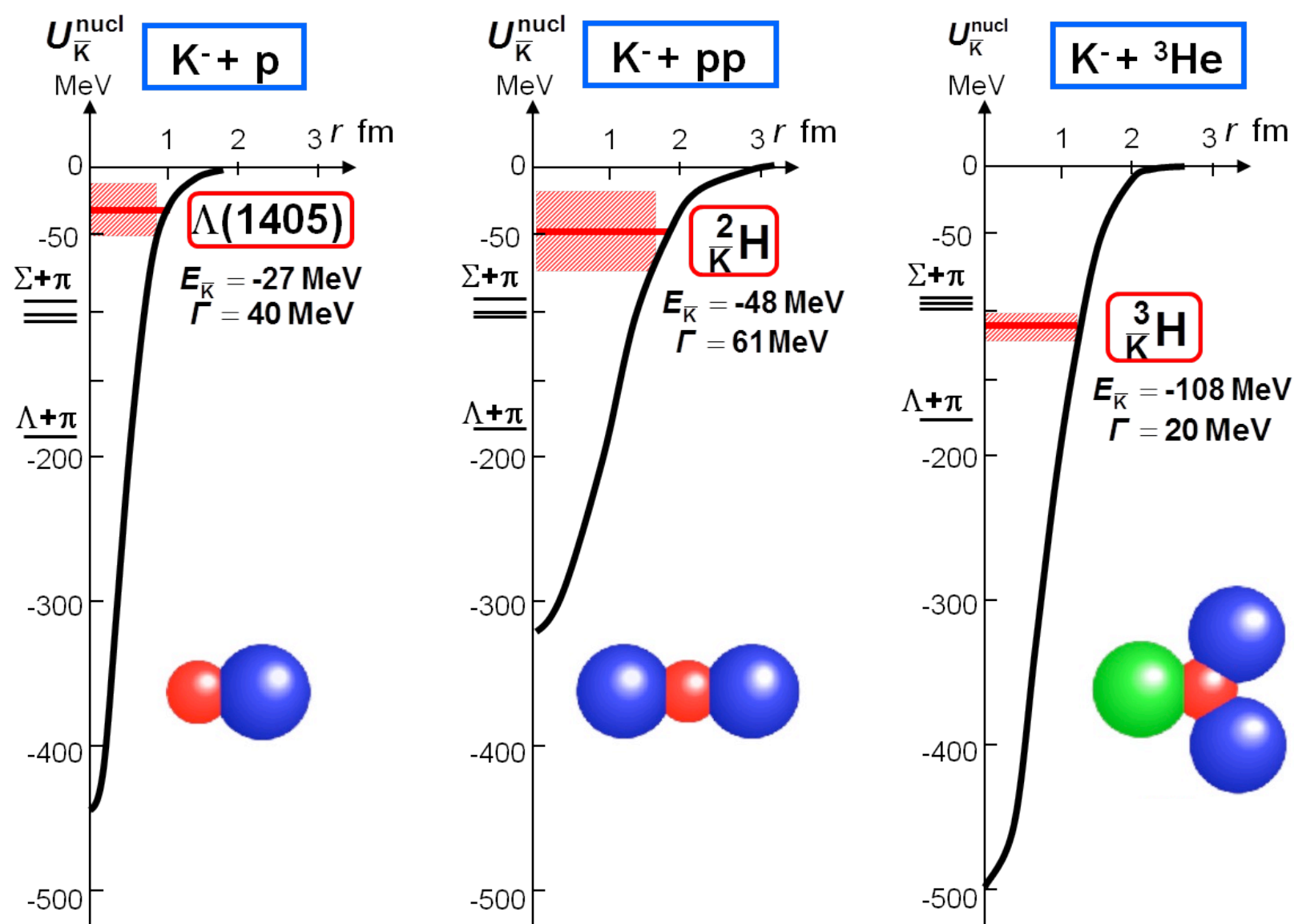


Search for the $\bar{K}NNN$ bound state in the Λ dn final states of the in-flight K^- reaction on ${}^4\text{He}$

Tadashi Hashimoto (JAEA ASRC)
for the J-PARC E73/T77 collaboration

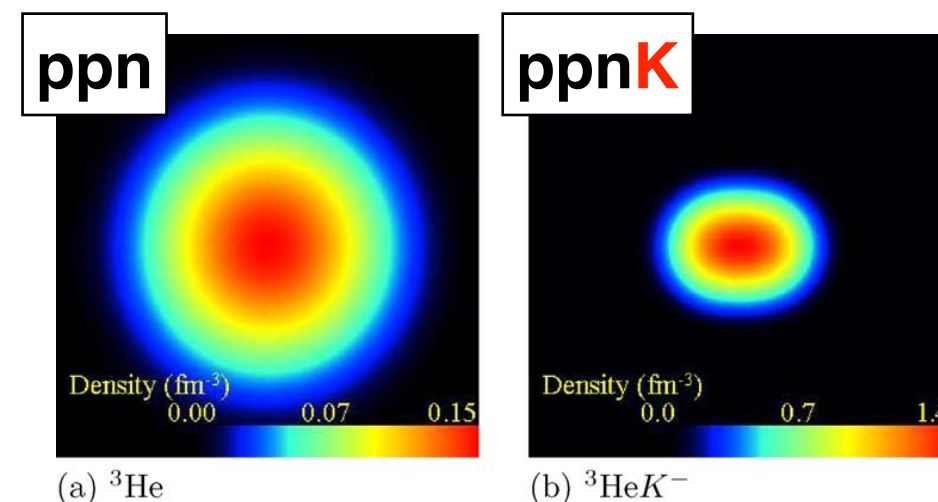
Kaonic nuclei

predicted from
attractive $K^{\text{bar}}N$ interaction in $l=0$



1. Y. Akaishi and T. Yamazaki. *Phys. Rev. C* **65**, 044005 (2002).
2. T. Yamazaki and Y. Akaishi. *Physics Letters B* **535**, 70–76 (2002).

dense nuclei are predicted

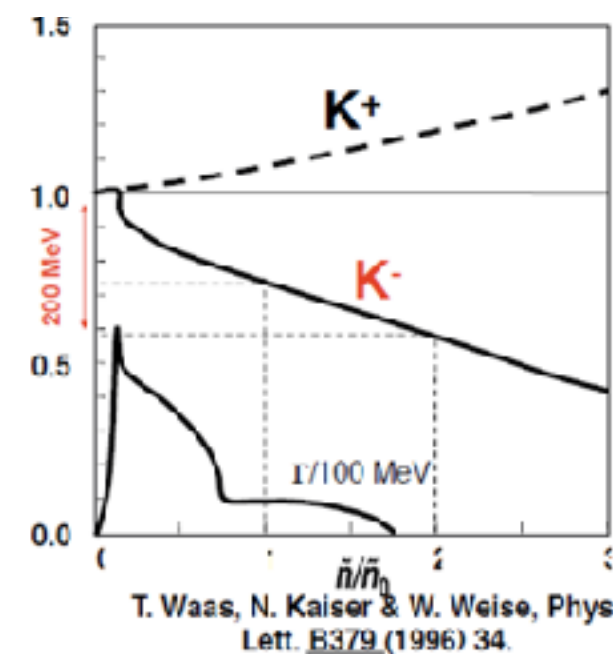


(a) ${}^3\text{He}$

(b) ${}^3\text{He}K^-$

Phys. Lett. B 590 (2004) 51

*Kaon mass changes
in nuclear medium?*



T. Waas, N. Kaiser & W. Weise, *Phys. Lett. B* **379** (1996) 34.

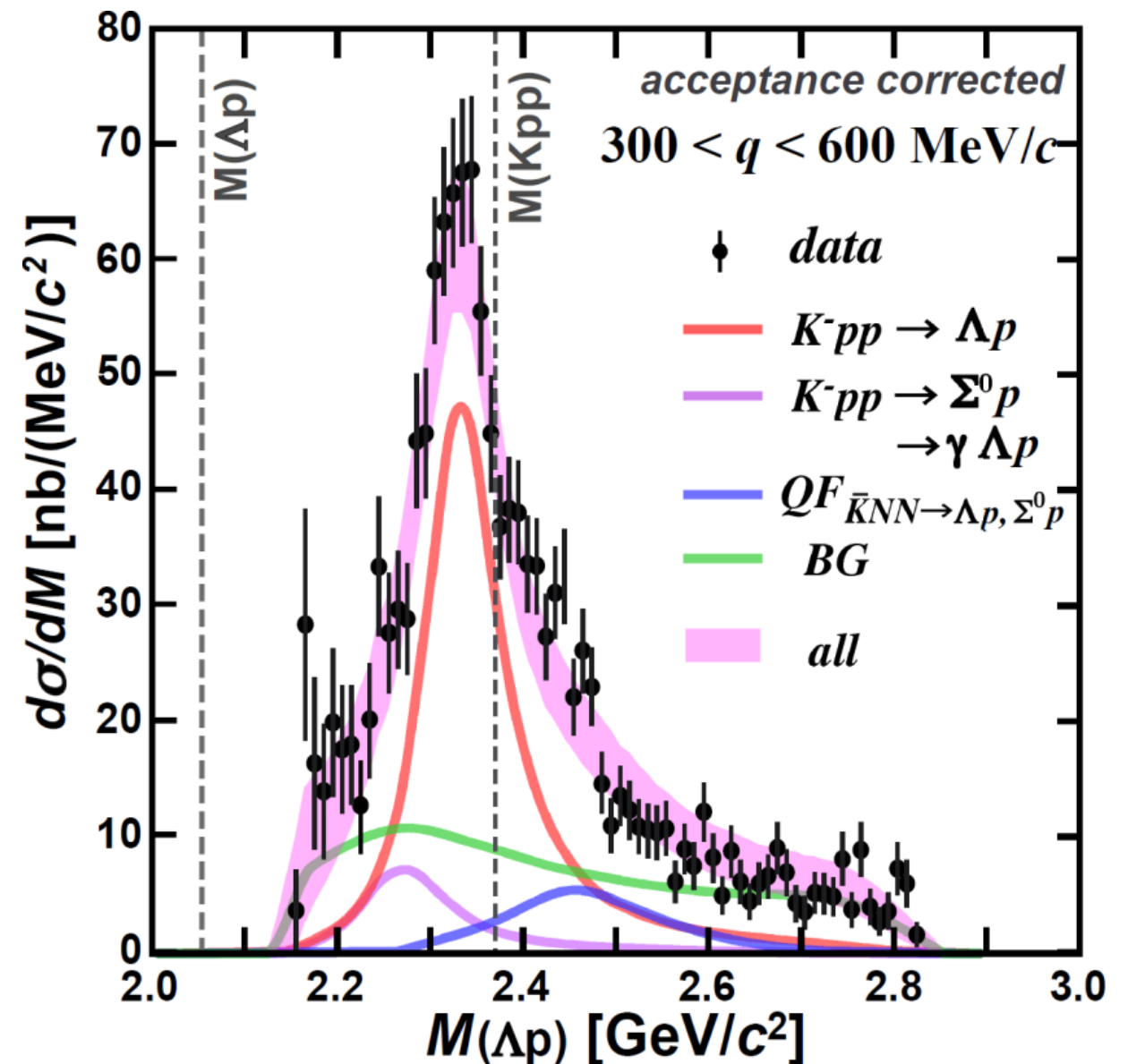
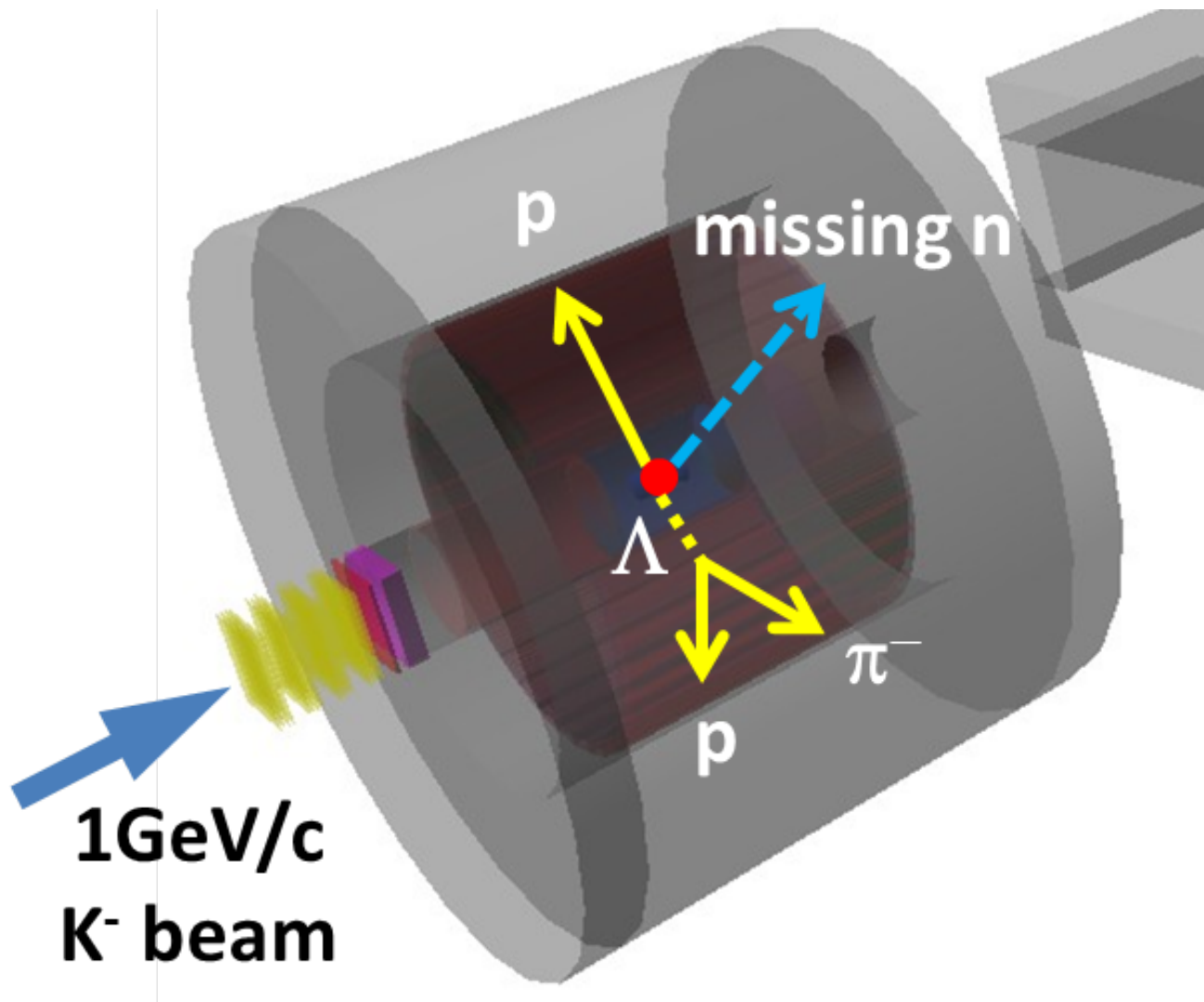
Anti-Kaon could be a unique probe for hadron/nuclear physics

“ $\bar{K}NN$ ” in J-PARC E15

Details in T. Yamaga's talk on Thursday morning

$$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(0^-), I_z = +\frac{1}{2}$$

PLB789(2019)620., PRC102(2020)044002.



- Exclusive measurement of all the final state particles in a wide q region
- Most convincing data after a history of 20-year search
- Next step $\rightarrow \bar{K}NNN$ search to investigate the A-dependence of kaonic nuclei

$\bar{K}NNN$: Theoretical situation

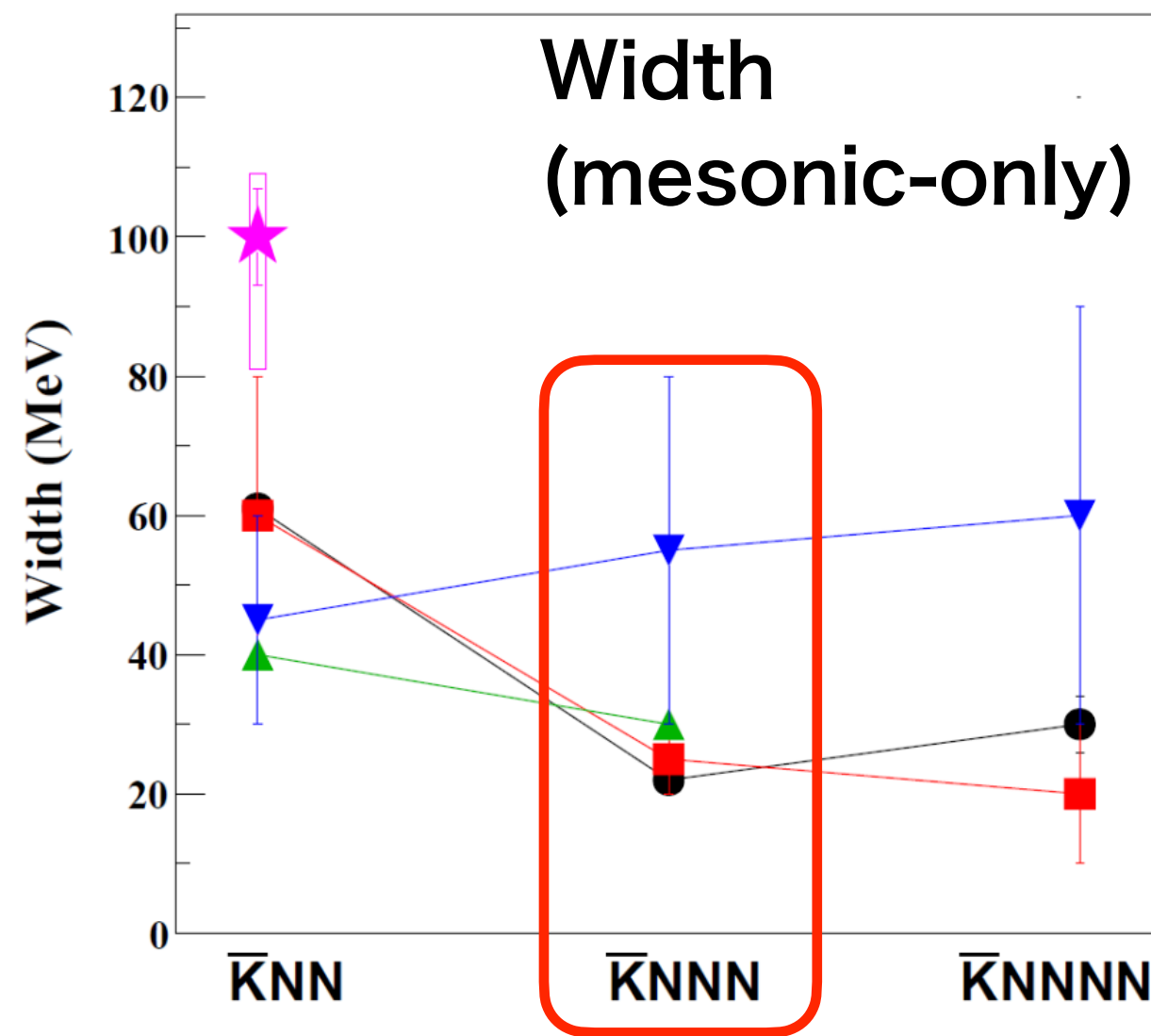
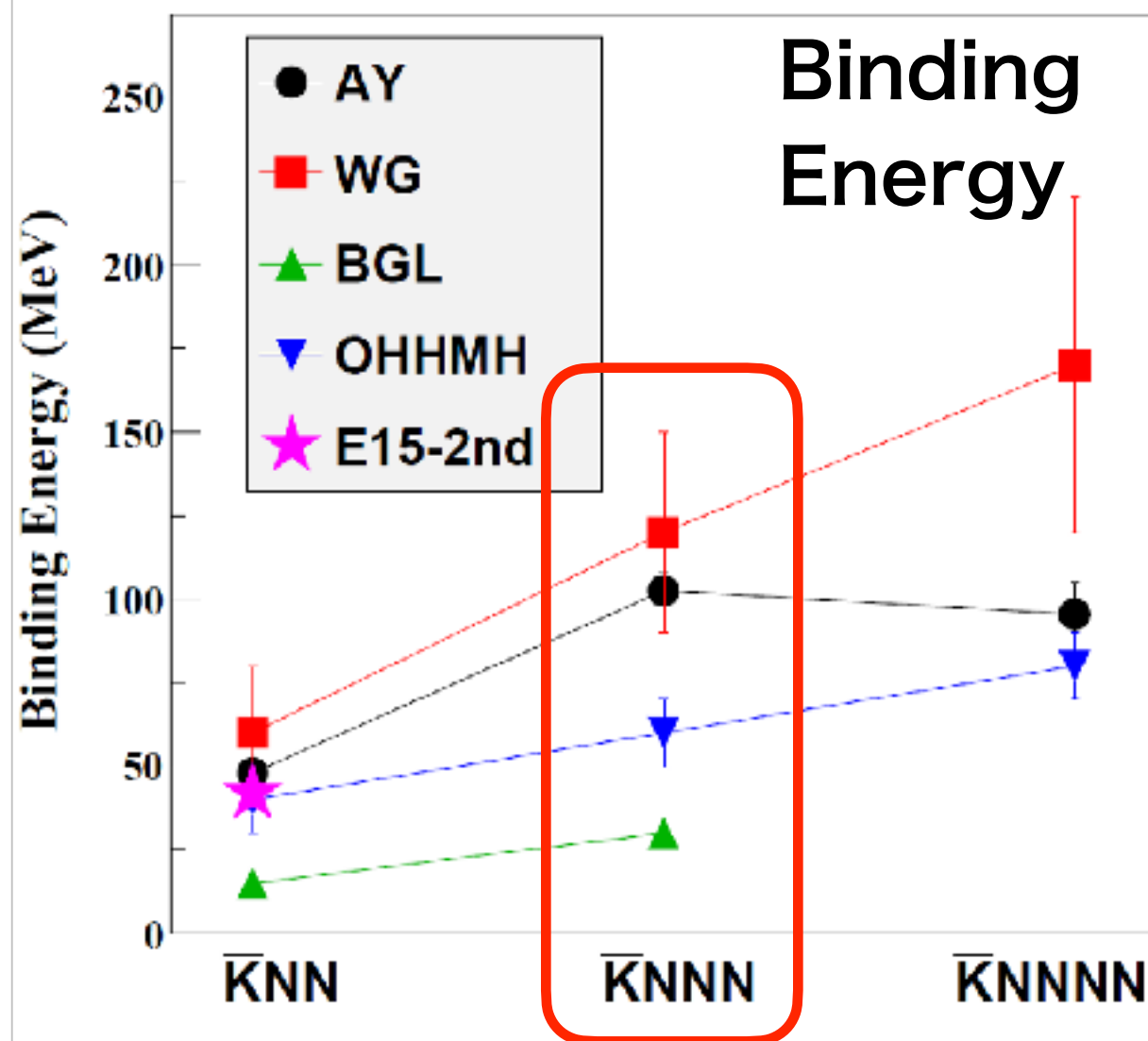
$$I(J^P) = 0\left(\frac{1}{2}^-\right)$$

AY: PRC65(2002)044005, PLB535(2002)70.

WG: PRC79(2009)014001.

BGL: PLB712(2012)132.

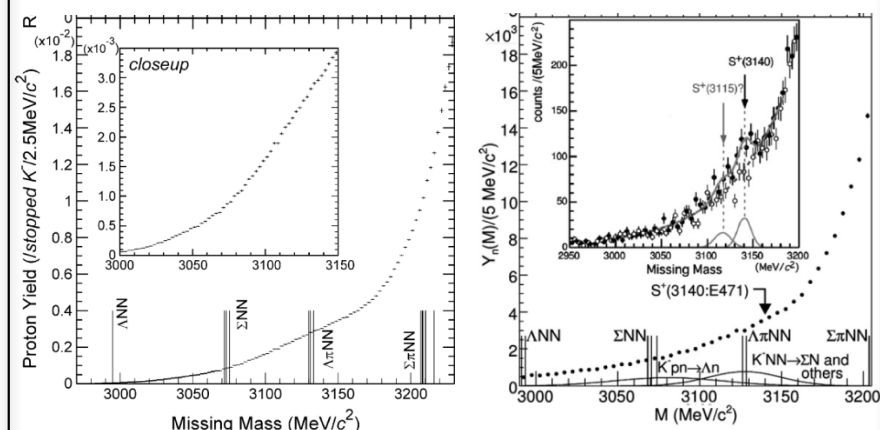
OHHMH: PRC95(2017)065202.



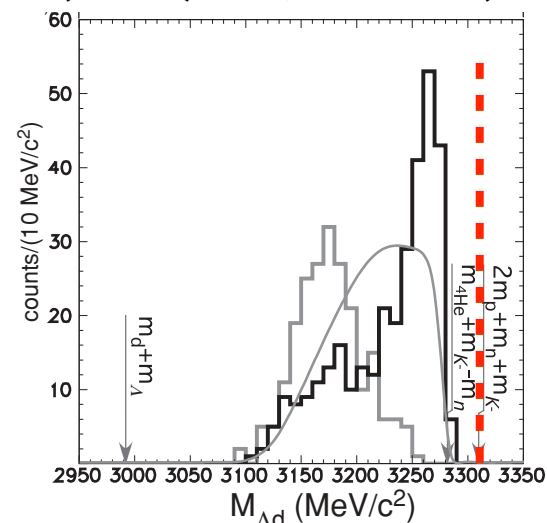
Larger binding than $\bar{K}NN$ and similar width are predicted.

$\bar{K}NNN$: Experimental situation

Stopped K^- on ${}^4\text{He}$
E471/E549@KEK



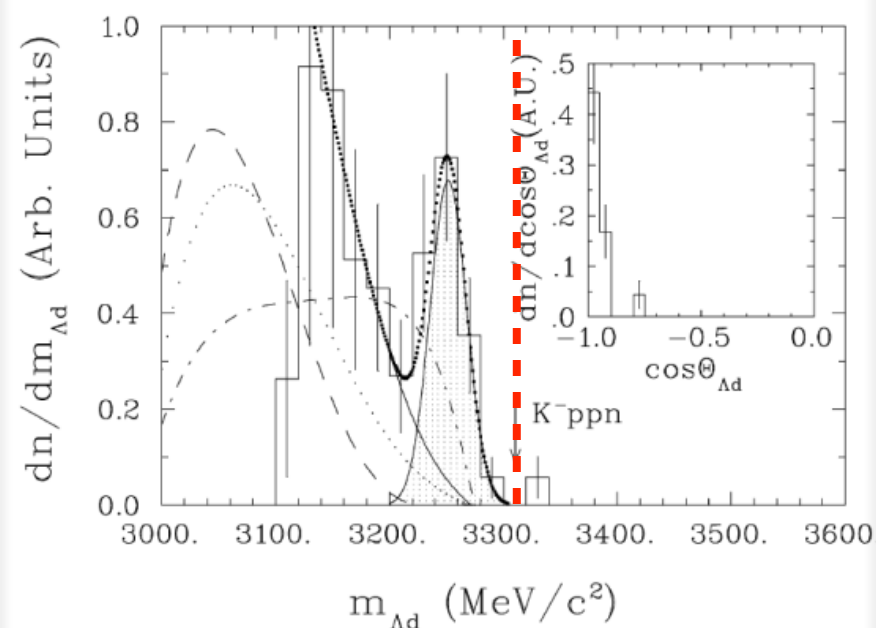
PLB659(2008)107, PLB688(2010)43



PRC76(2007)068202

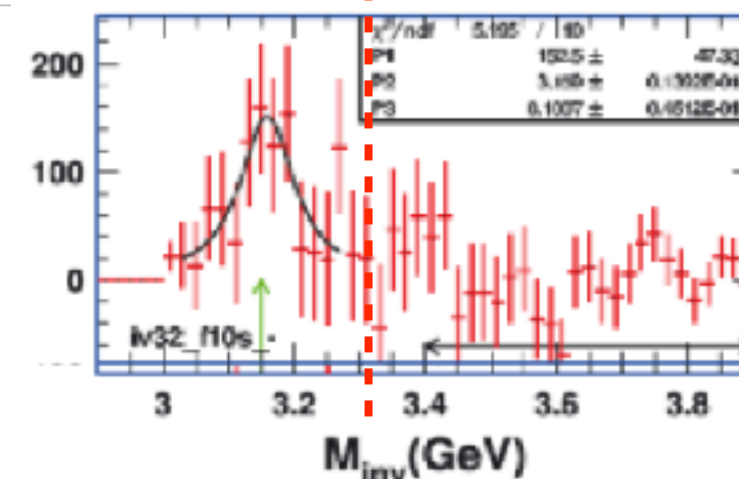
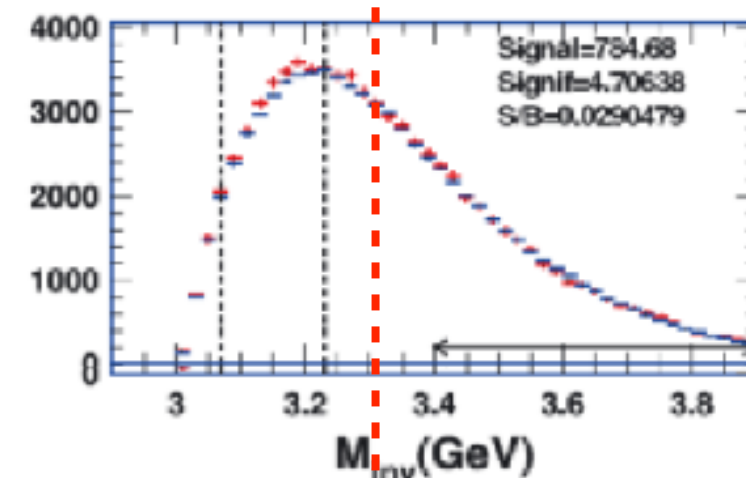
Stopped K^- on Li/C
back-to-back Λd

FUNUDA@DAΦNE



PLB654(2007)80

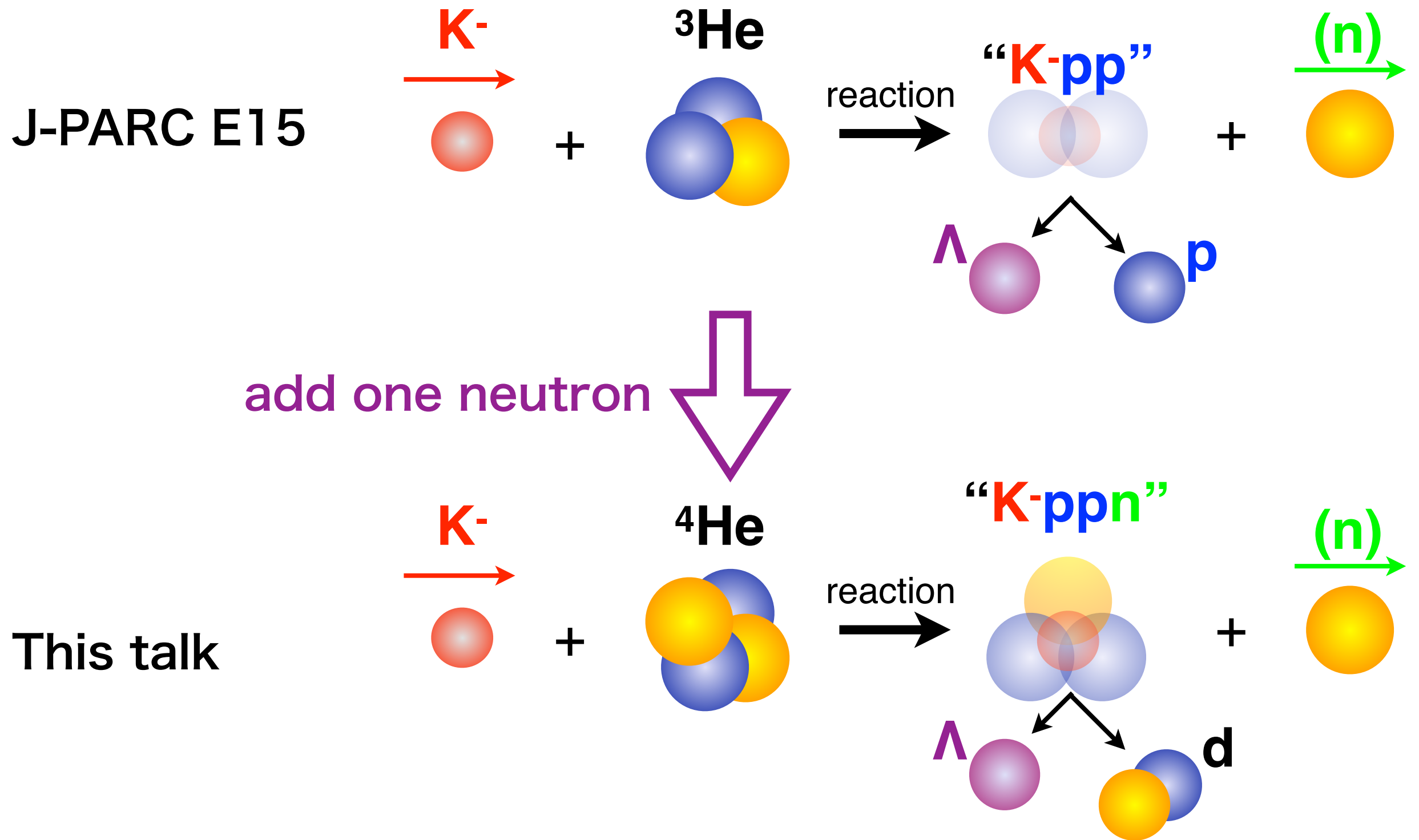
Λd in Ni+Ni
FOPI@GSI



EXA05 Proceedings (2005)

- Some experimental searches in 2000s. No conclusive result.
- multi-N absorptions hide bound-state signals in Stop-K

Our approach



Use in-flight (K-,n) reaction, just as J-PARC E15

J-PARC E15 vs T77 @ K1.8BR

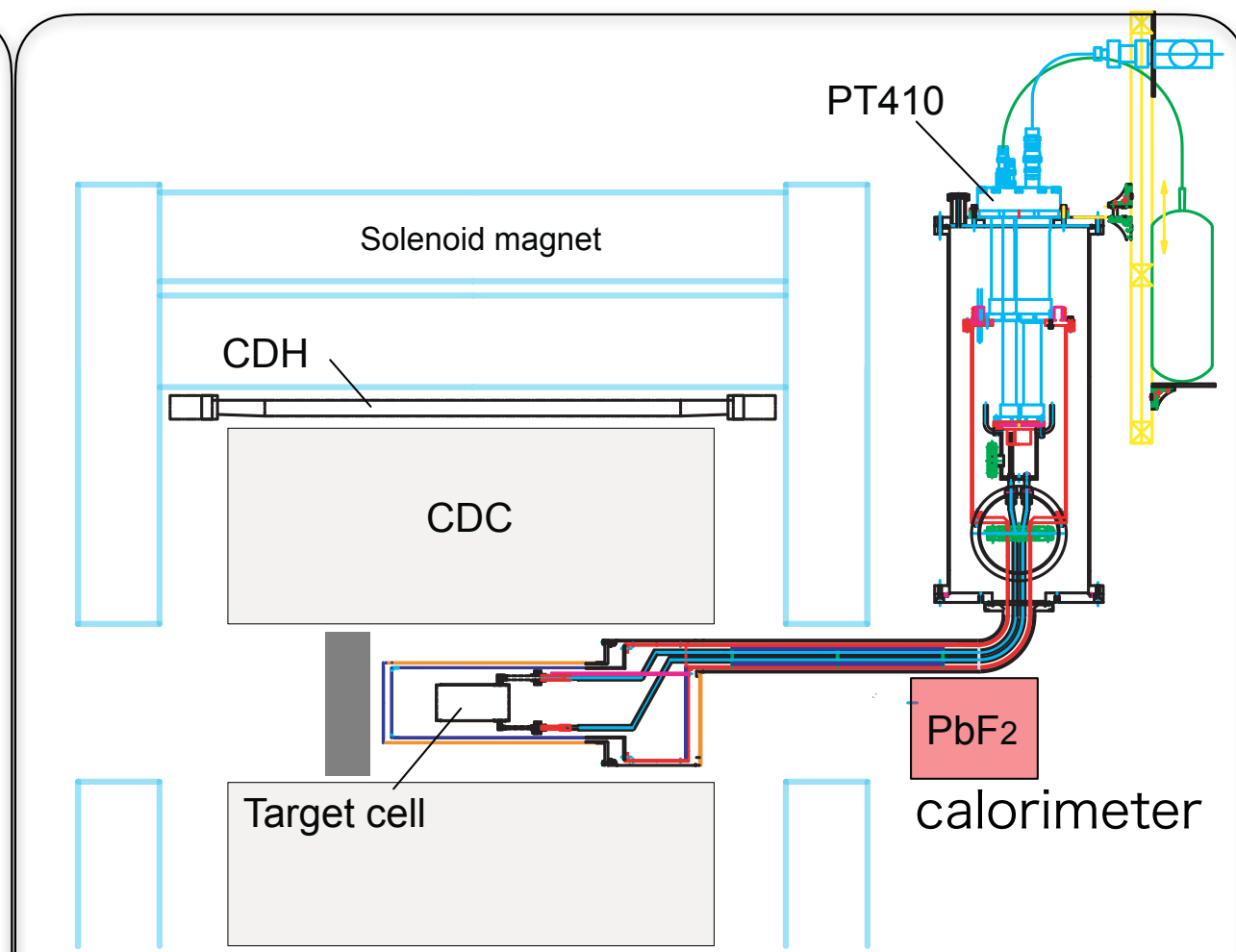
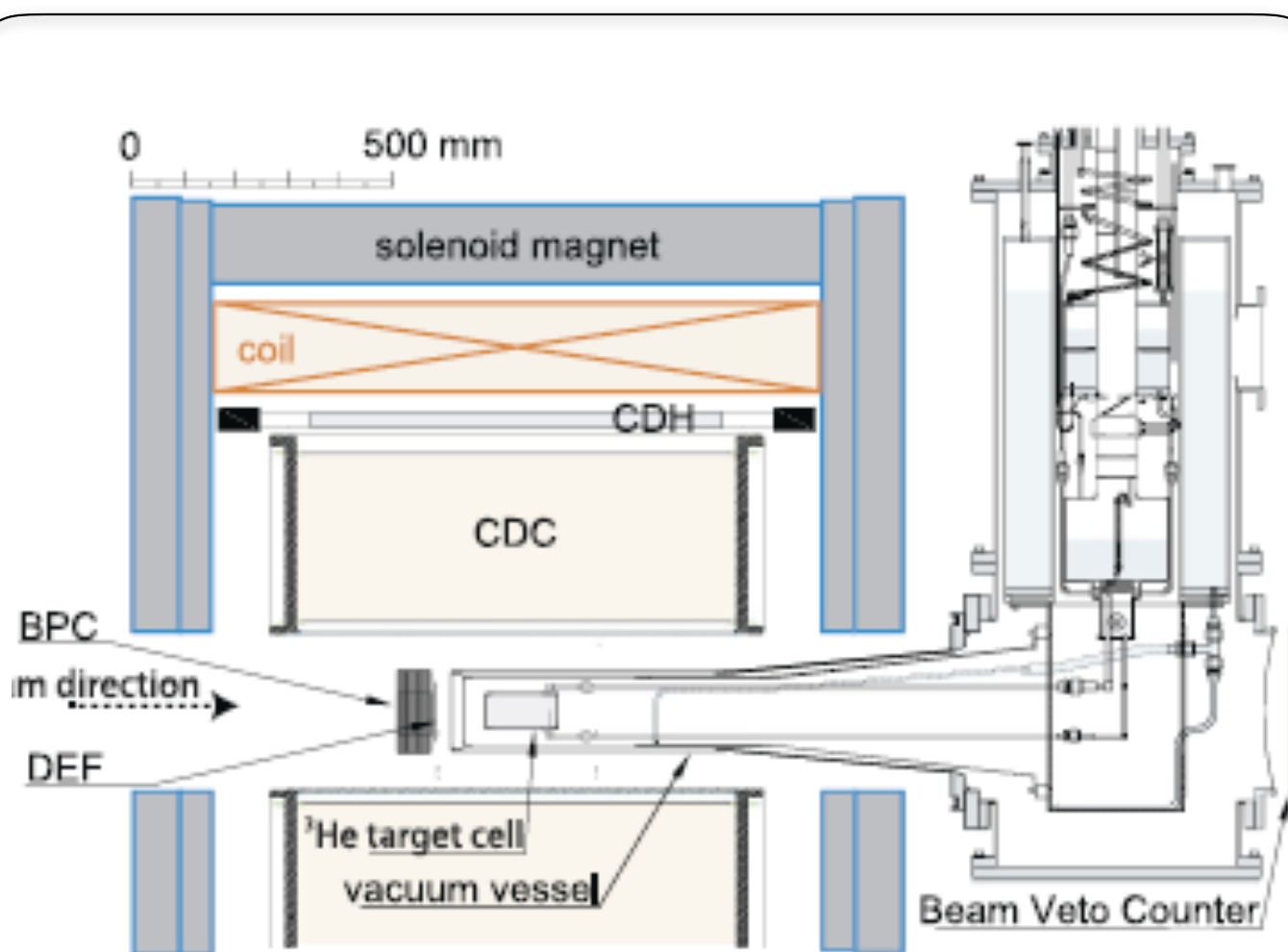
We already have small dataset with ^4He target

J-PARC E15@2015

42G K⁻ on ^3He

J-PARC T77@2020

6G K⁻ on ^4He **only 3 days!**



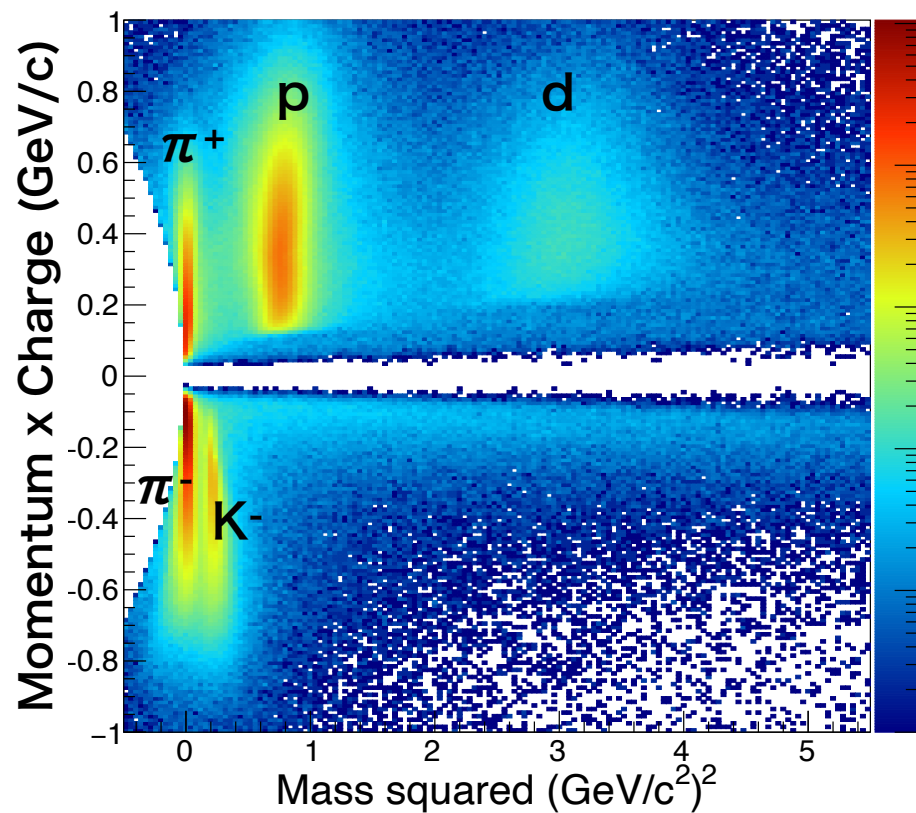
- The same cylindrical detector system + forward calorimeter in T77 for lifetime measurements of hypernuclei $K^-(^4\text{He}, \pi^0)_\Lambda^4\text{H}$

Y. Ma's talk (Mon), T. Akaishi's poster

Λ dn event selection

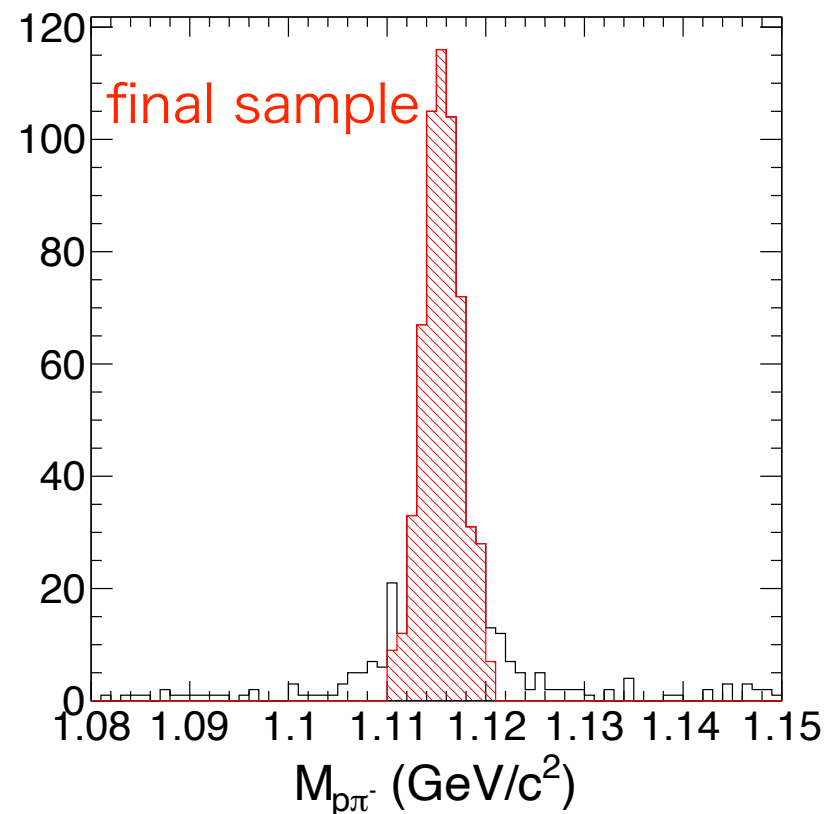
deuteron ID

CDC track curvature &
CDH time of flight



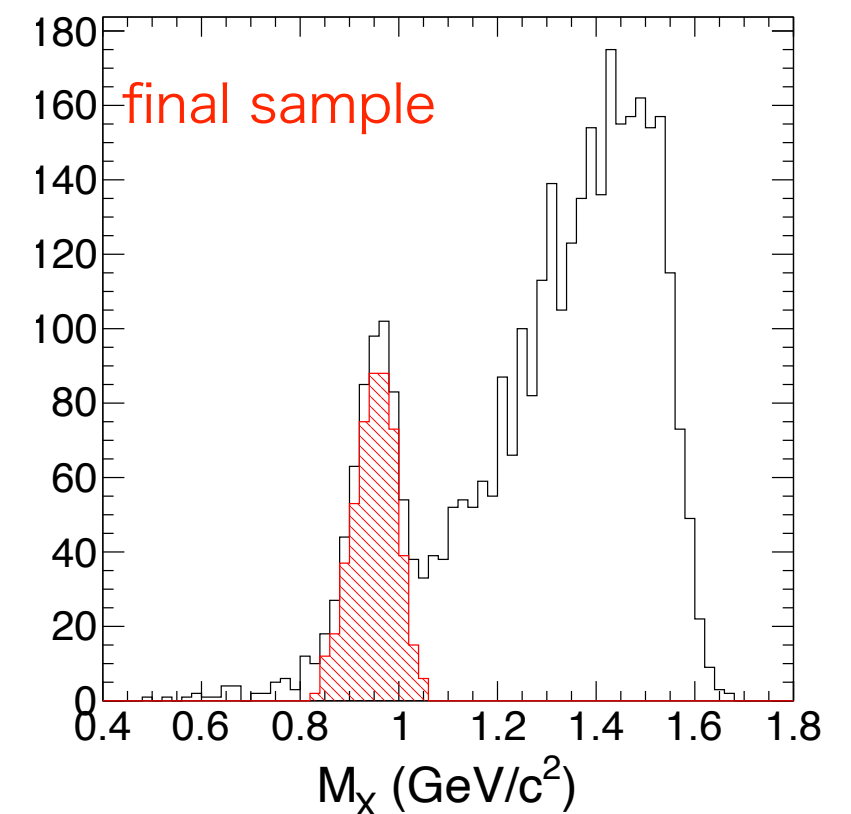
Λ reconstruction

w/ vertex consistency cut
w/ pipd missing mass cut



Missing neutron ID

w/ vertex consistency cut
w/ lambda mass cut

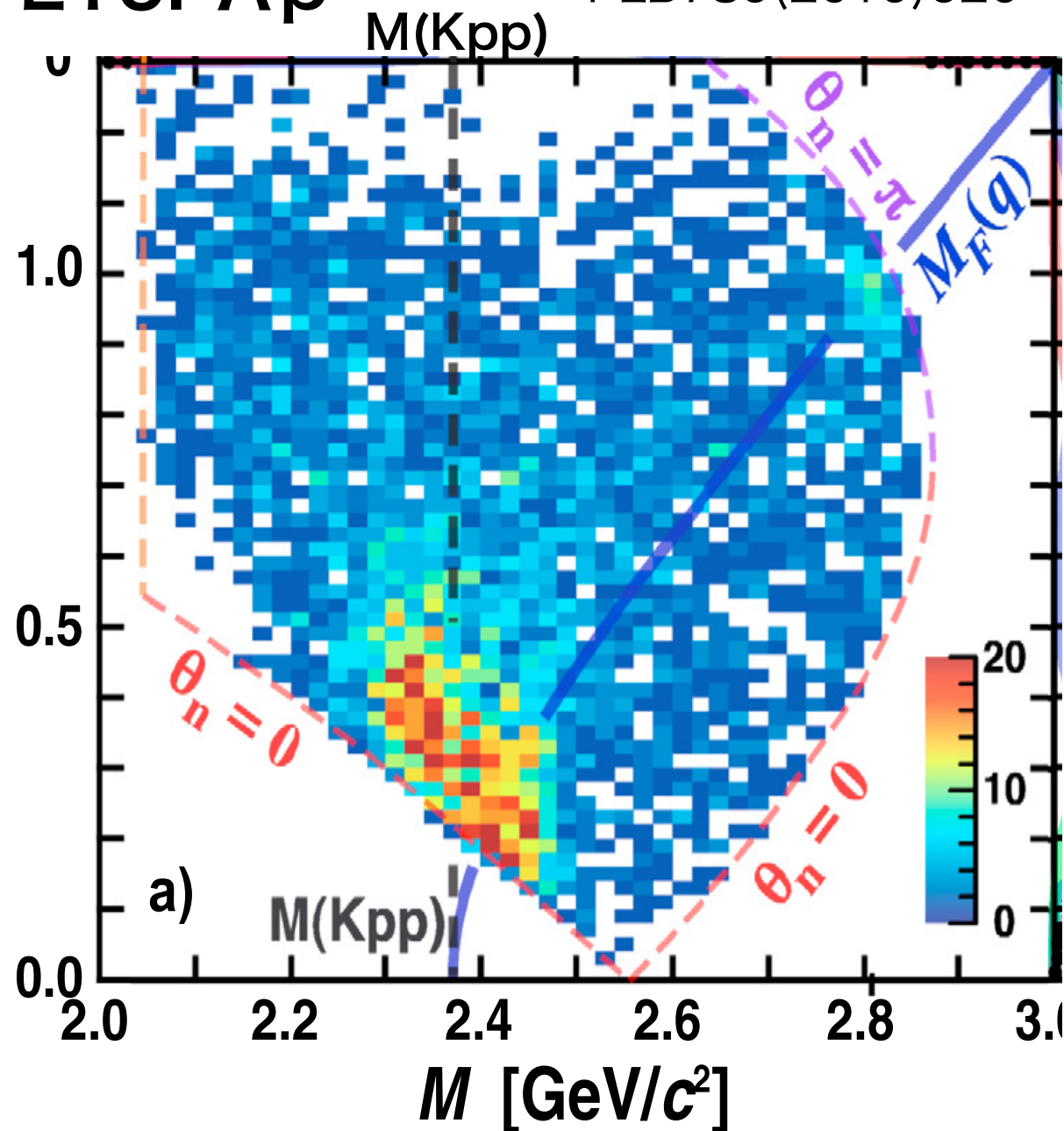


- Λ dn final states are identified with a good purity by considering kinematical & topological consistencies
- ~20% contamination from Σ^0 dn / Σ^- dp

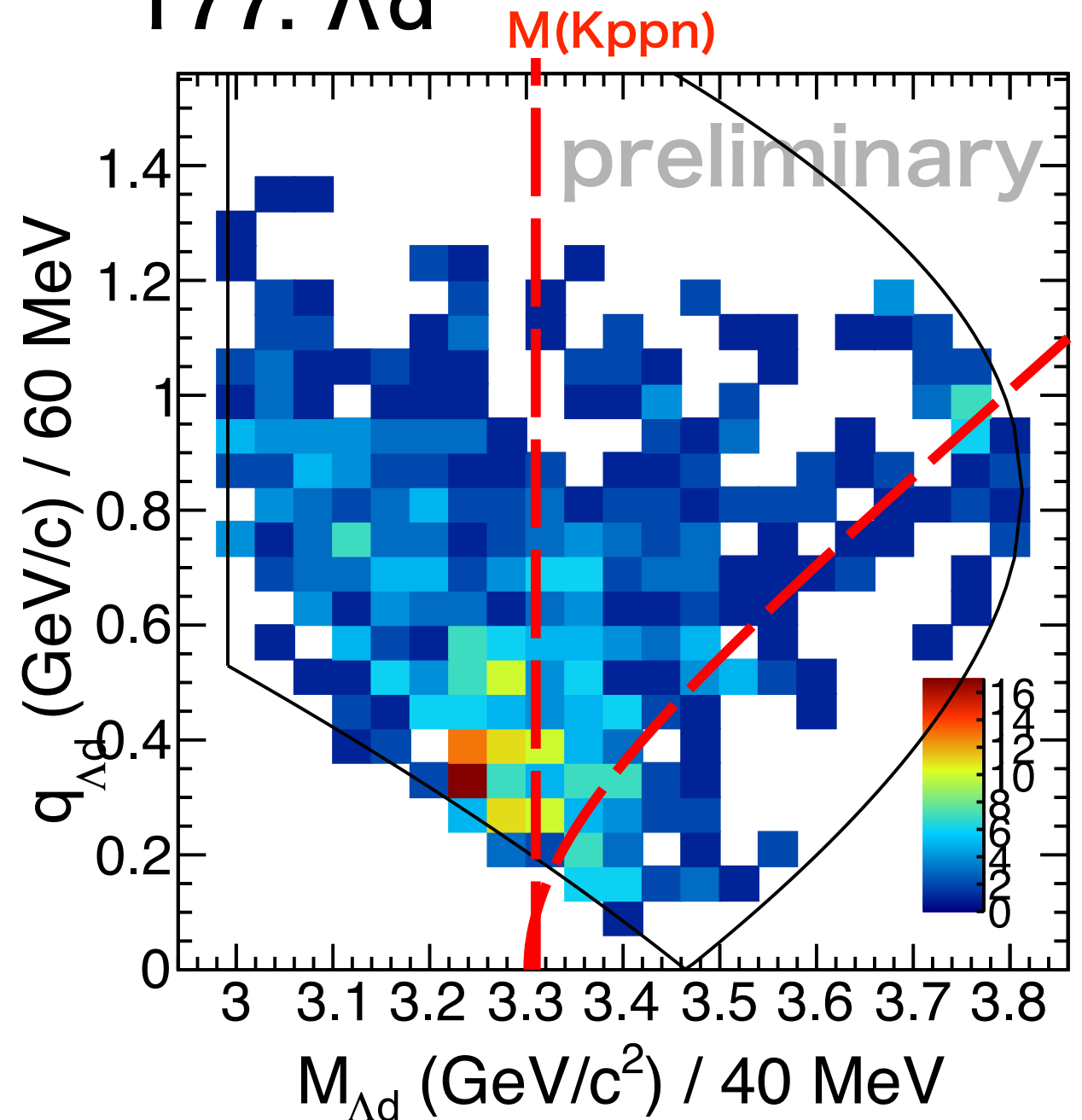
Preliminary result

before acceptance correction

E15: Λp PLB789(2019)620



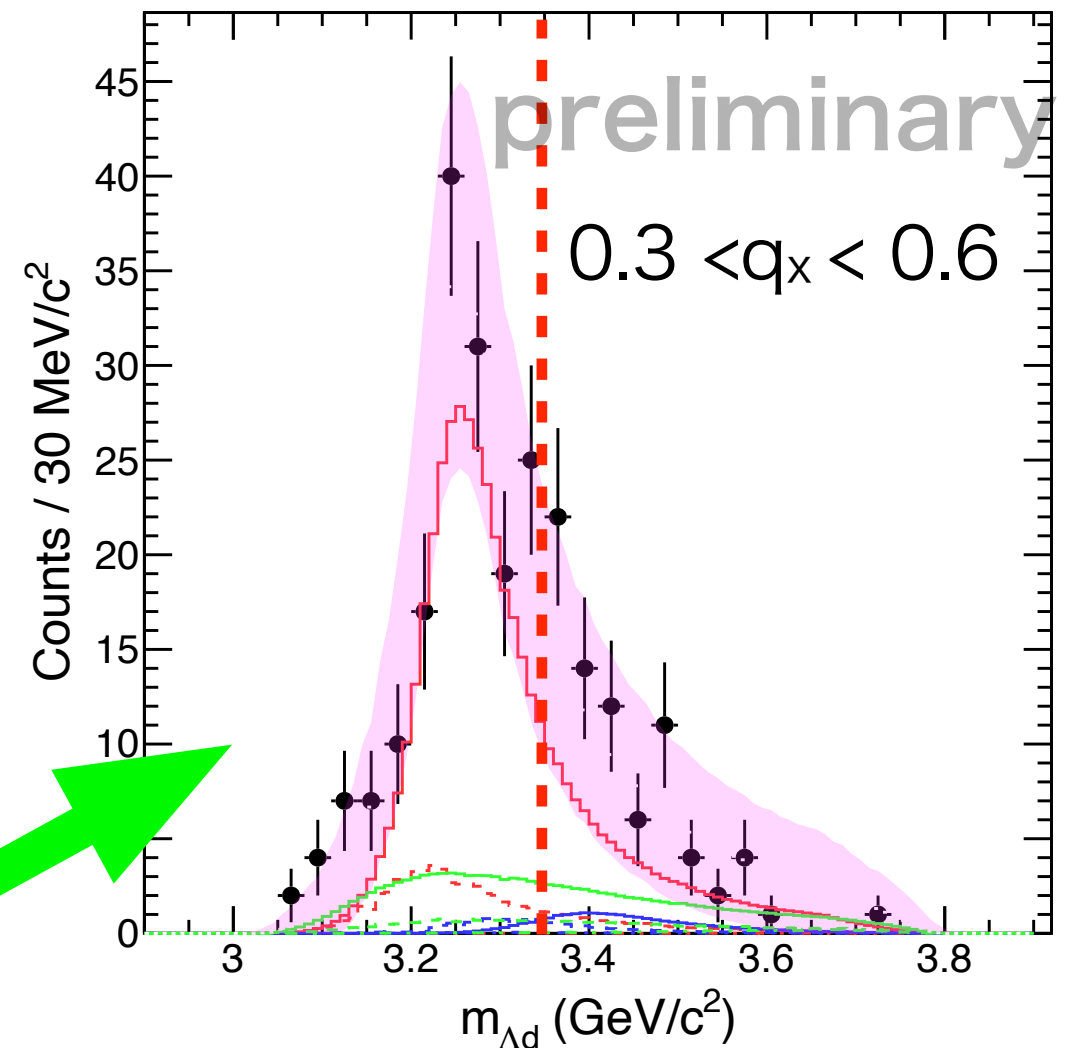
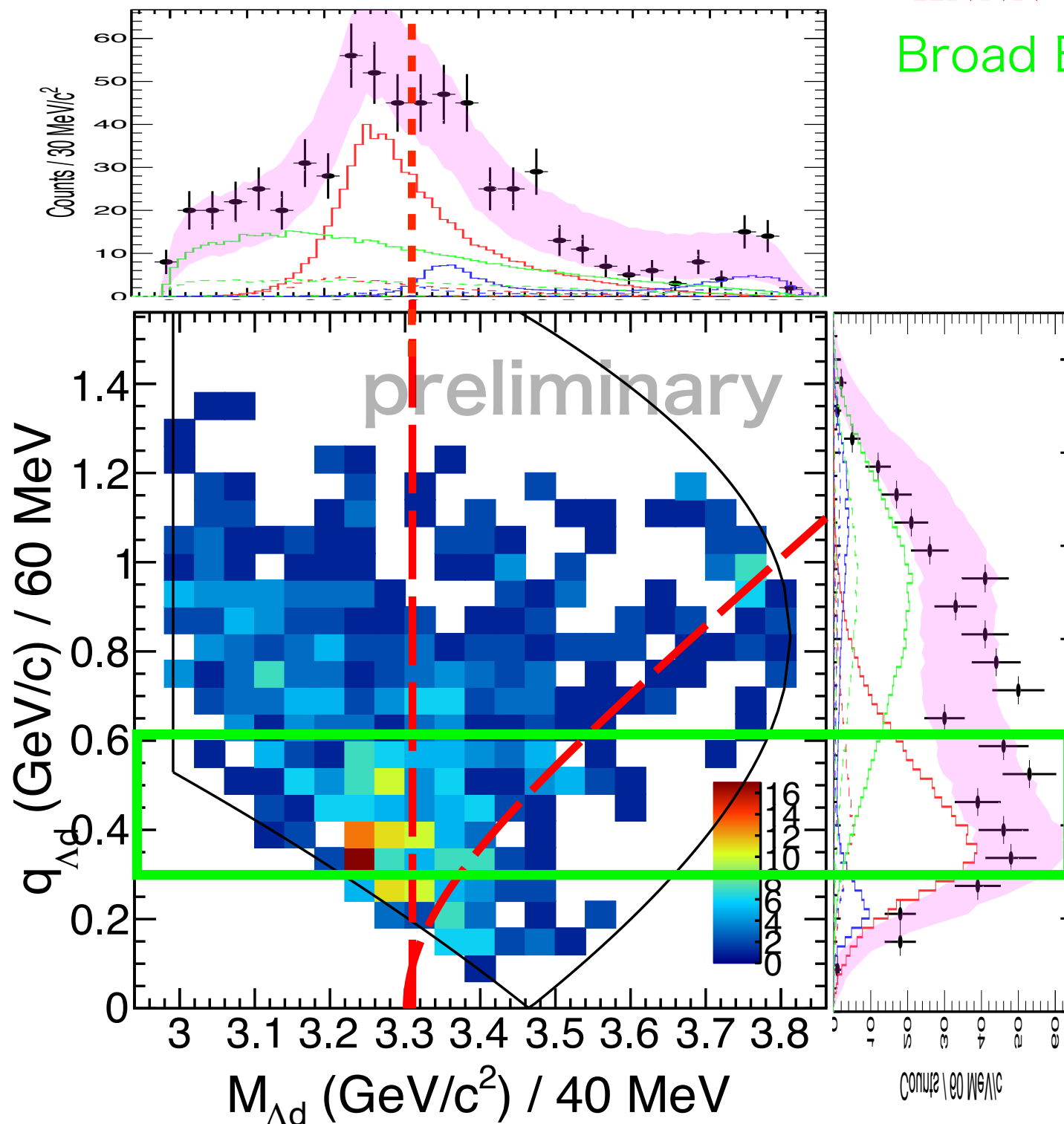
T77: Λd



- Two distributions are quite similar
- structure below the threshold, QF-K-, and broad background

Preliminary result

“ $\bar{K}NNN$ ” Breit-Wigner with Gaus. form factor
 Broad BG and QF-K-shape from E15



$$B_{\bar{K}NNN} = xx \pm 11(\text{stat}) \text{ MeV}$$

$$\Gamma_{\bar{K}NNN} \sim 100 \text{ MeV}$$

$$\sigma_{\bar{K}NNN \rightarrow \Lambda d} \sim 4 \mu\text{b}$$

cf. $B_{\bar{K}NN} = 42 \pm 3$ (stat) $^{+3}_{-4}$ (syst) MeV @ E15 PRC

- The binding energy of the “ $\bar{K}NNN$ ” system seems to be larger than “ $\bar{K}NN$ ”, although we expect a large systematic error 10~20 MeV.

$$B_{\bar{K}NNN} = xx \pm 11(\text{stat}) \text{ MeV} \quad \text{cf. } B_{\bar{K}NN} = 42 \pm 3 (\text{stat}) \begin{matrix} +3 \\ -4 \end{matrix} (\text{syst}) \text{ MeV}$$

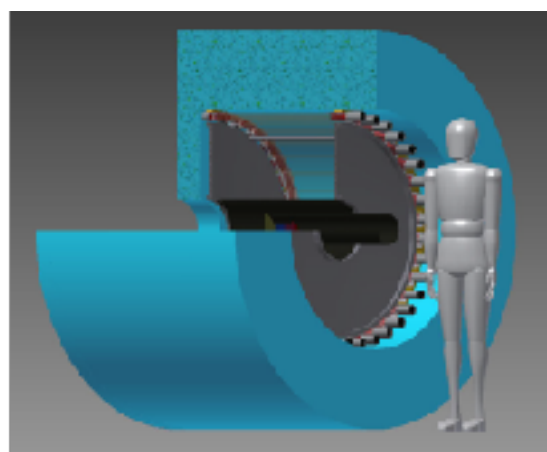
- The isospin of the observed state is uniquely assigned as $I = 0$ from the its decay to $\Lambda(I = 0) d(I = 0)$,
 $J^P = 1/2^-$ assuming all the constituents are in S-wave

$$\bar{K}NNN (I = 0, J^P = 1/2^-)$$

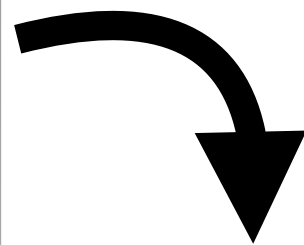
- $\Sigma^*NN (I = 0, J^P = 3/2^+)$ possibility still remains
 - Λ spin asymmetry against production-plane would be observed, because Σ^* would produced polarized and conserve its spin in decay.
 - Present data is not enough to judge the decay asymmetry

We would like to obtain more data with ^4He target

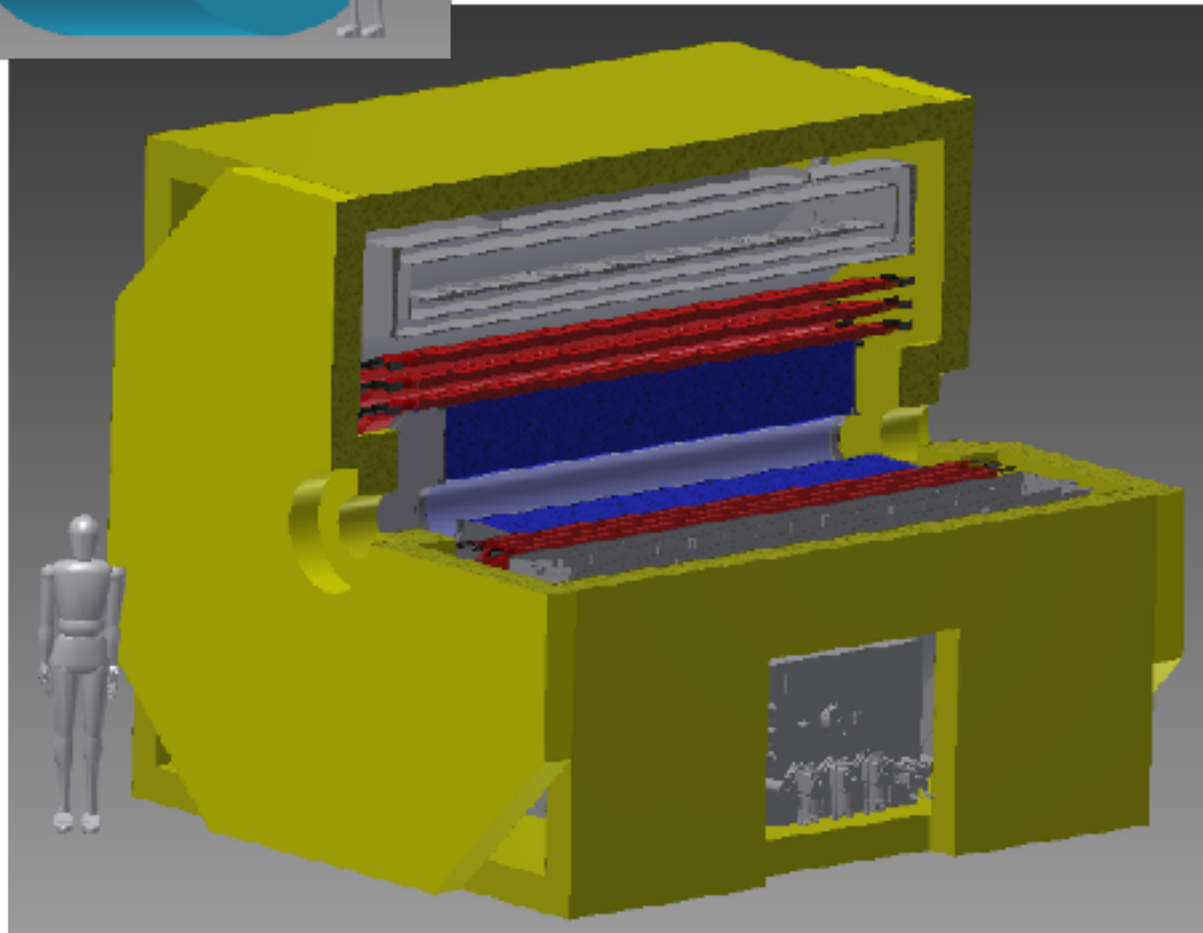
Future prospects



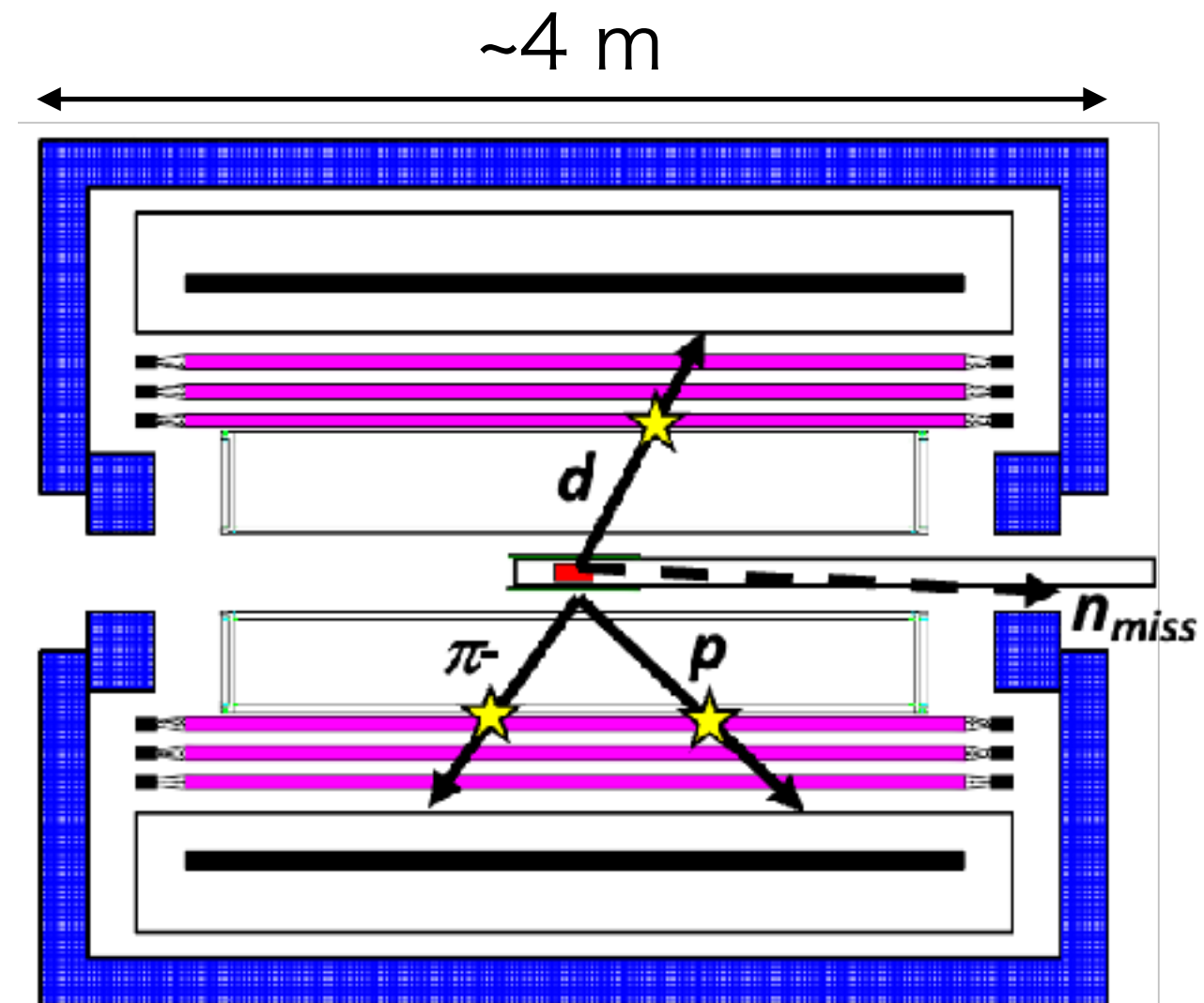
E15 CDS



new CDS



- Super-conducting solenoid
- x3 longer CDC: **solid angle 59%→93%**
- 3-layer barrel NC: **neutron efficiency 3%→15%**



- We have just started a construction to complete by the end of JFY2025
- We wish to perform first physics experiment in JFY2026 with ^4He target
 → Establish $\bar{K}NNN$ with a larger & higher quality data including $\bar{K}NNN \rightarrow \Lambda pn$ decay

Summary & Outlook

- We observed ${}^4\text{He}(\text{K}^-, \Lambda)\text{n}$ events as a by-product of J-PARC T77: (Lifetime measurement of hypernuclei. \rightarrow Y. Ma's talk, T. Akaishi's poster)
- The observed distribution is similar to that of Λp in E15, and would include signals of $\bar{K}NNN$.
 \rightarrow **First A-dependence data of Kaonic nuclei.**
- We are constructing new large solenoid spectrometer for further study of $\bar{K}NNN$ (J-PARC E80) and other kaonic nuclei \rightarrow T. Yamaga's talk
 - $\sim 4\pi$ acceptance & enhanced neutron detection capability
 - Start experiments \sim JFY2026
- We are also seeking the way to take more data with the present CDS in near future (J-PARC P92)

J-PARC E73/T77 collaboration

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Thank you for your attention!