) Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of Victoria, Victoria BC V8W 3P6, Canada 🇨🇦
- (c) Department of Physics, Seoul National University, Seoul, 151-742, South Korea 🇰🇷
- (d) Laboratori Nazionali di Frascati dell' INFN, I-00044 Frascati, Italy 🇮🇹
- (e) National Institute of Physics and Nuclear Engineering – IFIN HH, Romania 🇷🇴
- (f) Stefan-Meyer-Institut für subatomare Physik, A-1090 Vienna, Austria 🇦🇹
- (g) INFN Sezione di Torino, Torino, Italy 🇮🇹
- (h) Dipartimento di Fisica Generale, Università di Torino, Torino, Italy 🇮🇹
- (i) Department of Physics, Osaka University, Osaka, 560-0043, Japan ●
- (j) Department of Physics, Kyoto University, Kyoto, 606-8502, Japan ●
- (k) Department of Physics, The University of Tokyo, Tokyo, 113-0033, Japan ●
- (l) Laboratory of Physics, Osaka Electro-Communication University, Osaka, 572-8530, Japan ●
- (m) Department of Physics, Tokyo Institute of Technology, Tokyo, 152-8551, Japan ●
- (n) RIKEN Nishina Center, RIKEN, Wako, 351-0198, Japan ●
- (o) High Energy Accelerator Research Organization (KEK), Tsukuba, 305-0801, Japan ●
- (p) Technische Universität München, D-85748, Garching, Germany 🇩🇪
- (q) Graduate School of Arts and Sciences, The University of Tokyo, Tokyo, 153-8902, Japan ●
- (r) Department of Physics, Tohoku University, Sendai, 980-8578, Japan ●
- (s) Excellence Cluster Universe, Technische Universität München, D-85748, Garching, Germany 🇩🇪
- (t) Korea Institute of Radiological and Medical Sciences (KIRAMS), Seoul, 139-706, South Korea 🇰🇷

(*) Spokesperson

(\$) Co-Spokesperson

Thank you for your attention !

1: Semi-Inclusive ${}^3\text{He}(\text{K}^-, \text{n})$

Expected spectrum from MC (Geant4)

- Known K-N interactions are considered from babble chamber data [CERN-HERA-83-02]

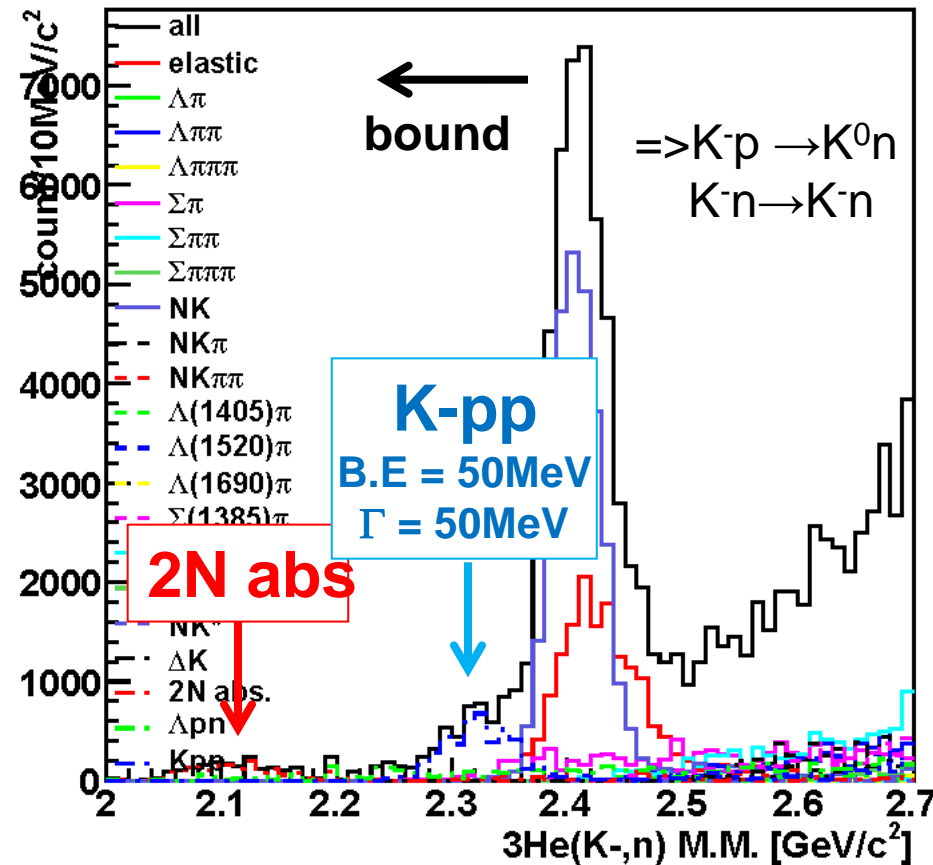
Simple assumptions: $\sigma_{\text{tot}} = 2 \cdot \sigma_{\text{K-p}} + \sigma_{\text{K-n}}$

for one-nucleon induced reactions,
almost background free

- 2N abs.: $\text{K}^- {}^3\text{He} \rightarrow \Lambda \text{ n p}_s$
 - $\sigma/d\Omega = 1 \text{ mb/sr}$,
- K-pp prod.: $\text{K}^- {}^3\text{He} \rightarrow \text{K}^- \text{pp n}$
 - $d\sigma/d\Omega = 1 \text{ mb/sr}$
 - $\text{K}^- \text{pp} \rightarrow \Lambda \text{p}(25\%), \Sigma^0 \text{p}(25\%), \pi \Sigma \text{p}(50\%)$

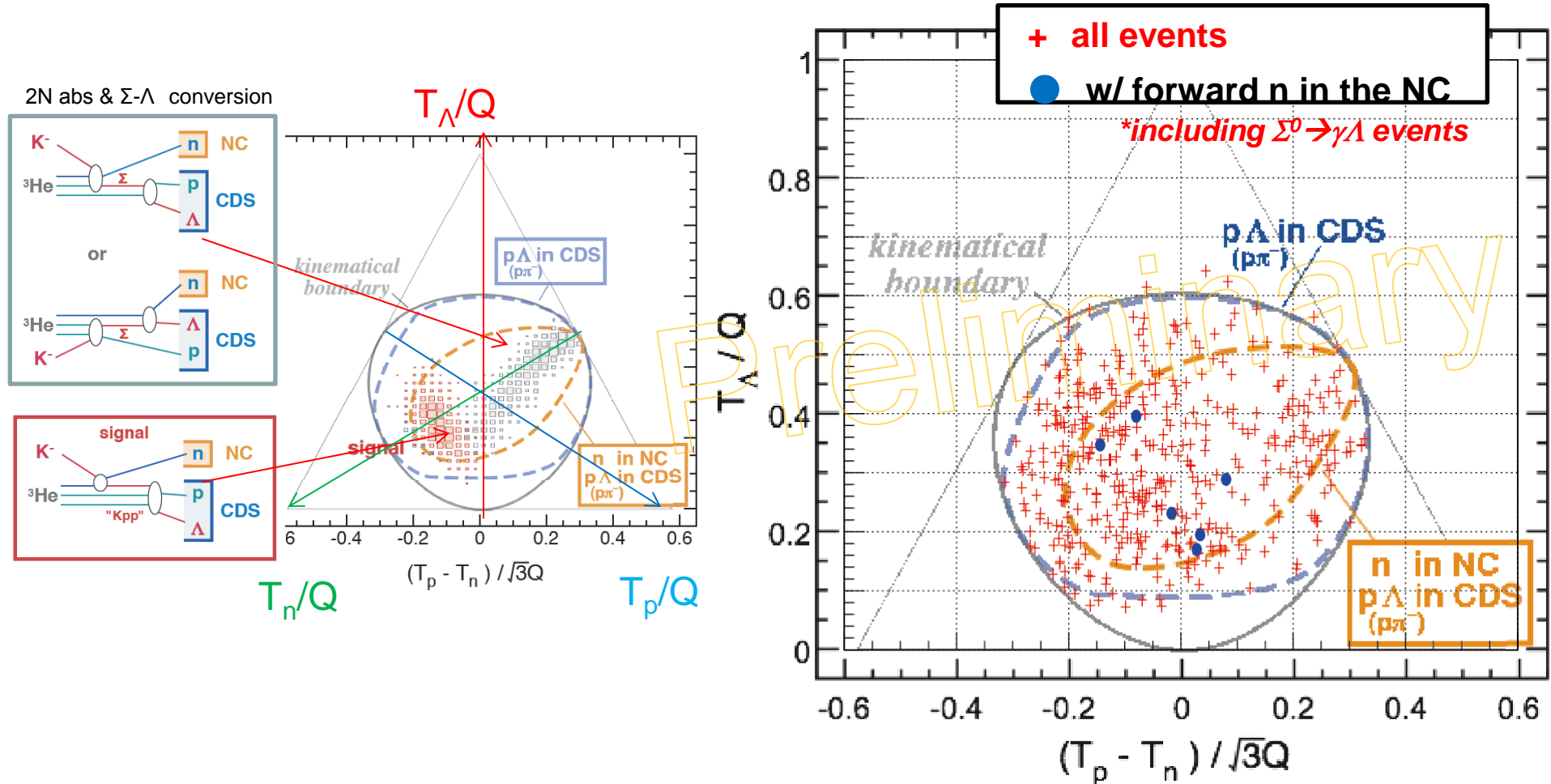
\Rightarrow if cross section is over $\sim 1 \text{ mb/sr}$,
We have sensitivity of signal.

${}^3\text{He}(\text{K}^-, \text{n})$ M.M. spectrum
w/ 1-charged tag in the



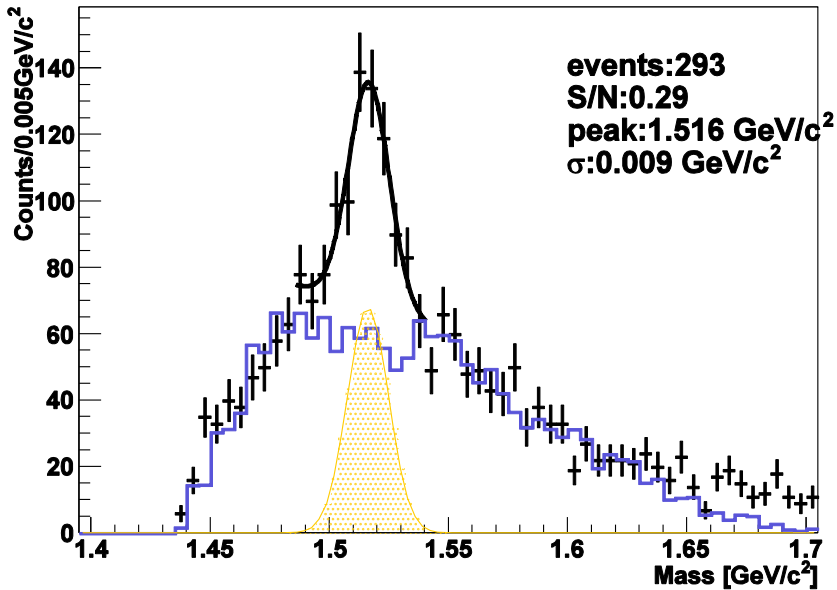
Dalitz plot

Dalitz plot of $\Lambda p n$



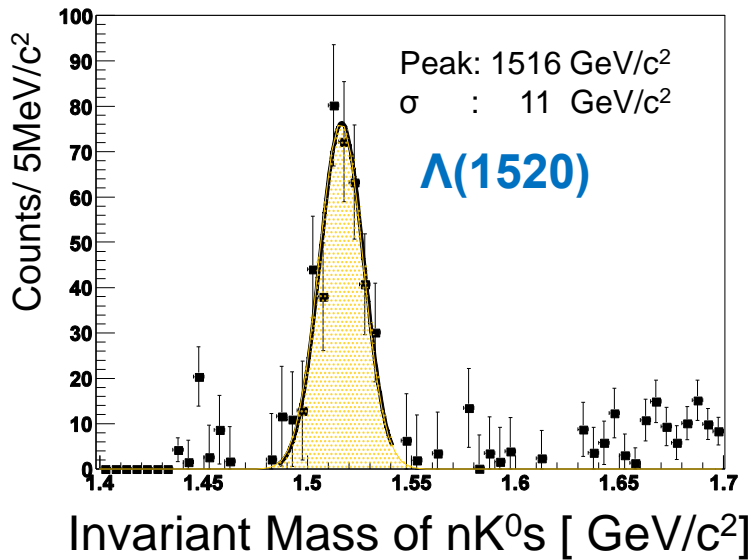
Preliminary results - Hyperon production

clMnpipi_k0s_target_de_2_mmcut

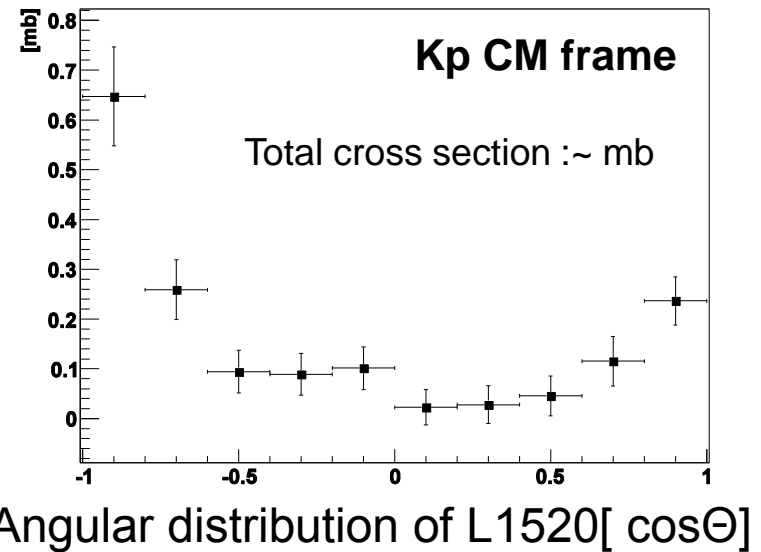


- $\Lambda(1520)$ peak is clear seen.
- Peak position is consistent with PDG.
 - Combination of CDS & NC performance is good.
- Cross section
 - consistent with old data at the same order level.

Graph



Graph



Beam spectrometer

beam spectrometer @ KI.8BR beam line

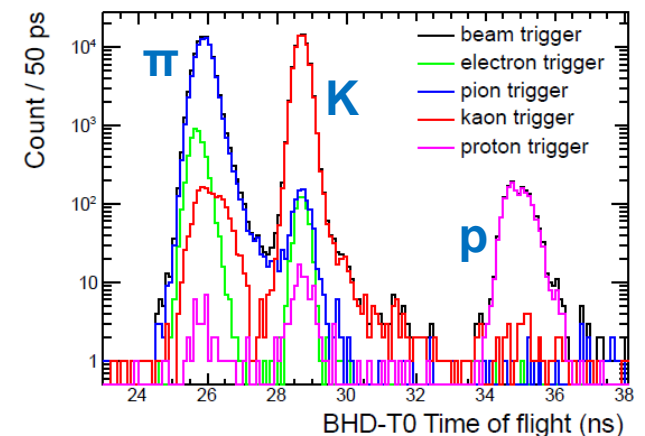
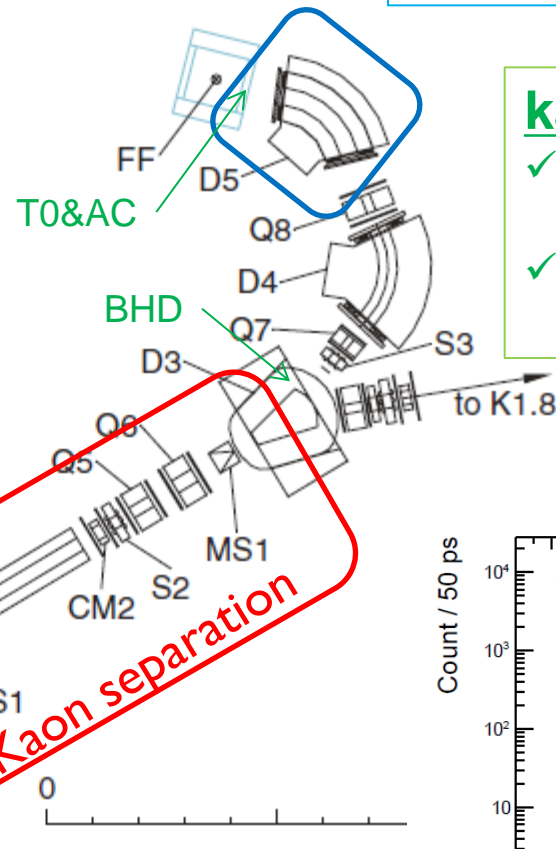
properties @ $p_K = 1.0 \text{ GeV}/c$

beam momentum	1 GeV/c
momentum bite	~ 3%
mom resolution @ 1 GeV/c	2.2 MeV/c
kaon / spill @ 24 kW	150 k
total beam / spill @ 24 kW	480 k
k/ π ratio	0.45
T1-FF length	31.3 m

Momentum analyzer
Dipole and wire drift chambers

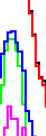
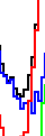
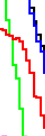
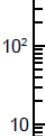
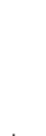
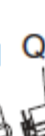
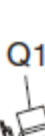
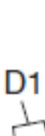
kaon identification

- ✓ Aerogel Cherenkov counter
- ✓ ToF(BHD-T0)
Flight length=7.7m



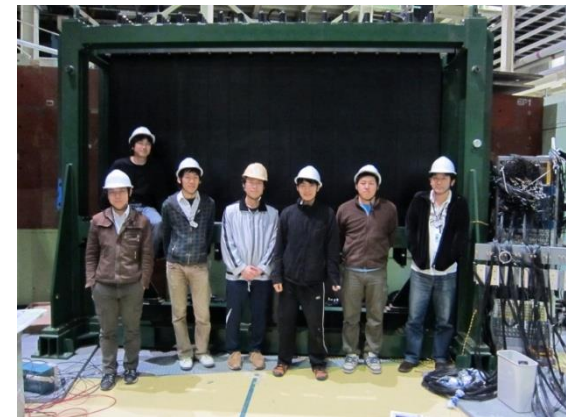
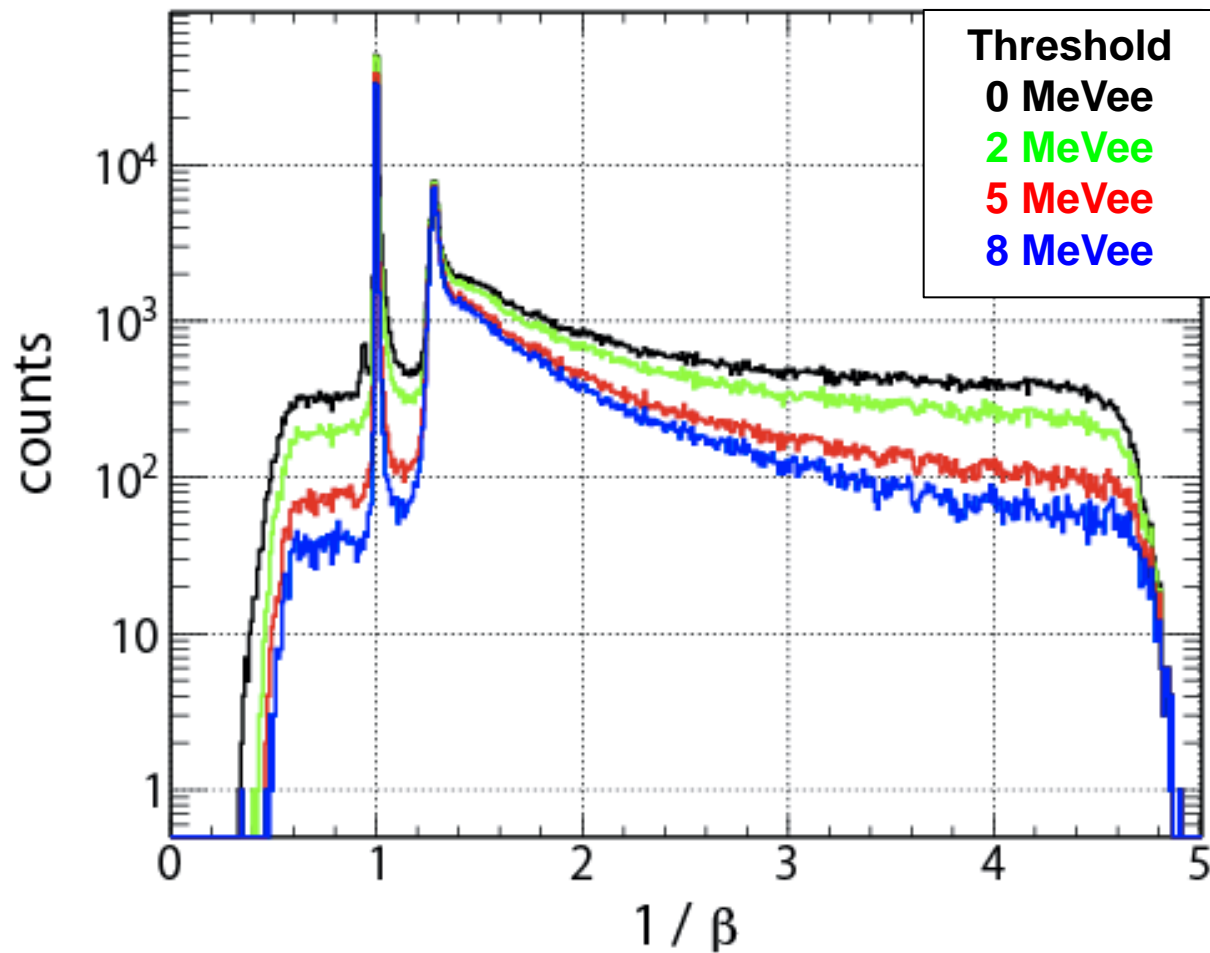
TOF(BHD-T0) @ +1.0 GeV/c

protons



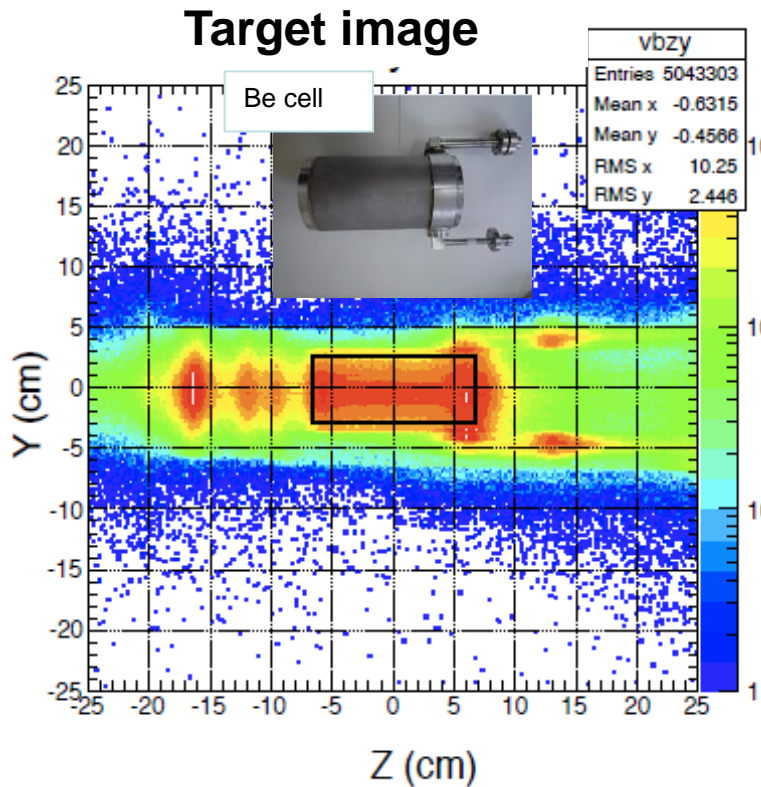
to K1.1

to K1.8



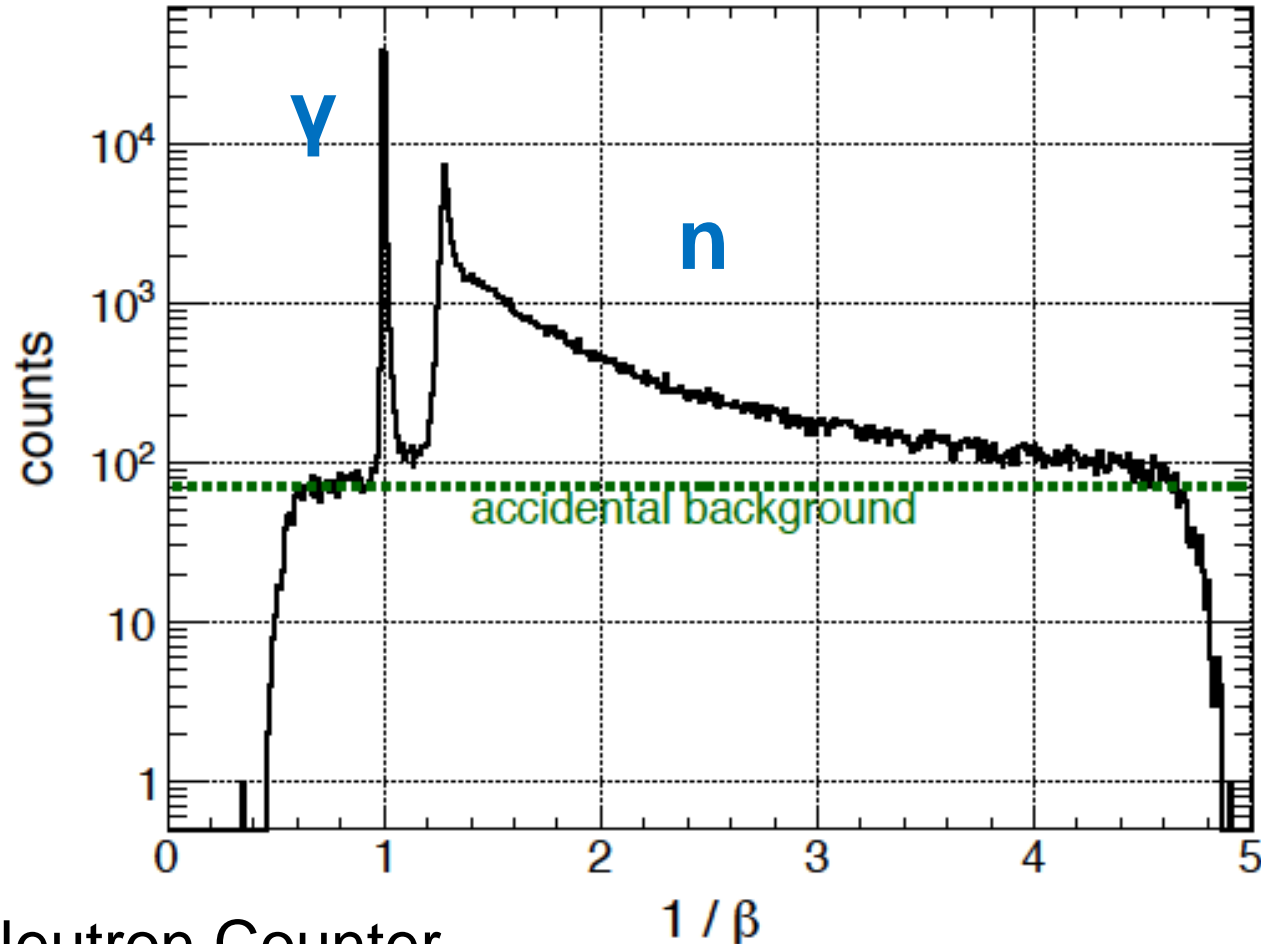
NC construction was completed in Apr. 2012

Cylindrical Detector System (CDS)



Design performance was achieved!!

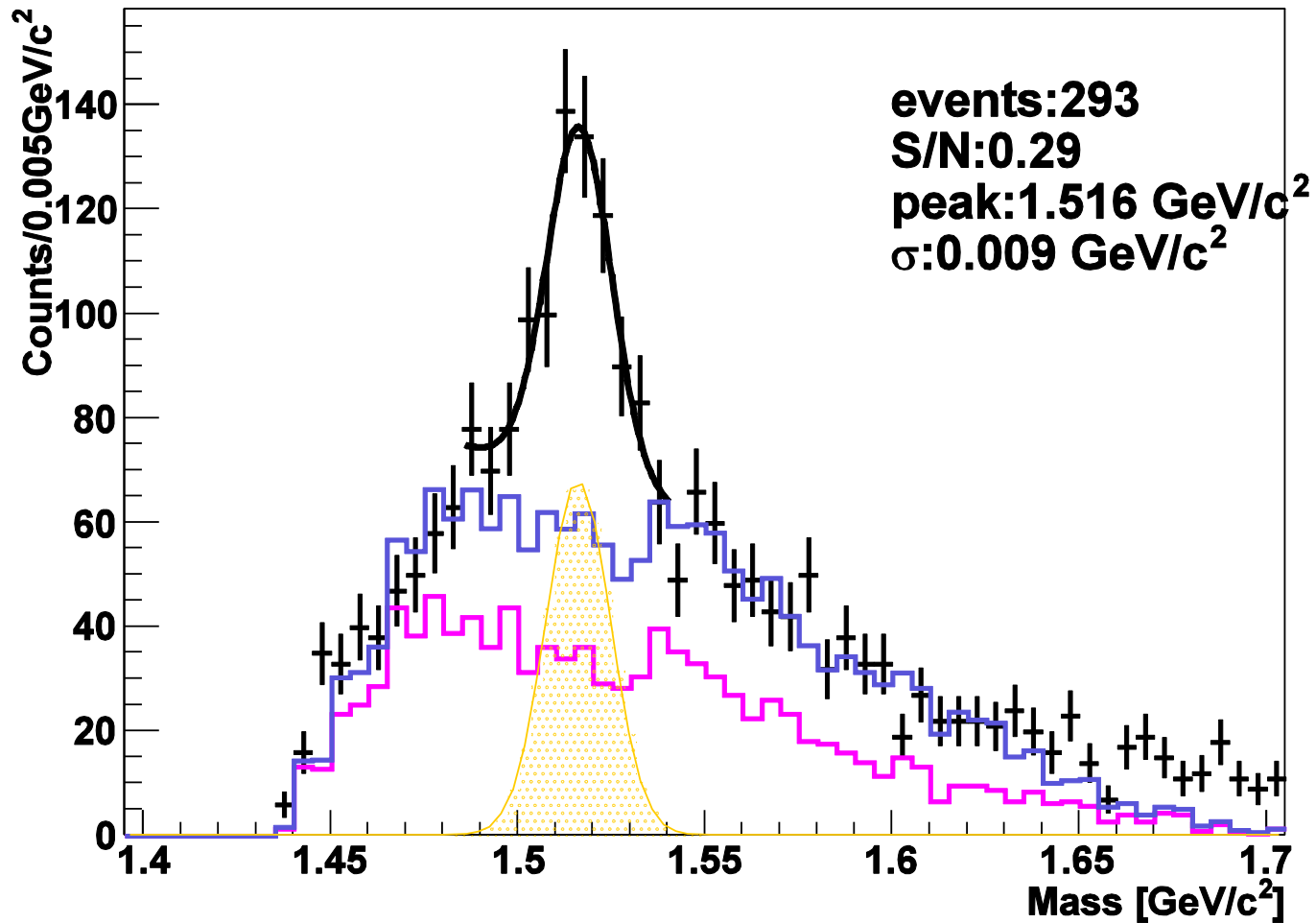
Forward neutral particle



- Neutron Counter

- Neutron momentum is determined by TOF method.
- **Good S/N of ~100** @ QF neutron peak (Set threshold to 5 MeVee).
- $\sigma_{\text{TOF}} \sim 160\text{ps} \rightarrow \sigma_{\text{M.M.}} \sim 10 \text{ MeV}/c^2$ at the region of interest.

cIMnpipi_k0s_target_de_2_mmcut



2: Inclusive ${}^3\text{He}(\text{K}^-, \Delta p)$

Expected (simplified) spectrum from MC (Geant4)

- Known K-N interactions are considered from bubble chamber data [CERN-HERA-83-02]

- Simple assumptions:

- $\sigma_{\text{tot}} = 2^* \sigma_{\text{K-p}} + \sigma_{\text{K-n}}$

- 2N abs.: $\text{K}^- {}^3\text{He} \rightarrow \Lambda p n_s$

- $\sigma/d\Omega = 1 \text{ mb/sr}$, (isotropic)

- 3N abs.: $\text{K}^- {}^3\text{He} \rightarrow \Lambda p n$

- $d\sigma/d\Omega = 1 \text{ mb/sr}$ (isotropic)

- K-pp prod.: $\text{K}^- {}^3\text{He} \rightarrow \text{K-pp} n$

- $d\sigma/d\Omega = 1 \text{ mb/sr}$ (isotropic)

- $\text{K-pp} \rightarrow \Lambda p (25\%), \Sigma^0 p (25\%), \pi \Sigma p (50\%)$

K-pp
B.E = 50MeV
 $\Gamma = 50\text{MeV}$

